| Clinton B. Monfort - SBN 255609<br>Sean A. Brady - SBN 262007<br>MICHEL & ASSOCIATES, P.C. |  |   |
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| Attorneys for Plaintiffs/Petitioners   | ·  |   |
| IN THE SUPERIOR COUR   | T OF THE ST  | ATE OF CALIFORNIA   |
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| COUNTY SHERIFF; HERB BAUER   | )  |   |
| AND PISTOL ASSOCIATION   | B. MONFOR  | T IN SUPPORT OF<br>S' MOTION FOR  |
| INC.; RTG SPORTING COLLECTIBLES,   |  | S FEES; EXHIBITS I – M  |
| Plaintiffs and Petitioners, vs.  | )<br>) Date:<br>) Time:<br>) Location:<br>) Judge:   | July 7, 2011<br>3:30 p.m.<br>Dept. 402<br>Hon. Jeffrey Y. Hamilton  |
|  | ) Action Filed:  | June 17, 2010   |
| Attorney General for the State of California;  | )<br>)   |   |
| THE CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE; and DOES 1-25,                                       | )<br>)   |   |
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| Defendants and Respondents.  | )<br>)   |   |
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|  | Sean A. Brady - SBN 262007 MICHEL & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 180 East Ocean Blvd., Suite 200 Long Beach, CA 90802 Telephone: (562) 216-4444 Fax: (562) 216-4445 Email: cmichel@michellawyers.com Attorneys for Plaintiffs/Petitioners  IN THE SUPERIOR COUR FOR THE C  SHERIFF CLAY PARKER, TEHAMA COUNTY SHERIFF; HERB BAUER SPORTING GOODS; CALIFORNIA RIFLE AND PISTOL ASSOCIATION FOUNDATION; ABLE'S SPORTING, INC.; RTG SPORTING COLLECTIBLES, LLC; AND STEVEN STONECIPHER,  Plaintiffs and Petitioners, vs.  THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA; KAMALA D. HARRIS, in her official capacity as Attorney General for the State of California; THE CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF | Clinton B. Monfort - SBN 255609 Sean A. Brady - SBN 262007 MICHEL & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 180 East Ocean Blvd., Suite 200 Long Beach, CA 90802 Telephone: (562) 216-4444 Fax: (562) 216-4445 Email: cmichel@michellawyers.com Attorneys for Plaintiffs/Petitioners  IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE ST.  FOR THE COUNTY OF F  SHERIFF CLAY PARKER, TEHAMA COUNTY SHERIFF; HERB BAUER SPORTING GOODS: CALIFORNIA RIFLE) SPORTING GOODS: CALIFORNIA RIFLE) DECLARAT AND PISTOL ASSOCIATION FOUNDATION; ABLE'S SPORTING, INC.; RTG SPORTING COLLECTIBLES, LLC; AND STEVEN STONECIPHER,  Plaintiffs and Petitioners,  Plaintiffs and Petitioners,  Vs.  Date: Plaintiffs and Petitioners,  Vs.  Judge: Action Filed: THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA; KAMALA) D. HARRIS, in her official capacity as Attorney General for the State of California; THE CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE; and DOES 1-25, |

I, Clinton B. Monfort, declare as follows:

1. I am an attorney licensed to practice law before the courts of the State of California. I am also licensed to practice before the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals and the United States District Courts for the Central, Southern, Eastern and Northern Districts of California. I am an attorney at the law firm Michel & Associates, P.C., attorneys of record for Plaintiffs in this action. I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth herein and, if called and sworn as a witness, could and would testify competently thereto.

# Plaintiffs' Counsel's Experience

- 2. I began my post-graduate legal career as a contract clerk for the Law Offices of J.R. Givens in 2006, following my graduation from California Western School of Law in 2005 where I was awarded the Dean's Merit Scholarship. During my studies at California Western School of Law, I organized the First Annual Southern California Intellectual Property Conference and served as law clerk for the Space and Naval Warfare Systems Center in San Diego where I participated in multimillion dollar military weapons and technology contract litigation. In 2003, I was selected as a finalist in California Western's Oral Appellate Advocacy Competition,
- 3. I began my full-time legal career in January of 2007 as a law clerk for Trutanich-Michel, LLP (now Michel and Associates, P.C.). As a full time law clerk at Trutanich-Michel, LLP, I became heavily involved in the firm's firearm and civil rights practice, assisting in analyzing and drafting legislation, drafting legal memoranda and pleadings, and providing assistance in various phases of both trial and appellate proceedings. In 2008 I became an associate attorney for Trutanich-Michel, LLP, which became Michel and Associates, P.C. in 2009.
- 4. Our firm's main practice areas are firearms law and civil rights litigation, making our firm uniquely qualified to handle this action, insofar as the firm has considerable experience litigating civil rights cases and constitutional issues in the context of firearms and ammunition. For example, our firm represents numerous firearms and ammunition retailers and manufacturers, and regularly represents the interests of these businesses and firearm owners in state and federal litigation, and in both civil and criminal actions.

 5. My experience includes civil litigation defense efforts on behalf of firearm retailers, prosecution of civil actions on behalf of individuals and firearms-related businesses and organizations against state and municipal governments, analysis of proposed municipal and statewide legislation, drafting proposed state and municipal legislation, and multiple speaking appearances at governmental proceedings on behalf organizations whose goals include protecting the constitutional rights of United States citizens to keep and bear arms.

- 6. I have significant and varied experience handling all aspects of civil rights litigation, having litigated multiple cases from initial case preparation through final judgment, and having drafted both appellant/appellee and amicus appellate briefs. My experience includes litigation assistance in a constitutional due process vagueness challenge to California's Assault Weapons Control Act, and preparing and filing one of several high-profile cases aimed at securing a ruling that the Second Amendment is incorporated via the 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment to apply to both state and municipal government actors, in the wake of the landmark Supreme Court decision, *Heller v. District of Columbia* ultimately achieving a favorable settlement in that litigation. I am currently litigating multiple civil rights cases of constitutional importance that may determine the applicable constitutional standard of review for various alleged Second Amendment infringments.
- 7. As a result of my accomplishments in the field of civil rights litigation and firearms law, and due to my contributions to Michel and Associates, P.C.'s firearms and civil rights practice, I currently serve as case manager for the firm's firearm and civil rights litigation team.
- 8. My main area of practice is civil litigation and business compliance counseling, with an emphasis in firearms law and civil rights litigation. My \$ 325 hourly rate is well within the hourly rates charged by specialized firearms and civil rights law firms for attorneys of similar skill, experience, and expertise.

