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6	UNITED STATES DI	ISTRICT COURT
7	CENTRAL DISTRICT	OF CALIFORNIA
8	SOUTHERN I	DIVISION
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10	\	SA CV 00- JVS (x)
11	{	I. ORDER FOR JURY TRIAL SETTING DATES FOR:
12	Plaintiff(s),	Discovery Cut-Off:
13		
14	vs.	Pre-Trial Conference:
15	}	at 11:00 A.M.
16	{	Trial:
17	\(\)	at 8:30 A.M.
18	Defendant(s).	II. Order for Preparation for JURY TRIAL
19	}	III. Order Governing Attorney & Party Conduct at Trial.
20	\	& Party Conduct at Iriai.
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23	I.	
24	SCHEDULING:	
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26	1. <u>In General</u> : All motions to	join other parties or to amend the
27	pleadings shall be filed and served within sixty (60) days of the date of this order	
28	and noticed for hearing within ninety (90) d	ays hereof. All unserved parties shall

be dismissed no later than the date set for the Final Pre-Trial Conference.

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- 2. Motions for Summary Judgment or Partial Summary Judgment: Motions for summary judgment or partial summary judgment shall be heard no later than the last day for hearing motions, as set forth in the accompanying minute order.
 - 3. Motions Index. If any motion or set of motions concurrently
- noticed involves more than three pleadings, the moving party shall file within three
- days of filing an index of the moving papers (e.g., notice, memorandum of points
- an authorities, declaration) with the name of each pleading and the docket number.
- Within three days of filing reply papers, the moving party shall file an updated
- index of all moving papers, all opposition papers, and all reply papers with the
- name of each pleading and the docket number.
- 4. <u>Discovery Cut-Off</u>: The Court has established a cut-off date for discovery in this action. All discovery is to be completed on, or prior to, the cut-
- off date. Accordingly, the following discovery schedule shall apply to this case:
- A. <u>Depositions</u>: All depositions shall be scheduled to commence at least five (5) working days prior to the discovery cut-off date. All
- original depositions to be used in trial shall be lodged with the Courtroom deputy
- on the first day of trial or such earlier date as the Court may order.
- B. <u>Interrogatories</u>: All interrogatories must be served at least forty-five (45) days prior to the discovery cut-off date. The Court will not approve
- stipulations between counsel that permit responses to be served after the cut-off
- date except in extraordinary circumstances.

1 etc., shall be served at least forty-five (45) days prior to the discovery cut-off date. 2 The Court will not approve stipulations between counsel that permit responses to 3 be served after the cut-off date except in extraordinary circumstances. 4

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approval.

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FINAL PRE-TRIAL CONFERENCE:

District Court for the Central District of California.

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C. <u>Production of Documents, etc.</u>: All requests for production,

D. Request for Admissions: All requests for admissions shall

E. <u>Discovery Motions</u>: Any motion respecting the inadequacy

F. <u>Disclosure of Expert Testimony</u>: The above discovery cut-

be served at least forty-five (45) days prior to the discovery cut-off date. The

served after the cut-off date except in extraordinary circumstances.

Court will not approve stipulations between counsel that permit responses to be

of responses to discovery must be filed and served not later than ten (10) days after

the discovery cut-off date. Whenever possible, the Court expects counsel to resolve

discovery problems among themselves in a courteous, reasonable, and professional

and may result in the Court appointing a Special Master at the joint expense of the

parties to resolve discovery disputes. The Court expects that counsel will strictly

adhere to the Civility and Professional Guidelines adopted by the United States

off date includes expert discovery, unless otherwise ordered by Court, and the

26(a)(2)(C), unless the parties otherwise stipulate in writing and obtain the Court's

Court orders the sequence of disclosures provided by Fed. R. Civ. Proc.

manner. Repeated resort to the Court for guidance in discovery is unnecessary

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This case has been placed on calendar for a Final Pre-Trial Conference pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 16. Strict compliance with the requirements of the Fed. R. Civ. P. and Local Rules are required by the Court.

