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LAW OFFICE OF DONALD KILMER, APC 1645 Willow St., Suite 150, San Jose, CA 95125 Vc: (408) 264-8489 Fx: (408) 264-8487 Don@DKLawOffice.com	1	Donald E.J. Kilmer, Jr. (SBN: 179986) LAW OFFICES OF DONALD KILMER, A	A P C			
	2	1645 Willow Street, Suite 150 San Jose, California 95125-5120				
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	10	RICHARD ENOS, JEFF BASTASINI, LOUIE MERCADO, WALTER GROVES, MANUEL MONTEIRO, EDWARD ERIKSON and VERNON NEWMAN, Plaintiffs, vs. ERIC HOLDER, as United States	CASE NO.: 2:10-CV-02911-JAM-EFB			
	11					
	12		MA'	PLAINTIFFS' OBJECTIONS TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED BY THE		
	13		DEFENDANTS IN SUPPORT OF THEIR OPPOSITION TO SUMMARY JUDGMENT			
	14					
	15		Date Time Plac Judg	le: 1:3	January 25, 2012 1:30 p.m. Courtroom 6, 14th Floor Hon. John A. Mendez	
	16					
	17	Attorney General, and ROBERT MUELLER, III, as Director of the				
	18	Federal Bureau of Investigation, Defendants.				
	19					
	20					
	21	By and through undesigned counsel, Plaintiffs RICHARD ENOS, JEFF				
	22	BASTASINI, LOUIE MERCADO, WALTER GROVES, MANUEL MONTEIRO,				
	23	EDWARD ERIKSON, and VERNON NEWMAN hereby object and move to strike				
	24	material presented to the Court by the Defendants in support of their Motion to				
	25	Dismiss and in support of their Opposition to Summary Judgment.				
	26	Date: January 18, 2012				
	27	<u>/s/ Donald E. J. Kilmer, Jr.</u> Attorney for the Plaintiffs				
	28	Autorney for the Flaintiffs				

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Before ordering summary judgment in a case (either on a party's motion or 1 $\mathbf{2}$ sua sponte), the court should rule on evidentiary objections that are material to its ruling. Norse v. City of Santa Cruz, 629 F.3d 966 (9th Cir. 2010). 3

In footnotes 7 and 8 of the Defendants' Memorandum of Points and 4 Authorities in Support of their Motion to Dismiss (Dkt # 32-1) and in their opposition to Plaintiffs' motion for summary judgment, the Defendants cited to and submitted various "articles" contained in an appendix. (Dkt # 49, and 49-2 through 49-8)

9 Usually, a party opposing a motion for summary judgment must set forth specific material facts showing a "genuine dispute" as to a "material fact" and/or a 10 11 party may oppose the motion on substantive legal grounds. Fed.R.Civ.P. 56(a),(c)(1).

12The opposing party may not rest upon its pleadings. Rather, to avoid 13summary judgment, it must affirmatively show a "genuine dispute" as to a 14"material fact." See Fed.R.Civ.P. 56(c). "(T)he non-movant need not match the 15movant witness for witness, nor persuade the court that her case is convincing, she 16need only come forward with appropriate evidence demonstrating that there is a pending dispute of material fact." Waldridge v. American Hoechst Corp. (7th Cir. 1718 1994) 24 F.3d 918, 921. To establish a "genuine dispute" of material facts, the 19 opposing party must either:

- Cite to particular materials in the record that show such dispute, Fed.R.Civ.P. 56(c)(1)(A); or
- Show the moving party's materials fail to establish absence of a genuine dispute, Fed.R.Civ.P. 56(c)(1)(B); or
- Show the moving party cannot produce admissible evidence to support its factual position, Fed.R.Civ.P. 56(c)(1)(B); or
- Object to the moving party's materials on the ground that they cannot be presented in a form that would be admissible in evidence. Fed.R.Civ.P. 56(c)(2).

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Plaintiffs' Objections

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The Defendants have not sought to introduce this material in support of a 1 $\mathbf{2}$ motion to conduct additional discovery under Fed.R.Civ.P. 56(d). They have 3 submitted the material in support of factual assertions made in their Motion to 4 Dismiss and in support of their opposition to Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment. But the material submitted by the Defendants is not admissible 56 evidence. Admissibility is determined under the Federal Rules of Evidence. Thus, 7 for example, a "hearsay assertion that would not be admissible if testified to at trial 8 is not competent material for a Rule 56 affidavit. Sarno v. Douglas 9 Elliman-Gibbons & Ives, Inc. (2nd Cir. 1999) 183 F.3d 155, 160; Hurd v. Williams 10 (3rd Cir. 1985) 755 F.2d 306, 308 – inadmissible lay opinion not considered. 11 The material submitted by the Defendants does not comply with the Federal 12Rules of Evidence. The defects include but are not limited to: 131. The material is not submitted as part of any affidavit or declaration by 14a party or designated expert. Therefore it is not testimony. 2.15The material is not part of any discovery provided by the Defendants, 16in fact the first time that some of the material was mentioned (but not 17provided) was in the Defendants' Motion to Dismiss (Dkt # 32-1). The 18 first time the material was provided was in the Defendants' Appendix filed in opposition to Plaintiffs' Motion for Summary Judgment filed on 19 20January 11, 2012. (Dkt # 49-2 through 49-8) The articles lack foundation. 213. 224. The articles are hearsay. 23The articles are not relevant. 5. 24Plaintiffs hereby move to strike and exclude from consideration any of the aforementioned material submitted by the Defendants. 2526Respectfully Submitted on January 18, 2012. 27**Donald Kilmer** |s|Donald Kilmer, Attorney for the Plaintiffs 28

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