#### **Authentication of Exhibits**

9. Attached as Exhibit I is a true and correct copy of Michel & Associates, P.C.,'s 2011 hourly rate schedule. These rates are consistent with the rates charged by comparable attorneys in the Southern California area. In fact, they are lower than the rates charged at many Southern California

10. Attached as Exhibit J, is a chart reflecting the total hours billed, broken down by billing professional and project reference. The chart also indicates the title and billing rate of each professional, the total number of hours billed, and the total fees billed. Exhibit J is a true and correct compendium of the hours billed as reflected in the extensive daily time records kept by Plaintiffs' counsel over the course of the litigation.

- 11. Attached as Exhibit K is a true and correct copy of the California State Bar Attorney Profile of Defendants' attorney, Peter A. Krause, printed from the Bar's website on or about May 12, 2011.
- 12. Attached as Exhibit L is a true and correct copy of the California State Bar Attorney Profile of Defendants' attorney, Zackery Morazzini, printed from the Bar's website on or about May 12, 2011.
- 13. Attached as Exhibit M is a true and correct copy of the California State Bar Attorney Profile of DOJ attorney Kimberly Graham printed from the Bar's website on or about May 12, 2011.

# Factual and Procedural History of the Case

- 14. Assembly Bill 962 (2009), which implemented California Penal Code Sections 12060, 12061, and 12318 (the "Challenged Provisions"), was signed into law by Governor Arnold Schwarzennegger in or about October of 2009. The Challenged Provisions required that "handgun ammunition" be stored out of the reach of customers, required registration of "handgun ammunition" sales, and essentially prohibited internet and mail order sales of "handgun ammunition." Subsequent to Assembly Bill 962's passage, several clients of Michel and Associates, P.C. inquired about the details of the Challenged Provisions. including inquiries as to how best comply with the new laws, which created substantial confusion among both retailers and consumers. These inquiries came from individuals, ammunition retailers and shippers, and second amendment civil rights organizations, including Plaintiffs in this litigation.
- 15. In or about December of 2009, our office recognized the vagueness problems inherent in the Challenged Provisions. Upon reviewing and analyzing the Challenged Provisions on behalf of

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our clients, including Plaintiffs, it became apparent that the Challenged Provisions fail to provide notice as to what ammunition is regulated as "handgun ammunition" because it is impossible to determine whether ammunition is "principally for use in" or used more often in, a handgun as opposed to a rifle.

- 16. In or about January of 2010, our office advised our client, including Plaintiff the California Rifle and Pistol Association Foundation ("CRPA Foundation"), that the Challenged Provisions failed to provide adequate notice of what conduct is proscribed by law, such that the Challenged Provisions were likely unconstitutionally vague in violation of Due Process. Upon learning this, our clients requested our firm thoroughly research the issue and draft a comprehensive memorandum analyzing this issue and all other possible theories under which the Challenged Provisions may be unconstitutional. Our office spent the next few months thoroughly researching, analyzing, and evaluating the impacts that the Second Amendment, the Commerce Clause, and the Due Process Clause each have on the constitutionality of the challenged provisions. Our office drafted comprehensive memoranda addressing these issues, and advised our clients of the merits of these claims.
- 17. In or about February of 2010, our clients, the CRPA Foundation, elected to prepare and file a lawsuit seeking to invalidate and enjoin the Challenged Provisions on Due Process grounds, and to contact its members to determine who was interested in participating in the suit.
- 18. Between approximately the months of February 2010 and May of 2010, our office responded to inquiries from individuals and businesses interested in joining the CRPA Foundation as plaintiffs in this litigation. Our office conducted interviews, responded to CRPA and NRA member inquiries, continued to research and evaluate the many issues underlying Plaintiffs' due process vagueness challenge, and discussed these issues with firearms and ammunition experts. Ultimately, our office coordinated the lawsuit on behalf of each of the Plaintiffs and researched and drafted Plaintiffs' Complaint for Injunctive and Declaratory Relief.
- 19. On or about June 17, 2010, Plaintiffs', through our office as attorneys of record, filed their Complaint for Injunctive and Declaratory Relief.
  - 20. In or about July of 2010, counsel for Defendants contacted our office and requested a

30 day extension to file a responsive pleading. Out of professional courtesy, Plaintiffs granted the extension request.

- 21. In or about August 2010, upon learning that Defendants would likely forego any preliminary motions such as a Demurrer and file an Answer to Plaintiffs' Complaint, our office suggested the parties move forward with cross-motions for summary judgment, believing that the pertinent issue in this case was largely a question of law.
  - 22. On or about August 4, 2010, Defendants filed an answer to Plaintiffs' Complaint.
- 23. In or about August 2010, Defendants' counsel informed our office that Defendants would not stipulate to any shortened briefing schedule for cross-motions for summary judgment. Defendants counsel also informed our office that Defendants would not be able to proceed with a motion addressing plaintiffs' claims on the merits, because they would need to conduct depositions first. Defendants' counsel also suggested that Defendants may attempt to moot Plaintiffs' claims by amending Assembly Bill 2358 (2010) to include a list of regulated ammunition prior to the close of the 2010 legislative session.
- 24. In or about August of 2010, our office informed Defendants' counsel that Plaintiffs would likely proceed with a Motion for Preliminary Injunction due to the pending effective date of the majority of the Challenged Provisions, and because Plaintiffs Able's Ammunition, Inc.'s and RTG Sporting Collectibles, LLC's business operation decisions (with respect to inventory orders and computer programming changes) in the months prior to the effective date of the Challenged Provisions hinged on the resolution of Plaintiffs' vagueness challenge. At or about this time, Defendants' counsel, Peter Krause, informed Plaintiffs of his pending vacation plans from the end of August through Labor Day of 2010, and out of professional courtesy, Plaintiffs agreed not to file any motions during times which would impact Mr. Krauses's vacation.
- 25. On or about August 24, 2010, the author of the Challenged Provisions and Assembly Bill 2358, Senator Kevin de León, amended Assembly Bill 2358 to alter the definition of handgun ammunition applicable to the Challenged Provisions. Assembly Bill 2358 was subsequently amended to include a revised list of ammunition that would be deemed handgun ammunition under the Challenged Provisions.