II.

ORDER FOR PREPARATION FOR JURY TRIAL AND SCHEDULING EXHIBIT CONFERENCE FRIDAY BEFORE TRIAL: MOTIONS, INSTRUCTIONS, AND EXHIBITS

The Court ORDERS that all counsel comply with the following in their preparation for trial:

1. <u>MOTIONS IN LIMINE</u>:

All motions *in limine* must be filed and served a minimum of four (4) weeks prior to the scheduled pretrial date in accordance with Local Rule 6. Each motion should be separately filed and numbered. All opposition documents must be filed and served at least three (3) weeks prior to the scheduled pretrial date. All reply documents must be filed and served at least two (2) weeks prior to the scheduled pretrial date. Motions *in limine* should be used to raise legitimate evidentiary issues, and not as veiled motions for summary adjudication.

The Court limits the number of *in limine* motions which a party or group of affiliated parties may file to four, not including (1) any *in limine* motion which seeks an exclusionary sanction under Rule 37(c)(1) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and (2) any *in limine* motion which invokes the Court's power under Rule 702 of the Federal Rules of Evidence and <u>Daubert v. Merrell Dow</u>

1	Pharmaceuticals, 509 U.S. 579, 597 (1993), to exclude or limit expert testimony.
2	Motions made on the latter two grounds shall prominently state the basis for the
3	motion in the title of the motion on the caption page. Any party desiring to tender
4	any other in limine motions shall file an ex parte application no later than seven
5	days prior to the due date for such motions, attaching the proposed motion and
6	making a showing why it is imperative that the issue be dealt with by a motion in
7	limine.
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9	The Court deems the following motions to have been made and
10	granted:
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12	• Exclusion of evidence of settlement talks, offers of compromise and
13	similar evidence excludable under Federal Rule of Evidence 408 without an offer
14	of proof first made outside the presence of the jury.
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• Exclusion of expert opinions not disclosed under Rule 26(a)(2) of the Federal Rule of Civil Procedure or otherwise subjected to examination at the expert's deposition.

All motions in limine will be heard on the scheduled pretrial date, unless the Court otherwise orders.

> 2. JURY INSTRUCTIONS, VERDICT FORMS, and VOIR

Jury Instructions. Thirty days prior to trial, counsel shall meet and confer for the purpose of submitting a single packet of proposed jury instructions and objections. The packet shall contain all instructions desired by any party on all

1	subjects, and shall be organized in the order to be given.
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3	• If an instruction is agreed and joint, it shall be so labeled.
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5	• If the parties submit alternatives instructions on a topic, they shall be
6	labeled A, B, C etc. (e.g, Party A's Proposed Instruction No. 2A).
7	Immediately behind the instruction, the party shall provide a statement
8	of law in support of its version and any legal objection to the other
9	party's proposal.
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11	• If only one party submits an instruction on a topic, the party shall
12	provide immediately behind the instruction a statement of law in
13	support of its instruction. If there is any opposition, it shall appear
14	immediately behind the proponent's statement.
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16	The single packet shall be filed no later than seven days prior to the trial. At the
17	same time, the parties shall also submit a WordPefect version to the
18	JVS_Chambers@cacd.uscourts.gov e-mail box. The Court will entertain such
19	additional instructions as may be warranted by the evidence offered at trial.
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21	Proposed Verdict Form. On the first day of trial, plaintiff shall file
22	and serve plaintiff's verdict form on defendant.
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24	Voir Dire. At least four (4) court days prior to trial, each counsel
25	shall file and serve on opposing counsel any special questions requested to be put
26	to prospective jurors on voir dire.
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3.	TRIAL	EXHIE	BITS:

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Counsel are to prepare their exhibits for presentation at the trial by placing them in binders that are indexed by exhibit number with tabs or dividers on the right side. Counsel shall submit to the Court an original and one copy of the binders. The exhibits shall be in a three-ring binder labeled on the spine portion of the binder showing both the volume number and the exhibit numbers <u>and</u> contain an index of each exhibit included in the volume. Exhibits must be numbered in accordance with Fed. R. Civ. P. 16, 26, and the Local Rules.

