Charles L. Coleman, III (CSB 65496) 1 Lauren M. Terk (CSB 136234) HOLLAND & KNIGHT LLP 50 California Street, 28th Floor San Francisco, California 94111 3 Telephone: (415) 743-6900 4 Facsimile (415) 743-6910 5 Attorneys for Defendant Heckler & Koch, Inc. 6 7 8 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 9 FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO 10 11 Coordination Proceeding JUDICIAL COUNCIL COORDINATION Special Title (Rule 1550 (b)) PROCEEDING NO. 4095 12 FIREARMS CASE San Francisco Superior Court No. 303753 13 Los Angeles Superior Court No. BC210894 Including actions: Los Angeles Superior Court No. BC214794 14 People, et al. v. Arcadia Machine & Tool, DECLARATION OF LAUREN M. TERK 15 Inc., et al., IN SUPPORT OF CERTAIN **DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR AN** 16 People, et al. v. Arcadia Machine & Tool, ORDER PRECLUDING EVIDENCE Inc., et al., THAT DEFENDANTS' ALLEGED 17 CONDUCT HAS CAUSED ACQUISITION People, et al. v. Arcadia Machine & Tool, OF FIREARMS BY CRIMINALS AND 18 Inc., et al., OTHER PROHIBITED PERSONS 19 July 19, 2002 DATE: TIME: 8:30 a.m. 20 DEPT.: 65 TRIAL DATE: April 23, 2003 21 Hon. Vincent P. DiFiglia 22 23 111 24 111 25 111 26 111 27 111 28 111

DEC. OF LAUREN M. TERK FOR HECKLER & KOCH IN SUPPORT OF CERTAIN DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR AN ORDER PRECLUDING EVIDENCE THAT DEFENDANTS' ALLEGED CONDUCT HAS CAUSED ACQUISITION, ETC.

| 1 2 3 4 | Charles L. Coleman, III (CSB 65496) Lauren M. Terk (CSB 136234) HOLLAND & KNIGHT LLP 50 California Street, 28th Floor San Francisco, California 94111 Telephone: (415) 743-6900 Facsimile (415) 743-6910 | |
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| 5 | Attorneys for Defendant Heckler & Koch, Inc. | |
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| 8 | SUPERIOR COURT OF T | HE STATE OF CALIFORNIA |
| 9 | FOR THE COUN | VTY OF SAN DIEGO |
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| 11 | Coordination Proceeding Special Title (Rule 1550 (b)) | JUDICIAL COUNCIL COORDINATION PROCEEDING NO. 4095 |
| 12 | FIREARMS CASE | San Francisco Superior Court No. 303753 |
| 13 | Including actions: | Los Angeles Superior Court No. BC210894 Los Angeles Superior Court No. BC214794 |
| 14 | People, et al. v. Arcadia Machine & Tool, | DECLARATION OF LAUREN M. TERK |
| 15 16 | Inc., et al., People, et al. v. Arcadia Machine & Tool, | IN SUPPORT OF CERTAIN DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR AN ORDER PRECLUDING EVIDENCE |
| 17 | Inc., et al., | THAT DEFENDANTS' ALLEGED CONDUCT HAS CAUSED ACQUISITION |
| 18 | People, et al. v. Arcadia Machine & Tool, Inc., et al., | OF FIREARMS BY CRIMINALS AND OTHER PROHIBITED PERSONS |
| 19 | | DATE: July 19, 2002 |
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| 22 | | Hon. Vincent P. DiFiglia |
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| | | IN DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR AN ORDER PRECLUDING CONDUCT HAS CAUSED ACQUISITION, ETC. |

I, Lauren M. Terk, declare as follows:

- 1. I am an attorney, licensed to practice before all Courts of the State of California and am one of the attorneys of record for Defendant Heckler & Koch, Inc. in the above captioned matter.
- 2. I have personal knowledge of the matters set forth herein and would testify there to if called upon to do so.
- 3. As an attorney of record for Heckler & Koch, Inc. in the above captioned matter I have received and reviewed the discovery that has been issued in this matter and the responses and documents produced in response thereto. Those documents include the documents Plaintiffs have produced in purported compliance with the Court's Order of March 26, 2001 titled "Order Compelling Plaintiffs to Disclose Facts and Documents Relating to the Acquisitional Firearms recovered by Plaintiffs," which required Plaintiffs to produce documents in their possession which reflect:
- a. How criminals and others acquired the firearms manufactured and/or sold by defendants and previously identified by plaintiffs; and
- b. Whether the manner of acquisition has a factual nexus to defendants' "alleged conduct."
- 4. In Plaintiffs' Complaints they allege that criminals and others who are not legally permitted to acquire firearms do so through straw purchases, illegal sales by federally licensed retail dealers, gun show sales, kitchen-table dealers and theft.
- 5. Plaintiffs' Complaints further allege that such acquisitions of Heckler & Koch firearms by criminals and others who are not legally permitted to acquire them have occurred as a result of Heckler & Koch, Inc.'s business practices.
- 6. Plaintiffs have admitted that they are not aware of any instance in which a retail seller or distributor of firearms has acted as Heckler & Koch, Inc.'s agent in making the sale of a Heckler & Koch firearm.
- 7. As more specifically set forth herein, based upon my review of the discovery in this case Plaintiffs have not produced any evidence that tends to prove a nexus between Heckler &

Koch, Inc.'s sales and distribution or other business practices on the one hand, and any illegal sale of a firearm or illegal acquisition of a firearm on the other hand.

8. The documents and factual evidence produced by Plaintiffs in alleged compliance with the Court's Order of March 26, 2001 that identify Heckler & Koch firearms is described below:

9. City of Berkeley:

Of behalf of the City of Berkeley, Plaintiffs have not identified any recovered Heckler & Koch firearms in their property room database or produced incident reports involving Heckler & Koch firearms. Plaintiffs have not produced any evidence showing that criminals and others who are not legally permitted to acquire firearms have acquired Heckler & Koch firearms recovered in the City of Berkeley through straw purchases, illegal sales by federally licensed retail dealers, gun show sales, kitchen-table dealers or thefts. Nor have they produced any evidence of a factual nexus between the acts, omissions or business practices of Heckler & Koch, Inc. and the manner in which any firearm recovered in the City of Berkeley has been acquired.

10. City of East Palo Alto:

On behalf of the City of East Palo Alto, Plaintiffs have not identified any recovered Heckler & Koch firearms in their property room database or produced incident reports involving Heckler & Koch firearms. Plaintiffs have not produced any evidence showing that criminals and others who are not legally permitted to acquire firearms have acquired Heckler & Koch firearms recovered in the City of East Palo Alto through straw purchases, illegal sales by federally licensed retail dealers, gun show sales, kitchen-table dealers or thefts. Nor have they produced any evidence of a factual nexus between the acts, omissions or business practices of Heckler & Koch, Inc. and the manner in which any firearm recovered in East Palo Alto has been acquired.

11. City of West Hollywood:

On behalf of the City of West Hollywood, Plaintiffs have not identified any recovered Heckler & Koch firearms in their property room database or produced incident reports involving Heckler & Koch firearms. Plaintiffs have not produced any evidence showing that criminals and others who are not legally permitted to acquire firearms have acquired Heckler & Koch firearms

recovered in the City of West Hollywood through straw purchases, illegal sales by federally licensed retail dealers, gun show sales, kitchen-table dealers or thefts. Nor have they produced any evidence of a factual nexus between the acts, omissions or business practices of Heckler & Koch, Inc. and the manner in which any firearm recovered in West Hollywood has been acquired.

12. Alameda County:

On behalf of the County of Alameda, Plaintiffs have produced documents that appear to be Alameda County Sheriffs' Department incident reports that reflect the recovery of two (2) Heckler & Koch firearms by the County of Alameda from 1996 – 1999. Prior to this production, Plaintiffs produced an Alameda County property room database that identified two (2) Heckler & Koch firearms by serial number and report date only.

A comprehensive and detailed review of the documents Plaintiffs produced under the Court's Order of March 26, 2002 reveals the following acquisitional evidence as to identified Heckler & Koch firearms:

| Straw purchases | None |
|---|------|
| Illegal sales by federally licensed dealers | None |
| Gun show sales | None |
| Licensed kitchen table dealer sales | None |
| Theft | None |

Plaintiffs have not produced any evidence showing that criminals and others who are not legally permitted to acquire firearms have acquired Heckler & Koch firearms recovered in the County of Alameda through straw purchases, illegal sales by federally licensed retail dealers, gun show sales, kitchen-table dealers or thefts. Nor have they produced any evidence of a factual nexus between the acts, omissions or business practices of Heckler & Koch, Inc. and the manner in which any firearm recovered in County of Alameda has been acquired.