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- 26. Between approximately August 18, 2010 and August 31, 2010, our office reviewed, analyzed and tracked assembly Bill 2358 to determine the potential impacts passage of this legislation would have on Plaintiffs' legal challenge in this case. During this time our office provided analytical support for Plaintiffs and conferred on multiple occasions with Plaintiffs' expert witness, Steven Helsley.
- 27. On or about August 31, 2010, Assembly Bill 2358 died on the Senate Floor, thus failing to pass.
- 28. Plaintiffs' counsel reasonably anticipated that any Motion for Summary Judgment filed by Plaintiffs would likely face delays from Defendants, such that Plaintiffs' claims would not be resolved on the merits at any significant time prior to the Challenged Provisions' effective date, or even by the February 1 effective date itself. Plaintiffs' counsel based this conclusion on the extensions and continuances requested by Defendants up to that point, Defendants' refusal to proceed with a shortened briefing schedule for cross-motions for summary judgment, Defendants' statements that depositions of Plaintiffs and/or their witnesses would be required, and the fact that Defendants had not noticed any depositions to that point - despite Plaintiffs' repeated offers to make potential declarants available for deposition (Plaintiffs' provided Defendants' counsel with draft declarations of their experts prior to filing any motions in an attempt to expeditiously and efficiently litigate Plaintiffs claims).
- 29. Plaintiffs' counsel further reasonably anticipated that litigation of Plaintiffs' claims on the merits would face delays in light of Defendants' efforts to work with Assemblyman de León to amend Assembly Bill 2358, which inevitably resulted in delay to Plaintiffs' claims, and Defendants' decision to decline Plaintiffs' subsequent request to move forward with shortened briefing schedules for cross-motions for summary judgment following the failure of Assembly Bill 2358.
- 30. Finally, Plaintiffs' counsel reasonably anticipated that, even if Plaintiffs' claims could be heard prior to the February 1, 2011 effective date of the majority of the Challenged Provisions, the Court might take Plaintiffs' claims under submission for an indefinite and potentially lengthy period of time given the magnitude of the issues at stake in this litigation and the extraordinary relief sought, i.e., the repeal of three statewide controversial ammunition statutes.

- 31. For each of the reasons set forth in the preceding paragraphs, because Plaintiffs' filing of a preliminary injunction motion afforded Plaintiffs the opportunity to receive valuable input from the Court regarding issues in this litigation, and because Plaintiffs instructed our office to proceed accordingly, Plaintiffs filed their Motion for Preliminary Injunction and supporting documents on September 7, 2010, following Defendants' counsel's return from vacation. Plaintiffs' counsel consulted with outside counsel who concurred with Plaintiffs' litigation strategy at this juncture.
- 32. On or about September 9, 2010, Defendants moved the Court for a continuance of Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction, and the parties engaged in dialogue with the Court's assistance to negotiate a briefing schedule and hearing date. Defendants filed their Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction on or about September 30, 2010, and Plaintiffs' Reply brief was filed on or about October 7, 2010. Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction was eventually rescheduled for hearing on November 18, 2010, pursuant to the Court's own motion.
- 33. On or about October 7, 2010, Plaintiffs propounded written discovery on Defendants, seeking responses to several form interrogatories, specially prepared interrogatories, requests for admission, and requests for production of documents. Defendants were expected to respond to those requests on or before November 11, 2010, but Defendants requested an extension of time to respond. Plaintiffs granted Defendants' request out of professional courtesy.
- 34. On approximately October 19, 2010, our office began outlining, researching, and drafting Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment. Plaintiffs' analysis, research, and argument necessarily and reasonably focused on defenses raised in Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction regarding Plaintiffs' likelihood of success on the merits.
- 35. On or about November 18, 2010, at the hearing on Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction, the Court instructed the parties that the Court had concerns with evidence of irreparable injury that would be suffered by Plaintiffs. The Court and the parties ultimately agreed that any potential irreparable harm could be avoided by moving forward with a shortened briefing schedule on Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment, which would also serve as a trial by brief to the extent the Court determined any triable issues of fact remained at that time.
  - 36. The Court then assisted the parties in negotiating an expedited briefing schedule

whereby Plaintiffs and Defendants would submit briefing on an expedited schedule, and complete any necessary depositions of witnesses by approximately mid-December. With the Court's input at hearing, Defendants agreed to a shortened briefing schedule on Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment. Subsequent to the hearing, Defendants began noticing depositions for the first time in the prior five-month span during which Plaintiffs began requesting the parties move forward with crossmotions for summary judgment and any necessary depositions.

- 37. In light of the Courts' concerns and input, and Plaintiffs' ability to secure a ruling on the merits prior to February 1, 2010, Plaintiffs' withdrew their Motion for Preliminary Injunction.
- 38. On or about November 23, 2010, Defendants responded to Plaintiffs' written discovery. Defendants' written discovery requests were verified by Defendants' expert witness, Blake Graham, wherein Defendants' asserted for the first time during the litigation that there was a "common understanding" that the Challenged Provisions apply to nine calibers of ammunition (which includes hundreds of different cartridges). Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction did not assert a "common understanding" defense to counter Plaintiffs' facial vagueness challenge.
- 39. Upon learning of Defendants' assertions that there was a "common understanding" as to which ammunition the Challenged Provisions regulate, Plaintiffs reasonably and necessarily conducted additional research and analysis, and examined new arguments and issues based on this newly asserted defense in continuing to prepare Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment or in the Alternative for Summary Adjudication / Trial. For example, Plaintiffs undertook extensive research and engaged Plaintiffs' expert witness to determine the uses of the extensive varieties of ammunition falling within each caliber class identified by Defendants as handgun ammunition. Plaintiffs' counsel further researched the propriety of the mechanisms by which Defendants' expert determined that the identified calibers were "handgun ammunition" under the Challenged Provisions. As well, our office conducted substantial legal research regarding the propriety of a "common understanding" defense to due process challenges in similar contexts.
- 40. Upon reviewing Defendants' written discovery requests, Plaintiffs' counsel immediately began preparing to take the Deposition of Defendants' Expert Witness, Blake Graham.

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the Challenged Provisions alerted Plaintiffs' counsel to numerous issues further evidencing the vagueness of the Challenged Provisions and the confusion surrounding their application. 41. Plaintiffs subsequently noticed the deposition of Blake Graham for December 1, 2010.