The Court requires that the following be submitted to the Courtroom Deputy Clerk on the first day of trial:

- A. The <u>original exhibits</u> with the Court's exhibit tags shall be stapled to the front of the exhibit on the upper right-hand corner with the case number, case name, and exhibit number placed on each tag.
- B. One bench book with a copy of each exhibit for use by the Court, tabbed with numbers as described above. (Court's exhibit tags not necessary.)
- C. Three (3) copies of exhibit lists, plus an electronic copy in WordPerfect® 6.0 or later generations of WordPerfect®. E-mailing the electronic copy to the Courtroom Deputy is the most convenient to accomplish this.
 - D. Three (3) copies of witness lists.
 - E. A joint statement of the case suitable for reading by the

Court to the prospective panel of jurors prior to the commencement of jury selection. Counsel are ordered to confer and agree to a one-page joint statement of the case no later than five (5) days prior to the trial date.

All counsel are to meet not later than ten (10) days before trial and to stipulate so far as is possible as to foundation, waiver of the best evidence rule, and to those exhibits which may be received into evidence at the start of trial. The exhibits to be so received will be noted on the extra copies of the exhibit lists.

III.

ORDER GOVERNING ATTORNEY AND PARTY CONDUCT AT TRIAL:

Opening Statements, Examining Witnesses, and Summation

- A. Unless otherwise ordered, the trial day will be 9:00 a.m. to noon and 1:30 p.m. to 4:30 p.m. with a 15 minute break during each session.
- B. At the end of each day, counsel presenting his or her case shall advise opposing counsel of the witnesses anticipated the following day with an estimate of the length of direct examination. Opposing counsel shall provide an estimate of the length of cross–examination. Cooperation of counsel will ensure a smooth flow of witnesses.
- C. Opening statements, examination of witnesses, and summation will be from the lectern only. Counsel must not consume time by writing out words or drawing charts or diagrams. Counsel may do so in advance and explain that the item was prepared earlier as ordered by the Court to save time.

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D. In final argument of jury cases, counsel must avoid addressing any juror by name and avoid any appeal to a juror to put himself or herself in the position of a party, such as "What would you take for such pain?" or "What would you expect your son or daughter to do in the same circumstances?"

E. In criminal cases, defense counsel should avoid asking their client self-serving questions such as whether the client is married, has children, has a war record or has ever been arrested. Such questions are almost always irrelevant. Where such information would be relevant in counsel's opinion, counsel should obtain permission from the Court prior to making such inquiries.

F. Never strike the lectern for emphasis.

G. The Court will honor reasonable time estimates for opening and closing addresses to the jury. Please be advised this Court will not require a jury to sit longer than 75 minutes in any one session during counsel' summation.

Objections to Questions:

A. Counsel must not use objections for the purpose of making a speech, recapitulating testimony, or attempting to guide the witness.

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B. When objecting, counsel must rise to state the objection and state only that counsel objects and the legal ground of objection. If counsel wishes to argue an objection further, counsel must ask for permission to do so; the Court may or may not grant a request for conference at sidebar. The Court strongly discourage sidebars because they represent an inefficient use of jury time when matters can be anticipated.