13. City of San Francisco:

On behalf of the City of San Francisco, Plaintiffs have produced documents that appear to be one (1) Medical Examiner's Report and one (1) San Francisco Police Department incident

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report that collectively reflect the recovery of two (2) Heckler & Koch firearms by the City of San Francisco from 1996 to 1999. Prior to this production, Plaintiffs produced a San Francisco property room database that identified an additional of forty-two (42) Heckler & Koch firearm by serial number only.

A comprehensive and detailed review of the documents Plaintiffs produced under the Court's Order of March 26, 2002 reveals the following acquisitional evidence as to identified Heckler & Koch firearms:

| Straw purchases | None |
|---|---------|
| Illegal sales by federally licensed dealers | None |
| Gun show sales | None |
| Licensed kitchen table dealer sales | None |
| Theft | One (1) |

Theft: There is evidence in the documents produced that one (1) identified Heckler & Koch firearm had been reported stolen to the Concord Police Department prior to recovery by the San Francisco Police Department. (SFC 04217-4233) There is no information in the documents produced by Plaintiffs that suggests any act, omission or business practice of Heckler & Koch, Inc. had any causal relationship to the theft of that firearm.

With the exception of that one incident Plaintiffs have not produced any evidence showing that criminals and others who are not legally permitted to acquire firearms have acquired Heckler & Koch firearms recovered in the City of San Francisco through straw purchases, illegal sales by federally licensed retail dealers, gun show sales, kitchen-table dealers or thefts. Nor have they produced any evidence of a factual nexus between the acts, omissions or business practices of Heckler & Koch, Inc. and the manner in which any firearm recovered in San Francisco has been acquired.

14. City of Sacramento:

On behalf of the City of Sacramento. Plaintiffs have produced documents that appear to be Sacramento Police Department incident reports that reflect the recovery of nineteen (19)

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Heckler & Koch firearms (one of which was used by a law enforcement officer in a justifiable onduty homicide) and one (1) Benelli firearm by the City of Sacramento from 1996 to 1999. Prior to this production, Plaintiffs produced a Sacramento property room database that identified fourteen (14) additional Heckler & Koch firearms by serial number and date only.

A comprehensive and detailed review of the documents Plaintiffs produced under the Court's Order of March 26, 2002 reveals the following acquisitional evidence as to identified Heckler & Koch firearms:

| Straw purchases | None |
|---|----------|
| Illegal sales by federally licensed dealers | None |
| Gun show sales | None |
| Licensed kitchen table dealer sales | None |
| Theft | Five (5) |

Theft: There is evidence in the documents produced that five (5) identified Heckler & Koch firearm had been stolen prior to recovery by the Sacramento Police Department. Prior to its recovery the first firearm had been reported to the Sutter County Sheriffs Department as having been stolen from a residence. The same firearm had been previously been reported to the Sacramento Police Department as stolen under similar circumstance, recovered and returned to the owner. (SAC0008310-8333; the first theft was not reflected in the evidence room log produced by Plaintiffs although it apparently occurred in 1995.) The second firearm had been report stolen to the Roseville Police Department prior to its recovery. (SAC0019791-19807) The third firearm had been report stolen to the Reno, Nevada Police Department prior to its recovery. (SAC0024715-24724) There is no indication as to how the fourth firearm was stolen. (SAC0026111-26116) The fifth firearm had been reported stolen to the Woodland Police Department, prior to its recovery. (SAC0005311-5329) There is no information in the documents produced by Plaintiffs that suggests any act, omission or business practice of Heckler & Koch, Inc. had any causal relationship to the theft of those firearms.

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With the exception of those five (5) incidents, Plaintiffs have not produced any evidence showing that criminals and others who are not legally permitted to acquire firearms have acquired Heckler & Koch firearms recovered in the City of Sacramento through straw purchases, illegal sales by federally licensed retail dealers, gun show sales, kitchen-table dealers or thefts. Nor have they produced any evidence of a factual nexus between the acts, omissions or business practices of Heckler & Koch, Inc. and the manner in which any firearm recovered in Sacramento has been acquired.