Defendants' new and surprising testimony concerning the definition of "handgun ammunition" under

- 42. On or about December 1 and 2, 2010 our office took the deposition of Defendants' Expert Witness, Blake Graham, telephonically. I attended the deposition along with Joshua R. Dale and Sean A. Brady of Michel and Associates, P.C. I deposed Mr. Graham on December 1, 2010, and Mr. Dale continued the deposition on December 2, 2010.
- 43. Immediately upon concluding Mr. Graham's deposition, wherein Mr. Graham provided further new and surprising testimony, Plaintiffs' counsel immediately reviewed Mr. Graham's testimony to analyze and address further issues evidencing the vagueness of the Challenged Provisions. For example, Defendants, via Mr. Graham's testimony, asserted for the first time during the course of the litigation, that out of thousands of varieties of ammunition, the Challenged Provisions apply to just sixteen of them. Plaintiffs' counsel analyzed and researched the propriety of Defendants' position, and consulted with Plaintiffs' expert witness to adequately address Defendants' varying defenses and the most recent interpretation of the definition of "handgun ammunition" which Plaintiff" learned of just days before Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment was required to be filed.
- 44. On or about December 7, 2010, Plaintiffs filed their Motion for Summary Judgment or in the Alternative for Summary Adjudication / Trial Brief and all supporting documents, and subsequently lodged relevant deposition transcripts in support thereof. Included in support of Plaintiffs' Motion were exhibits submitted for the purpose of educating the Court regarding the technical underlying subject matter of this litigation, and in support of the Declaration of Stephen Helsley, which addressed the testimony provided by Defendants' expert witness and which, taken together, support Plaintiffs' vagueness allegations. Plaintiffs believe their efforts to provide the court with underlying factual background was reasonable and justified given the technical subject matter of this litigation, notwithstanding the fact that Plaintiffs' counsel anticipated the underlying issues in this case were largely legal questions. Plaintiffs' counsel consulted with outside counsel who concurred with Plaintiffs' litigation strategy on this issue.

- 45. Between approximately December 7, 2010 and December 22, 2010, Defendants noticed and took the depositions of Plaintiffs' Expert Witness Steven Helsley, as well as Plaintiffs Stephen Stonecipher, Barry Bauer, Bauer Sporting Goods' Person Most Knowledgeable, and Sheriff Clay Parker.
- 46. On or about January 3, 2011, Defendants' filed their Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment / Trial Brief and supporting documents, and subsequently lodged relevant deposition transcripts in support thereof.
- 47. On or about January 3, 2011, Defendants filed their objections to Plaintiffs' Evidence submitted in support of Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment / Trial Brief.
- 48. On or about January 7, 2011, Plaintiffs filed their Reply to Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment / Trial Brief and all supporting documents, and subsequently lodged relevant deposition transcripts in support thereof for those depositions which took place after Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment or in the Alternative for Summary Adjudication / Trial Brief was filed.
- 49. On or about January 7, 2011, Plaintiffs filed their objections to Defendants' Evidence submitted in support of Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment / Trial Brief.
- 50. On or about January 18, 2011, Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment was heard, wherein the Court issued a ruling from the bench denying Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment, Denying Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Adjudication as to the Second and Third Causes of Action, but granting Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Adjudication as to the First Cause of Action (Facial Vagueness). The court instructed the parties to file a Proposed Order of Permanent Injunction prohibiting enforcement of the Challenged Provisions.
- 51. Between January 18 and 20, 2011, our office worked with Defendants' counsel to draft a mutually agreeable Proposed Order of Permanent Injunction prohibiting Defendants from implementing, enforcing, or otherwise giving effect to the Challenged Provisions. Plaintiffs filed the Proposed Order on or about January 20, 2011. On or about January 21, 2011, the Court signed and filed the Order of Permanent Injunction.

- 52. On January 31, 2011, the Court issued its written Order Denying Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment and Granting in Part and Denying in Part Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Adjudication.
- 53. Between February 10 and 22, 2011, our office worked with Defendants' counsel to draft a mutually agreeable Proposed Judgment. Plaintiffs filed the Proposed Judgment, signed by the attorneys for both parties, on or about February 22, 2011. On or about February 23, 2011, judgment as to the first cause of action was entered in Plaintiffs' favor.
  - 54. On or about March 2, 2011, Plaintiffs served the Notice of Entry of Judgment.
- 55. On or about March 11, 2011, Plaintiffs filed their Memorandum of Costs, seeking reimbursement for filing fees, deposition costs, service of process, court reporter fees, and travel expenses related to the hearings on Plaintiffs' motions.
- 56. Throughout March and April, 2011, the attorneys for both parties attempted to negotiate an agreement whereby Defendants would waive their right to appeal in turn for Plaintiffs' acceptance of limited attorneys fees. The parties were ultimately unable to reach a settlement on this and Plaintiffs' counsel continued working on their motion for a full award of attorneys fees.
- 57. On or about April 1, 2011, Defendants filed a Motion to Tax Costs and supporting documents. On or about April 20, 2011, Plaintiffs filed their Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Tax Costs and all supporting documents, including the declarations of Clinton B. Monfort and C.D. Michel. On or about April 26, 2011, Defendants filed their Reply to Plaintiffs' Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Tax Costs.
- 58. On or about April 28, 2011, Defendants filed a Notice of Appeal to the Fifth District Court of Appeal.

# Reasonableness of Time Spent and Fees Requested

59. Plaintiffs' fee claim is based on sworn declarations that describe every activity for which compensation is claimed. These limited activities for which recovery is sought reflect considerable "billing judgment." Our office has reviewed the time records and made substantial reductions (or "no charged") for: (1) work that appeared duplicative or excessive (e.x. travel and appearance fees for Sean A. Brady to attend depositions); (2) secretarial work and mixed

secretarial/paralegal work, regardless of who performed it; (3) lobbying and public relations activity related to the case and its subject matter; and (4) entries that were vague or unclear as to the task performed. In short, I approached the task as if I were preparing a bill for a paying client, recognizing that in this case the paying client is ultimately the taxpayer. Ultimately, our office does not seek attorneys fees for 626.2 hours expended by the four attorneys, one law clerk, and one paralegal, totaling approximately \$114,019.00.

- 60. Plaintiffs' attorneys effectively and efficiently litigated Plaintiffs' claims, while also appropriately ensuring all tasks were thoroughly performed, as should be the case in litigation of such constitutional importance. As the person most familiar with the case and issues, I handled the bulk of the legal research and writing, and made court appearances with C. D. Michel and Sean A. Brady. Plaintiffs' attorney representation at hearing and deposition was reasonably given the magnitude of this litigation, and given that Defendants' sent three very experienced Department of Justice attorneys to Plaintiffs's Motion for Preliminary Injunction hearing, and two, along with Defendant's expert witness to Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment or in the Alternative Summary Adjudication /Trial hearing.
- 61. I was assisted significantly in this case by Sean A. Brady, a firearms law attorney and civil rights litigator. Mr. Brady's qualifications and significance to the representation in this case are set forth in the Declaration of Sean A. Brady filed concurrently herewith, as well as in the descriptions of the tasks performed by Mr. Brady in support of Plaintiffs' Motions for Preliminary Injunction and Summary Judgment. Mr. Brady's \$250 hourly rate is well within the hourly rates charged by highly specialized firms for attorneys of similar skill, experience, and expertise.
- I was also assisted during depositions and in preparing Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment by Joshua R. Dale. Mr. Dale's extensive civil litigation and discovery experience, as well as his availability as an extra hand on deck, was invaluable. This is particularly true in light of the shortened briefing schedule negotiated by the parties with the Court's guidance. Mr. Dales' qualifications, experience and importance to this litigation are set forth in the Declaration of Joshua R. Dale filed concurrently herewith. Mr. Dale's \$375 hourly rate is well within the hourly rates charged by specialized firms for attorneys of similar skill, experience, and expertise, particularly in light of Mr.