- A. Please keep the trial low-key. It is not a contest of dramatic ability or an oratorical contest. It is to be a dignified search for the truth.
- B. Counsel must not approach the Clerk or the witness box without specific permission. When permission is given, please return to the lectern when the purpose of the permission is finished. Counsel must not engage in questioning a witness at the witness stand.
- C. Please rise when addressing the Court and rise when the jury enters or leaves the courtroom.
- D. Counsel must address all remarks to the Court. Counsel are not to address the Clerk, the Reporter, persons in the audience, or opposing counsel. If counsel wishes to speak with opposing counsel, counsel must ask permission to talk off the record. Any request for the re-reading of questions or answers shall be addressed to the Court.
- E. Counsel must not address or refer to witnesses or parties by first names alone. Young witnesses (under 14) may, however, be addressed and referred to by their first name.
- F. Counsel must not make an offer of stipulation unless counsel has conferred with opposing counsel and has reason to believe the stipulation will be acceptable.
 - G. While Court is in session, counsel must not leave counsel table to

1	confer with any personnel or witnesses in the back of the courtroom unless
2	permission has been granted in advance.
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4	H. Counsel should not by facial expression, nodding or other conduct
5	exhibit any opinion, adverse or favorable, concerning any testimony being given
6	by a witness. Counsel should admonish counsel's own client(s) and witnesses to
7	avoid such conduct.
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9	I. Where a party has more than one lawyer, only one may conduct
10	the direct or cross-examination of a given witness.
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12	Promptness of Counsel and Witnesses:
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14	A. The Court makes every effort to commence proceedings at the
15	time set. Promptness is expected from counsel and witnesses. It is counsel's duty
16	of the first day of trial to advise the Court on the first day of any commitments that
17	may result in counsel's absence or late arrival.
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19	B. If a witness is on the stand when a recess is taken, it is counsel's
20	duty to have the witness back on the stand, ready to proceed, when the court
21	session resumes.
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23	(1) If a witness was on the stand at adjournment, it is counsel's
24	duty to have the witness adjacent to, but not on, the stand, ready to proceed when
25	the court session resumes.
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27	(2) It is counsel's duty to notify the courtroom deputy clerk in
28	advance if any witness should be accommodated by use of the witness stand's

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14	Exhibits:
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automated platform which lowers and raises to accommodate witnesses who are unable to otherwise take the witness stand.

C. No presenting party may be without witnesses. If counsel has no more witnesses to call and there is more than a brief delay, the Court may deem that the party has rested.

D. The Court attempts to cooperate with physicians, scientists, and all other professional witnesses and will, except in extraordinary circumstances, accommodate them by permitting them to be put on out of sequence. Counsel must anticipate any such possibility and discuss it with opposing counsel. If there is objection, confer with the Court in advance.

- A. Each counsel should keep counsel's own list of exhibits and should keep track when each has been admitted in evidence.
- B. Each counsel is responsible for any exhibits that counsel secures from the Clerk and, during all recesses and noontime and afternoon adjournments, counsel must return all exhibits in counsel's possession to the Clerk.
- C. An exhibit not previously marked should, at the time of its first mention, be accompanied by a request that the Clerk mark it for identification. To save time, counsel must show a new exhibit to opposing counsel before it is mentioned in Court.
 - D. Whenever in counsel's opinion a particular exhibit is admissible,

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it should be offered unless tactical considerations dictate otherwise. The motion to admit will be dealt with at the next available recess if there is objection. No exhibit shall be read or displayed to the jury until admitted.

E. When referring to an exhibit, counsel should refer to its exhibit number whenever possible. Witnesses should be instructed to do the same.

F. The Court resists taking time to pass an exhibit among the jury for viewing when it is admitted. A request to do so should be made to the Court in a recess period preceding introduction of the exhibit.

G. Absent unusual circumstances, counsel must not ask witnesses to draw charts or diagrams nor ask the Court's permission for a witness to do so. If counsel wishes to question a witness in connection with graphic aids, the material must be fully prepared before the court session starts.