15. City of Oakland:

On behalf of the City of Oakland, Plaintiffs have produced documents that appear to be Oakland Police Department crime reports that reflect the recovery of ten (10) Heckler & Koch firearms by the City of Oakland from 1996 to 1999. Prior to this production, Plaintiffs produced an Oakland property room database that identified an additional seventeen (17) Heckler & Koch firearms by serial number and date only.

A comprehensive and detailed review of the documents Plaintiffs produced under the Court's Order of March 26, 2002 reveals the following acquisitional evidence as to identified Heckler & Koch firearms:

| Straw purchases | None |
|---|---------|
| Illegal sales by federally licensed dealers | None |
| Gun show sales | None |
| Licensed kitchen table dealer sales | None |
| Theft | Two (2) |

Theft: There is evidence in the documents produced that two (2) identified Heckler & Koch firearm had been stolen prior to recovery by the Oakland Police Department. No details were provided regarding the theft of the first firearm. (OAK030424-030438) The second firearm was reported by suspect #1 as having been stolen from drug dealers by neighborhood kids who in turn sold the firearm to suspect #2. (OAK035241-035258) There is no information in the documents produced by Plaintiffs that suggests any act, omission or business practice of

Heckler & Koch, Inc. had any causal relationship to the theft of those firearms.

With the exception of those two (2) incidents, Plaintiffs have not produced any evidence showing that criminals and others who are not legally permitted to acquire firearms have acquired Heckler & Koch firearms recovered in the City of Oakland through straw purchases, illegal sales by federally licensed retail dealers, gun show sales, kitchen-table dealers or thefts. Nor have they produced any evidence of a factual nexus between the acts, omissions or business practices of Heckler & Koch, Inc. and the manner in which any firearm recovered in Oakland has been acquired.

16. City of Inglewood:

On behalf of the City of Inglewood, Plaintiffs have produced documents that appear to be Inglewood Police Department crime reports that reflect the recovery of one (1) Heckler & Koch firearm by the City of Inglewood from 1996 to 1999. Prior to this production, Plaintiffs produced an Inglewood property room database that identified an additional two (2) Heckler & Koch firearms by serial number and date only.

A comprehensive and detailed review of the documents Plaintiffs produced under the Court's Order of March 26, 2002 reveals the following acquisitional evidence as to identified Heckler & Koch firearms:

| Straw purchases | None |
|---|------|
| Illegal sales by federally licensed dealers | None |
| Gun show sales | None |
| Licensed kitchen table dealer sales | None |
| Theft | None |

Plaintiffs have not produced any evidence showing that criminals and others who are not legally permitted to acquire firearms have acquired Heckler & Koch firearms recovered in the City of Inglewood through straw purchases, illegal sales by federally licensed retail dealers, gun show sales, kitchen-table dealers or thefts. Nor have they produced any evidence of a factual nexus between the acts, omissions or business practices of Heckler & Koch, Inc. and the manner in

which any firearm recovered in Inglewood has been acquired.

17. City of Compton:

On behalf of the City of Compton, Plaintiffs have produced documents that appear to be Compton Police Department crime reports that reflect the recovery of three (3) Heckler & Koch by the City of Compton from 1996 to 1999. Prior to this production, Plaintiffs produced an Compton property room database that identified an additional four (4) Heckler & Koch firearms by serial number and date only.

A comprehensive and detailed review of the documents Plaintiffs produced under the Court's Order of March 26, 2002 reveals the following acquisitional evidence as to identified Heckler & Koch firearms:

| Straw purchases | None |
|---|---------|
| Illegal sales by federally licensed dealers | None |
| Gun show sales | None |
| Licensed kitchen table dealer sales | None |
| Theft | One (1) |

Theft: There is evidence in the documents produced that one (1) identified Heckler & Koch firearm had been stolen prior to recovery by the Compton Police Department. It was returned to its owner by the Compton Police Department. (COMP000040-42) There is no information in the documents produced by Plaintiffs that suggests any act, omission or business practice of Heckler & Koch, Inc. had any causal relationship to the theft of that firearm.