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Dale's contributions to this case during depositions, and given that Mr. Dale has taken and/or defended hundreds of depositions to date.

- 63. I was also assisted extensively throughout this litigation by my law clerk, Anna Barvir. Ms. Barvir is an exceptionally talented researcher, writer, and editor. In 2005, she graduated summa cum laude from College of Notre Dame of Maryland. In 2009, Ms. Barvir graduated magna cum laude from Whittier Law School, where she earned the Dean's Citation Award for Outstanding Leadership and Service to the Law School Community and served as Executive Editor to the Whittier Law Review. Ms. Barvir also received a Certificate in Legal Research and Writing. While in law school, Ms. Barvir authored When Hysteria and Good Intentions Collide: Constitutional Considerations of California's Sexual Predator Punishment and Control Act, 29 Whittier L. Rev. 679 (2008). Her article has thrice been cited by the California Court of Appeal. Prior to joining Michel & Associates, P.C., Ms. Barvir served as an extern to the Honorable Judge William M. Monroe of the Orange County Superior Court, where she routinely drafted rulings on various evidentiary motions. Since July 2010, Ms. Barvir has worked as a law clerk for Michel & Associates, P.C., where her primary focus has been firearms-related litigation and regulatory matters and constitutional law. She is a member of the California State Bar, and has been licensed to practice law since January 2010. Ms. Barvir's rate of \$100 hourly is well within the hourly rates charged by specialized firms for post-graduate, licensed attorney/law clerks of similar experience, skill and expertise.
- 64. Finally, I was assisted by my paralegal, Claudia Ayala, who has over nine years of experience as a legal secretary and paralegal. Ms. Ayala's rate of \$85 hourly is well within the rates charged by firms for paralegals of similar skill and experience.

# Breakdown of Time Spent and Description of Tasks Performed

65. For the Courts' convenience, Plaintiffs' Counsel's time incurred preparing and litigating this case has been broken down into six categories, and has been further broken down by the number of hours billed by each attorney, law clerk, and paralegal for whom fee recovery is sought. Detailed descriptions are provided below, describing the tasks performed for each category of time spent, and for each individual who billed time during that phase of the litigation. In the interests of efficiency and judicial economy, and because submission of a detailed declaration attesting to the work

product privileges.

# Preliminary Research, Case Preparation, and Complaint:

- 66. Our office spent approximately 153.6 hours in pre-litigation research, analysis, and preparation efforts prior to filing Plaintiffs' Complaint for Injunctive and Declaratory Relief. (See Ex. J.)
- 67. Of these hours, my paralegal, Claudia Ayala, billed approximately 1.8 hours preparing and formatting documents for filing, coordinating communications with Plaintiffs, and filing Plaintiff's Complaint and supporting exhibits.
- 68. I billed approximately 70.4 hours during this pre-litigation phase, conducting legal research and drafting memoranda regarding all possible theories addressing the unconstitutionality of the Challenged Provisions, drafting and revising the Complaint, communicating with Plaintiffs and potential plaintiffs regarding participation in this litigation, and engaging in litigation strategy discussions with Sean A. Brady, C. D. Michel, outside counsel, and firearms and ammunition experts. My research included determining the strength and merits of Plaintiffs' Constitutional Due Process Vagueness challenges, both facial and as applied, the merits of seeking the requested injunctive and/or writ relief sought by my clients to prevent enforcement of the Challenged Provisions, and research and analysis regarding jurisdictional and venue issues.
- 69. Sean A. Brady billed approximately 68.1 hours during this pre-litigation phase, during which time Mr. Brady conducted legal research and helped draft and review memoranda addressing all possible theories regarding the unconstitutionality of the Challenged Provisions, helped draft and revise the Complaint, communicated with Plaintiffs and potential plaintiffs regarding participation in this litigation, and engaged in discussions with myself, C. D. Michel, outside counsel, and firearms and ammunition experts.
  - 70. C. D. Michel spent approximately 13.3 hours reviewing and revising the Complaint,

DECLARATION OF CLINTON B. MONFORT IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR ATTORNEYS FEES

analyzing the merits of Plaintiffs' claims, and coordinating litigation efforts among existing clients and additional Plaintiffs.

# Analysis and Tracking of Assembly Bill 2358 and Determination of Impact on Litigation

- 71. Subsequent to the filing of Plaintiffs' Complaint, Defendants, rather than negotiate a briefing schedule for cross-motions for summary judgment, worked with the author of the Challenged Provisions and Assembly Bill 2358 in an effort to moot, or at least hamper, Plaintiffs' constitutional vagueness challenges in this case. As a result of amendments to Assembly Bill 2358 during the 2010 Legislative Session to include a list of calibers that would be deemed "handgun ammunition" under the Challenged Provisions, Plaintiffs' necessarily and reasonably billed time towards this litigation dedicated to tracking and analyzing Assembly Bill 2358's potential affect on Plaintiffs' claims.

  Plaintiffs spent a total of 15.2 hours tracking, reviewing, and analyzing the bill, as well as engaging in discussions with Plaintiffs' expert witness. Stephen Helsley. Our office also engaged in discussions with co-counsel, outside counsel, and Plaintiffs regarding the implications of Assembly Bill 2358 relative to Plaintiffs' litigation strategy and the merits of Plaintiffs' claims. (See Ex. J.)
- 72. Of the 15.2 hours spent researching, tracking, and analyzing Assembly Bill 2358, 4.0 hours were billed by my paralegal, Claudia Ayala, tracking the bill's progress and status, researching and reviewing relevant history and hearings, and contacting Plaintiffs' expert witness.
- 73. Of the 15.2 hours spent researching, tracking, and analyzing Assembly Bill 2358, 0.6 hours were billed by my law clerk, Anna Barvir.
- 74. Of the 15.2 hours spent researching, tracking, and analyzing Assembly Bill 2358, 4.7 hours were billed by Sean A. Brady, who also engaged in communications with Plaintiffs and Plaintiffs' expert witness.
- 75. Of the 15.2 hours spent researching, tracking, and analyzing Assembly Bill 2358, 1.5 hours were billed by C. D. Michel, who also engaged in communications with Plaintiffs.
- 76. Of the 15.2 hours spent researching, tracking, and analyzing Assembly Bill 2358, I billed approximately 4.4 hours, which time also included communications with Plaintiffs and Plaintiffs' expert witness.
- Motion for Preliminary Injunction:

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- 77. Plaintiffs spent 364.0 hours researching, drafting, and preparing Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction. Although Plaintiffs' decision to proceed with a Motion for Preliminary Injunction was more than reasonable under the circumstances, Plaintiffs, from the outset, and at every appropriate phase of the litigation, attempted to resolve Plaintiffs' claims on the merits via crossmotions for summary judgments, and thereby obviate the need to file a Motion for Preliminary Injunction. (See paragraphs 28 through 31, supra, for a detailed account of Plaintiffs' counsel's decision to prepare and file Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction; see also Ex. J.)
- 78. I spent approximately 152.2 hours researching, drafting, and otherwise preparing Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction. Of this time, I spent approximately 25.0 hours analyzing pertinent legal and factual issues, analyzing and reviewing rough drafts of Plaintiffs' motion prepared by Anna Barvir, research assembled by Anna Barvir, and Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction. I spent approximately 1.4 hours appearing at the hearing on Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction, and 1.3 hours corresponding with co-counsel, Plaintiffs' expert witness, and Plaintiffs. I spent approximately 78.6 hours researching and drafting multiple drafts of Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction, Plaintiffs' Reply Brief in its entirety, and other documents filed in support of Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction. I spent approximately 0.7 hours reading and responding to e-mails from co-counsel and Plaintiffs' expert witness, Stephen Helsley. I spent approximately 5.2 hours meeting with Sean Brady, Anna Barvir, and C. D. Michel regarding litigation strategy relating to Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction, and 18.5 hours researching, reviewing, and preparing evidence and documents to be filed in support of Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction, to address any potential factual concerns that may be of importance to properly educate the Court regarding the technical underlying subject matter of this litigation. I spent approximately 9.2 hours reviewing and revising Plaintiffs' pleadings filed in support of the Motion for Preliminary Injunction, and I spent approximately 8.7 hours traveling to and from the hearing on Plaintiffs' Motion. I billed approximately 3.6 hours participating in telephone conferences with Plaintiffs, supporting declarants, Plaintiffs' expert witness, and Sean Brady regarding issues central to Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction, including but not limited to issues regarding appropriate evidentiary support establishing irreparable harm.

- 79. Claudia Ayala spent approximately 1.6 hours formatting Plaintiffs' documents for filing and preparing tables, evidence, and exhibits submitted in support of Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction.
- 80. My law clerk, Anna Barvir, spent approximately 134.0 hours researching, drafting, and otherwise preparing Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction. Of this time: Ms. Barvir spent approximately 84.3 hours researching and drafting rough drafts of Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction, as well as drafting and revising Plaintiffs' Reply memorandum. Ms. Barvir spent approximately 0.3 hours drafting e-mails to me regarding the preparation of this Motion, and approximately 3.6 hours meeting with Mr. Brady, Mr. Michel and I regarding litigation strategy relating to Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction. Ms. Barvir spent approximately 3.0 hours preparing, assembling, and reviewing supporting documents and evidence filed in support of this motion, and approximately 0.4 hours participating in telephone conferences co-counsel. Ms. Barvir spent approximately 2.5 hours analyzing issues arising under Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction, and analyzing Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction. Ms. Barvir spent 39.9 hours reviewing, revising, cite checking, and proofreading all documents filed by Plaintiffs in support of Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction.
- 81. Sean A. Brady spent approximately 75.5 hours assisting in the preparation of Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction. Of that time, Mr. Brady spent a significant amount of time assembling, coordinating, and facilitating the filing of all declarations submitted in support of Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction. Mr. Brady also devoted significant hours to proofreading and revising Plaintiffs' Motion and Reply, and researching and assembling supporting exhibits. Mr. Brady also provided crucial litigation strategy support for Ms. Barvir and I regarding practical firearms and ammunition related questions, including issues regarding ammunition function, appearance, labeling, packaging, and non-technical layman and firearm enthusiast nomenclature. Mr. Brady also provided valuable analysis relating to an examination of all possible scenarios under which Defendants might claim the Challenged Provisions provide a valid application.
- 82. C. D. Michel spent approximately 0.7 hours reviewing and revising Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction, and discussing litigation strategies.

- 83. Our office spent and seeks recovery of approximately 228.5 hours analyzing, drafting, and propounding specially-prepared interrogatories, form interrogatories, requests for production of documents, and requests for admissions in order to determine what ammunition is "handgun ammunition" in light of Defendants' statements that the Challenged Provisions provide notice as to what ammunition is regulated in all but a few cases, and to ascertain the merits of Defendants' asserted defense that Plaintiffs are not being harmed because the Challenged Provisions will not be enforced. (See Ex. J.)
- 84. Plaintiffs also expended efforts during the discovery phase of this litigation preparing for two expert depositions, taking one expert deposition, traveling to and defending Plaintiffs' expert witness deposition in Sacramento, California, analyzing discovery responses, preparing for and defending four lay-witness depositions noticed by Defendants, traveling to Fresno, California to defend two lay-witness depositions noticed by Defendants, reviewing extensive documents and communications in response to Defendants' Request for Production of Documents, responding to Defendants' Request for Production of Documents, and analyzing and reviewing deposition testimony from the sole deposition noticed by Plaintiffs and the five depositions noticed by Defendants.
- 85. In light of Defendants' written discovery responses verified by Blake Graham, wherein Mr. Graham asserted their was a common understanding that the Challenged Provisions apply to nine calibers of ammunition, and that such common understanding is based on incomplete information that is not known by the public, Plaintiffs' counsel's decision to take the deposition of the State's expert witness was more than reasonable. Plaintiffs consulted with experienced outside counsel on this issue who concurred with Plaintiffs' litigation strategy at this juncture. Defendants had two attorneys present at the depositions of Experts Blake Graham and Steven Helsley, and Blake Graham attended the depositions of Barry Bauer, Steven Stonecipher, and Bauer Sporting Goods' Person Most Knowledgeable. Plaintiffs exercised considerable billing judgment, seeking recovery only for my time and that of Joshua Dale at these depositions, and Plaintiffs did not require the presence or telephonic availability of its expert at the depositions of Barry Bauer, Bauer Sporting Goods' Person Most Knowledgeable, Steven Stonechiper, and Sheriff Clay Parker.

