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6 7	Attorneys for Defendants CITY OF LOS A ANGELES POLICE DEPARTMENT, WIL MERSEREAU, RICHARD TOMPKINS (e ENRIQUE CONRADO (erroneously sued a	ANGELES, a municipal corporation, LOS LLIAM BRATTON, MICHAEL erroneously sued as "R Tompkins") and	
8	ENRIQUE CONRADO (erroneously sued a	as "Detective Conrado")	
9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
10	CENTRAL DISTRI	ICT OF CALIFORNIA	
11	HELENE SZAJER, ZOLTAN SZAJER,	) CASE NO. CV07-07433 SVW (PLAx)	
12	Plaintiffs	) DEFENDANTS CITY OF LOS	
13	VS.	) ANGELES, ET AL.'S REPLY TO ) PLAINTIFFS' OPPOSITION TO	
14	CITY OF LOS ANGELES; LOS ANGELE	ES () MOTION TO DISMISS:	
15	POLICE DEPARTMENT, LOS ANGELES CHIEF OF POLICE WILLIAM BRATTON LOS ANGELES POLICE DETECTIVE	N, AUTHORITIES	
	MICHAEL MERSEREAU, LOS ANGELE		
16 17	POLICE DETECTIVE R. TOMPKINS, LO ANGELES POLICE DETECTIVE YADON	N, ) Date: April 7, 2008	
	CONRADO; and DOES 1 through 100,	) Time: 1:30 P.M. ) Courtroom: 6	
18	inclusive,	}	
19 20	Defendants.		
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## **MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES**

## Plaintiffs' Attempt to Seek Damages for an Alleged Policy of the LAPD to Put All Gun Stores out of Business Vis-a-vis its Use of Relying on Stale Information, Creating Fictitious Informants, Falsifying Information in Search Warrants, and Illegally Entering Businesses Is a Direct Attack on Their Underlying Convictions

Plaintiffs argue they are not attacking the validity of their convictions for violating
Penal Code section 12280(b). Nevertheless, they assert their damages were caused by
"certain Defendants acting pursuant to the joint policy of the City of Los Angeles and the
Los Angeles Police Department to put all gun stores in the City of Los Angeles out of
business by relying on stale information, creating fictitious informants, falsifying
information in search warrants, illegally entering the premises of gun stores and planting
evidence." (Opposition, 2:14-16).

In support of their argument, Plaintiffs cite to footnote 7 of <u>Heck v. Humphrey</u>, 512
U.S. 477 (1994) which recognized a factual scenario in which a section 1983 unreasonable
search claim could proceed and not challenge the validity of the underlying criminal
conviction. However, <u>Heck</u> distinguishes the viability of this type of search claim
"[b]ecause of doctrines like independent source and inevitable discovery" which would
permit the prosecution of the criminal charge, notwithstanding the legality of the actual
search.

21 In the present case, Plaintiffs' allegations are a direct attack on Plaintiffs' underlying conviction because the areas searched and the evidence seized were authorized 22 23 by warrant. (FAC, ¶ 20). Without the warrant, the officers would never have obtained the 24 evidence that became the basis for the criminal charges. Therefore, the doctrines of 25 inevitable discovery or independent source had no application and would not have aided 26 the prosecution of the criminal charges against Plaintiffs. If Plaintiffs successfully prove 27 the warrant contained stale information, the officers created fictitious informants, and/or 28 submitted falsified information to obtain the warrant, then all the evidence would be

illegally obtained under the fruit of the poisonous tree doctrine. Likewise, Plaintiffs'
 allegations that the officers illegally entered the premises directly attacks the validity of
 the search warrant for their business and residence. Finally, the claim the officers acted
 pursuant to a policy of planting evidence is a direct challenge to Plaintiffs' conviction for
 felony possession of an assault weapon. This allegation suggests their conviction was
 invalid because the assault weapons were planted in their stores.

If Plaintiffs claims were limited to challenging the alleged "illegal seizure of their
non-contraband property" Defendants would not need to file the present motion to
dismiss. However, Plaintiffs' purported claim not to challenge the validity of their felony
convictions for possession of assault weapons is directly attacked with allegations that
their damages were the result of the Los Angeles Police Department's policy of training
its officers to plant evidence, put false and stale evidence in their search warrant affidavits,
create fictitious informants, and enter premises illegally.

2. Conclusion

Based on the moving papers and the foregoing, Defendants request the Court to dismiss those claims that are a direct attack on Plaintiffs' underlying criminal convictions and limit this lawsuit to one for unreasonable search beyond the scope of the search warrant.

DATED: March 28, 2008

ROCKARD J. DELGADILLO, City Attorney MICHAEL L. CLAESSENS, Sr. Assist.City Attorney CORY M. BRENTE, Assistant City Attorney CRAIG J. MILLER, Deputy City Attorney

By: VENDY SHAPERO, Deputy City Attorney

Attorneys for Defendants CITY OF LOS ANGELES, a municipal corporation, et al.

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1 2	PROOF OF SERVICE BY MAIL (Business Practice to Entrust Deposit to Others) (C.C.P. Section 1013a(3))		
3	I, Ruth Parkhurst, declare as follows:		
4 5	I am over the age of 18 years, and not a party to this action. My business address is 200 North Main Street, 6th Floor, City Hall East, Los Angeles, California, which is located in the county where the mailing described below took place.		
6 7 8	collection and processing or correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service. Correspondence so collected and processed is deposited with the United States Postal Service that same day in the ordinary course of business.		
9	On March 28, 2008 at my place of business at 200 North Main Street, 6th Floor, City Hall East, Los Angeles, California, a copy of the attached		
10 11	DEFENDANTS CITY OF LOS ANGELES, ET AL.'S REPLY TO PLAINTIFFS' OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO DISMISS; MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES		
12 13	was placed for deposit in the United States Postal Service in a sealed envelope, with postage fully prepaid, addressed to:		
14 15 16	Franklin S. Adler, Esq. LAW OFFICES OF FRANKLIN S. ADLER, Esq. Beverly Hills Law Building 424 South Beverly Drive Beverly Hills, CA 90212-4414		
17	and that envelope was placed for collection and mailing on that date following ordinary business practices.		
18 19	$\underline{X}$ (Federal) I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the bar of this court at whose direction the service was made.		
20	(State) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.		
21	Executed March 28, 2008 at Los Angeles, California.		
22	Citta alternal		
23	Ruth Parkhurst		
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