H. Exhibit Binders.

1. Where the volume of exhibits is less than ten binders. Counsel are to prepare exhibits for trial by placing them in three ring binders that are indexed by exhibit number with tabs or dividers on the right side and indicating on the spine of the binder the exhibit numbers contained and the volume number. The exhibits must be numbered in accordance with Fed. R. Civ. P. 16, 26 and the Local Rules. Counsel shall have the original set (with the exhibit tags affixed to the upper or lower right hand corner) and a bench copy on the exhibits, three (3) copies of the exhibit list and three (3) copies of the witness list to the Courtroom Deputy Clerk on the first day of trial.

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2. Where the volume of exhibits is greater than ten binders Counsel are to prepare one (1) full set of the exhibits in three ring binders that are indexed by exhibit number with tabs or dividers on the right side and indicating on the spine of the binder the exhibit numbers contained and the volume number. Each exhibit shall have an exhibit tag placed in the upper or lower right hand corner of the first page of the exhibit. (These are the exhibits that will go to the jury during deliberations). With regard to exhibits for the Judge and witnesses, there should be a book for each witness that contains only the exhibits needed for that specific witness with dividers on the right side. This book should be presented to the witness when the witness is called. A copy of this book should be provided to the Judge at the time the witness is called. The Court requires counsel to submit the full set of exhibits, three (3) copies of the exhibit list and three (3) copies of the witness list to the Courtroom Deputy Clerk on the first day of trial.

Depositions:

A. All depositions that will be used in the trial, either as evidence or for impeachment, must be signed and lodged with the Courtroom Deputy on the first day of trial or such earlier date as the Court may order. For any deposition in which counsel is interested, counsel should check with the clerk to confirm that the clerk has the transcript and that the transcript is properly signed.

- B. In using depositions of an adverse party for impeachment, counsel shall first announce the page and line reference of the passage desired to be read, and allow opposing counsel an opportunity to state any objection. Counsel shall use either of the following procedures:
 - (1) If counsel wishes to read the questions and answers as

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alleged impeachment and ask the witness no further questions on that subject, counsel may merely read the relevant portions of the deposition into the record.

(2) If counsel wishes to ask the witness further questions on the subject matter, the deposition is placed in front of the witness and the witness is told to read silently the pages and lines involved. Then counsel may either ask the witness further questions on the matter and thereafter read the quotations or read the quotations and thereafter ask further questions. Counsel should have an extra copy of the deposition for this purpose.

C. Where a witness is absent and the witness' testimony is offered by deposition, please observe the following procedure. A reader should occupy the witness chair and read the testimony of the witness while the examining lawyer asks the questions.

Using Numerous Answers to Interrogatories and Requests for Admissions:

Whenever counsel expects to offer answers to interrogatories or requests for admissions, the desired discovery shall be read to the jury. Any objections shall be resolved in advance.

Advance Notice of Evidentiary or Difficult Questions:

If counsel has reason to anticipate that a difficult question of law or evidence will raise legal argument, requiring research and/or briefing, counsel must give the Court advance notice. Counsel are directed to notify the Clerk at the day's adjournment if an unexpected legal issue arises that could not have been foreseen and addressed by a motion *in limine* (see Fed. R. Evid. 103). To the maximum

extent possible such matters shall be taken outside normal jury hours (e.g., recess, 1 before or after the trial day). 2 3 **Juror Questionnaires:** 4 5 The Court discourages the use of juror questionnaires except in 6 complex cases or cases involving juror privacy issues. If a party intends to propose 7 a questionnaire, the party shall meet and confer with all parties with the goal of 8 arriving at a joint questionnaire. Any proposed questionnaire shall be submitted to 9 the Court not later than thirty days prior to trial. The particulars for administering 10 a questionnaire will be discussed at the pretrial conference. 11 12 IV. 13 14 The Clerk is ordered to serve a copy of this Order on counsel/parties 15 in this action. 16 17 DATED: 18 James V. Selna United States District Judge 19 COPIES TO: COUNSEL OF RECORD 20 PRO SE PARTIES 21 22 23 2.4 25 26 27 28