- 86. Of the time spent by Plaintiffs' counsel on reasonable and necessary discovery efforts, 1.4 hours were billed by my paralegal, Claudia Ayala, revising discovery requests and responses and noticing the deposition of Steven Helsley.
- 87. Approximately 26.2 hours were spent by my law clerk, Anna Barvir, proofreading and revising discovery requests and responses, assisting in deposition preparation, and analyzing deposition testimony.
- 88. Approximately 51.7 hours were spent by Sean A. Brady analyzing discovery responses, preparing discovery responses to Defendants' request for production of documents, assisting in preparation for the deposition of Defendants' expert witness, assisting in preparation for depositions noticed by Defendants, and analyzing and reviewing deposition testimony.
- 89. Approximately 61.2 hours were spent by Joshua Dale traveling to and defending the depositions of Steven Helsley and Barry Bauer/Bauer Sporting Goods/Steven Stonecipher that were noticed by Defendants to occur in Sacramento and Fresno, California, respectively, taking the deposition of Defendants' expert witness, defending the deposition of Sheriff Clay Parker, analyzing and reviewing deposition testimony, and assisting in preparation of Defendants' extensive requests for production of documents.
- 90. C. D. Michel spent approximately 0.4 hours analyzing and discussing deposition testimony with myself, Joshua R. Dale, and Sean A. Brady.
- 91. I spent approximately 87.6 hours traveling to and attending the depositions of Steven Helsley and Barry Bauer/Bauer Sporting Goods/Steven Stonecipher that were noticed by Defendants to occur in Sacramento and Fresno, CA, respectively, taking the deposition of Defendants' expert witness, attending the telephonic deposition of Sheriff Clay Parker, analyzing and reviewing deposition testimony, and assisting in preparation of Defendants' extensive request for production of documents, drafting and propounding discovery, analyzing discovery responses, assisting in preparation for the deposition of Defendants' expert witness, and assisting in preparation for depositions noticed by Defendants.
- Motion for Summary Judgment or in the Alternative for Summary Adjudication / Trial
  - 92. Between the dates of approximately October 20, 2010 and January 18, 2011, Plaintiffs'

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93. I spent approximately 314.3 hours preparing for Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment or in the Alternative for Summary Adjudication / Trial. The time I spent preparing this motion is broken down as follows: I spent 37.3 hours analyzing and developing litigation strategies, analyzing deposition testimony and evidence, and analyzing Defendants' Opposition brief and supporting evidence; I spent approximately 3.7 hours preparing for and representing Plaintiffs at hearing; I spent approximately 114.3 hours drafting Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment and supporting documents (of this 114.3 hours I spent approximately 64.7 hours drafting Plaintiffs' Notice of Motion and Motion and Plaintiffs' supporting memorandum of points and authorities, I spent approximately 0.7 hours drafting Plaintiffs' requests for judicial notice, I spent approximately 21.3 hours drafting Plaintiffs' supporting Reply memorandum, I spent approximately 10.6 hours drafting Plaintiff's supporting Separate Statements of Undisputed Facts, and approximately 17.0 hours drafting additional supporting documents, including supporting declarations and objections to evidence); I spent approximately 0.2 hours drafting e-mails to clients and co-counsel; I spent approximately 42.9 hours conducting legal research and other research in support of Plaintiffs' claims and to address Defendants' various legal and factual defenses and claims; I spent approximately 19.5 hours meeting with co-counsel, Plaintiffs, and Plaintiffs' expert witnesses; I spent approximately 46.1 hours

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preparing, assembling, and reviewing exhibits, declarations, and supporting documents and pleadings for filing, and preparing for hearing; I spent approximately 40.2 hours reviewing and revising documents filed in support of Plaintiffs' Motion; I spent approximately 1.1 hours participating in telephone conferences with co-counsel, Plaintiffs, and Plaintiffs' expert witness; and I spent approximately 9.0 hours traveling to the hearing on Plaintiffs' Motion.

- 94. My law clerk, Anna Barvir, spent approximately 176.7 hours preparing for Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment or in the Alternative for Summary Adjudication / Trial. The time Ms. Barvir spent preparing for this motion and trial is broken down as follows: Ms. Barvir spent approximately 87.9 hours drafting Plaintiffs' Motion and supporting documents (of this 87.9 hours she spent approximately 47.5 hours drafting Plaintiffs' Notice of Motion and Motion and Plaintiffs' supporting memorandum of points and authorities, she spent approximately 28.4 hours drafting Plaintiffs' supporting Reply memorandum, she spent approximately 8.2 hours drafting Plaintiffs' supporting Separate Statements of Undisputed Facts, and approximately 3.5 hours drafting additional supporting documents, including supporting declarations and objections to evidence); Ms. Barvir spent approximately 0.2 hours drafting e-mails to co-counsel; Ms. Barvir spent approximately 49.5 hours conducting legal research and other research in support of Plaintiffs' claims and to address Defendants' various legal and factual defenses and claims; Ms. Barvir spent approximately 8.1 hours meeting with co-counsel discussing litigation strategy, revisions to filings, and legal and evidentiary issues; Ms. Barvir spent approximately 4.9 hours preparing, assembling, and reviewing exhibits, declarations, and supporting documents and pleadings for filing, and assisting me in preparation for hearing; Ms. Barvir spent approximately 15.3 hours reviewing and revising documents filed in support of Plaintiffs' Motion, and she spent approximately .8 hours participating in telephone conferences with co-counsel, Plaintiffs, and Plaintiffs' expert witness.
- 95. Sean Brady spent approximately 161.5 hours preparing for Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment or in the Alternative for Summary Adjudication / Trial. The time Mr. Brady spent preparing this motion and for tiral is broken down as follows: Mr. Brady spent 65.8 hours analyzing and developing litigation strategies, analyzing deposition testimony and evidence, and analyzing Defendants' Opposition brief and supporting evidence; Mr. Brady spent approximately 25.2 hours

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drafting Plaintiffs' portions of Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment and supporting documents; Mr. Brady spent approximately 1.0 hour drafting e-mails to co-counsel, Plaintiffs, and Plaintiffs' expert witness; Mr. Brady spent approximately 6.5 hours conducting legal research and other research in support of Plaintiffs' claims and to address Defendants' various legal and factual defenses and claims; Mr. Brady spent approximately 8.0 hours meeting with co-counsel discussing litigation strategy, revisions to filings, and legal and evidentiary issues; Mr. Brady spent approximately 28.2 hours preparing, assembling, and reviewing exhibits, declarations, and supporting documents and pleadings for filing, and preparing for hearing and trial; Mr. Brady spent approximately 12.2 hours reviewing and revising documents filed in support of Plaintiffs' Motion; Mr. Brady spent approximately 3.3 hours participating in telephone conferences with co-counsel, Plaintiffs, and Plaintiffs' expert witness, Mr. Brady spent approximately 9.0 traveling to hearing on Plaintiffs' Motion; and Mr. Brady billed approximately 2.3 hours while appearing at the hearing on Plaintiffs' Motion.