With the exception of that one (1) incident, Plaintiffs have not produced any evidence showing that criminals and others who are not legally permitted to acquire, firearms have acquired Heckler & Koch firearms recovered in the City of Compton through straw purchases, illegal sales by federally licensed retail dealers, gun show sales, kitchen-table dealers or thefts. Nor have they produced any evidence of a factual nexus between the acts, omissions or business practices of Heckler & Koch Inc. and the manner in which any firearm recovered in Compton has been acquired.

18. County of Los Angeles:

On behalf of the County of Los Angeles, Plaintiffs have produced documents that appear to be Los Angeles County Sheriffs Department crime reports that reflect the recovery of six (6) Heckler & Koch firearms by the County of Los Angeles from 1996 to 1999, and records concerning case number SA98-320M in the United States District Court of the Central District of California which reflect the recovery of one used and modified Heckler & Koch firearm. (SFC0024640-24994) Prior to this production, Plaintiffs produced a County of Los Angeles property room database that identified an additional eighty (80) Heckler & Koch firearms by serial number and date only.

A comprehensive and detailed review of the documents Plaintiffs produced under the Court's Order of March 26, 2002 reveals the following acquisitional evidence as to identified Heckler & Koch firearms:

| Straw purchases | None |
|---|---------|
| Illegal sales by federally licensed dealers | One (1) |
| Gun show sales | |
| Licensed kitchen table dealer sales | None |
| Theft | None |

Illegal sale by a federally licensed dealer, initiated at a gun show: There is evidence in the documents produced that one (1) identified Heckler & Koch firearm was illegally sold by a dealer with a Federal firearms license. In that instance, as part of an ongoing undercover investigation, an undercover agent approached representatives of firearms dealer Verde Firearms at a gun show in Pomona, California. A representative of Verde Firearms of Covina, California showed the agent a modified (from semi-automatic to fully automatic), used Heckler & Koch firearm. At the request of the undercover agent the sale was consummated several days later at the Verde Firearms store. (SFC0024640-24994) No evidence has been produced which indicates Heckler & Koch, Inc. was made aware of the investigation by law enforcement at any time. Heckler & Koch, Inc. has produced documents that show it stopped doing business with the dealer three months

before the illegal sale of the used, modified firearm. Plaintiffs have produced no evidence showing a nexus between the acts, omissions or business practices of Heckler & Koch, Inc. and the unlawful sale of the firearm by the former dealer.

With that one (1) exception, which involved a used and modified firearm, Plaintiffs have not produced any evidence showing that criminals and others who are not legally permitted to acquire firearms have acquired Heckler & Koch firearms recovered in the County of Los Angeles through straw purchases, illegal sales by federally licensed retail dealers, gun show sales, kitchentable dealers or thefts. Nor have they produced any evidence of a factual nexus between the acts, omissions or business practices of Heckler & Koch, Inc. and the manner in which any firearm recovered in the County of Los Angeles has been acquired.

19. City of Los Angeles:

On behalf of the City of Los Angeles, Plaintiffs have produced documents that appear to be Los Angeles Police Department crime reports that reflect the recovery of one (1) Heckler & Koch firearm by the City of Los Angeles from 1996 to 1999. Prior to this production, Plaintiffs produced a City of Los Angeles property room database that identified an additional one hundred and twenty-eight (128) Heckler & Koch firearms by serial number and date only.

A comprehensive and detailed review of the documents Plaintiffs produced under the Court's Order of March 26, 2002 reveals the following acquisitional evidence as to identified Heckler & Koch firearms:

| Straw purchases | None |
|---|------|
| Illegal sales by federally licensed dealers | None |
| Gun show sales | None |
| Licensed kitchen table dealer sales | None |
| Theft | None |

Plaintiffs have not produced any evidence showing that criminals and others who are not legally permitted to acquire firearms have acquired Heckler & Koch firearms recovered in the City of Los Angeles through straw purchases, illegal sales by federally licensed retail dealers, gun

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show sales, kitchen-table dealers or thefts. Nor have they produced any evidence of a factual nexus between the acts, omissions or business practices of Heckler & Koch, Inc. and the manner in which any firearm recovered in the City of Los Angeles has been acquired.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed June 23, 2002 at San Francisco, California.

Lauren M. Terk
Lauren M. Terk