96. Joshua Dale spent approximately 52.2 hours assisting in preparation for Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment. Mr. Dale's assistance was required to ensure timely and effective preparation and filing of Plaintiffs' motion and supporting documents in light of the extremely expedited briefing schedule agreed upon by the parties following Defendants' prior decisions to decline plaintiffs' request to stipulate to an expedited briefing schedule. Mr. Dale's litigation assistance under these circumstances was reasonable, and reflects competent case management in litigating cases such as this, of widespread consequence, given Mr. Dales' extensive civil litigation experience. The hours billed by Mr. Dale in support of Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment or in the Alternative for Summary Adjudication / Trial were spent analyzing, reviewing, and lodging relevant deposition testimony, providing consulting and litigation support with regard to litigation strategies and case management under severe time constraints, analyzing and reviewing evidence submitted in support of Defendants' Opposition, Drafting Objections to Defendants' Evidence, drafting and revising Plaintiffs' Separate Statements of Undisputed Facts, and reviewing and revising documents filed in support of Plaintiffs' Motion.

97. C. D. Michel spent approximately 25.2 hours reviewing and revising Plaintiffs`

# Post-Hearing Work Performed:

- 98. As of May 5, 2011, our office has spent approximately 193.1 hours on "post-hearing work," including time spent drafting the [Proposed] Order of Permanent Injunction, the [Proposed] Judgment, the Notice of Entry of Judgment, the Memorandum of Costs, the Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Tax Costs, post-trial negotiations for fee settlement and waiver of appeal, and the present Motion for Attorneys Fees. Further, a significant amount of time was expended reviewing and analyzing Plaintiffs' counsel's billing records to properly account for the costs and fees requested. In an effort to keep costs down, the bulk of this work was conducted by my law clerk, Anna Barvir. (See Ex. J.)
- 99. My law clerk, Anna Barvir, spent approximately 103.9 hours on post-hearing work. Broken down, she spent 7.2 hours drafting, revising, editing the [Proposed] Order of Permanent Injunction, and analyzing and incorporating the revisions proposed by opposing counsel; 4.8 hours drafting, revising, and editing the [Proposed] Judgment, and analyzing and incorporating the revisions proposed by opposing counsel; 3.1 hours researching, drafting, and revising Plaintiffs' Memorandum of Costs; 20.7 hours analyzing Defendants' Motion to Tax Costs, conducting legal research and drafting, revising, and editing Plaintiffs' Opposition to Defendants' Motion to Tax Costs, and reviewing Defendants' Reply; and 67.8 hours conducting legal research on the attorneys fee issue and the private attorney general doctrine, drafting, revising, and editing Plaintiffs' Motion for Attorneys Fees, reviewing Plaintiffs' counsel's extensive billing records and compiling evidence to support the fee motion, researching reasonable billing rates in Southern California and contacting local attorneys regarding the same, drafting, revising, and editing all documents in support of the fee motion, and overseeing filing efforts.
- 100. I expended about 14.0 hours meeting with Ms. Barvir to discuss strategy, arguments, and status of all post-hearing filings, engaging in post-judgment settlement negotiations with opposing

# MICHEL & ASSOCIATES, P.C. Attorneys at Law

# ATTORNEY FEE/RATE SCHEDULE

| Timekeeper       | <b>Hourly Rate</b> |
|------------------|--------------------|
| Partner          | \$ 450             |
| Of Counsel       | \$ 400             |
| Special Counsel  | \$ 375             |
| Associate 6      | \$ 350             |
| Associate 5      | \$ 325             |
| Associate 4      | \$ 300             |
| Associate 3      | \$ 275             |
| Associate 2      | \$ 250             |
| Associate 1      | \$ 225             |
| Senior Paralegal | \$ 135             |
| Paralegal        | \$ 100             |
| Law Clerk        | \$ 125             |
| Legal Asst.      | \$ 85              |

Partner in Charge:

C.D. Michel

Case Manager:

Clinton B. Monfort

# THE STATE BAR OF CALIFORNIA

Thursday, May 12, 2011

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#### Peter Andrew Krause - #185098

**Current Status: Active** 

This member is active and may practice law in California.

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District

District 2

Undergraduate

School

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Berkeley CA

County

Sacramento

Law School

Loyola Law School; Los

Angeles CA

**Sections** 

Litigation

# Status History

**Effective Date** 

Status Change

Present

Active

12/10/1996

Admitted to The State Bar of California

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Undergraduate School

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CA

County

Sacramento

Law School

McGeorge SOL Univ of the

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Sections

Litigation

# **Status History**

**Effective Date** 

Status Change

Present

Active

12/8/1999

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# Kimberly Jean Graham - #204210

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County

District 2

Undergraduate

Law School

School

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McGeorge SOL Univ of the Pacific; CA

**Sections** 

Litigation

Sacramento

# **Status History**

**Effective Date** 

Status Change

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Active

12/8/1999

Admitted to The State Bar of California

Explanation of member status

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### 1 PROOF OF SERVICE 2 STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF FRESNO 3 4 I, Claudia Ayala, am employed in the City of Long Beach, Los Angeles County, California. I am over the age eighteen (18) years and am not a party to the within action. My business address is 180 5 East Ocean Blvd., Suite 200, Long Beach, California 90802. 6 On May 16, 2011, I served the foregoing document(s) described as 7 DECLARATION OF CLINTON B. MONFORT IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR ATTORNEYS FEES; EXHIBITS I - M 8 on the interested parties in this action by placing 9 the original X a true and correct copy thereof enclosed in sealed envelope(s) addressed as follows: 10 11 Kamala D. Harris Attorney General of California Zackery P. Morazzini 12 Supervising Deputy Attorney General 13 Peter A. Krause Deputy Attorney General 1300 I Street, Suite 125 Sacramento, CA 94244-2550 15 (BY MAIL) As follows: I am "readily familiar" with the firm's practice of collection and X 16 processing correspondence for mailing. Under the practice it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid at Long Beach, California, 17 in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date is more than one day after date of deposit for 18 mailing an affidavit. Executed on May 16, 2011, at Long Beach, California. 19 (PERSONAL SERVICE) I caused such envelope to delivered by hand to the offices of the 20 addressee. Executed on May 16, 2011, at Long Beach, California. 21 (VIA OVERNIGHT MAIL As follows: I am "readily familiar" with the firm's practice of 22 collection and processing correspondence for overnight delivery by UPS/FED-EX. Under the practice it would be deposited with a facility regularly maintained by UPS/FED-EX for receipt 23 on the same day in the ordinary course of business. Such envelope was sealed and placed for collection and delivery by UPS/FED-EX with delivery fees paid or provided for in accordance 24 with ordinary business practices. Executed on May 16, 2011, at Long Beach, California. 25 (STATE) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the 26 foregoing is true and correct. 27 28