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6	Attorneys for Defendant, VENTURA COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE		
7	(erroneously sued as Ventura County Sheriffs Department)		
8	Department		
9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
10	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
11			
12	SIGITAS RAULINAITIS,	CASE NO. CV13-02605-MAN	
13	Plaintiff,	DEFENDANT'S REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE IN CONJUNC-	
14	V.	TION WITH CONCURRENTLY FILED MOTION FOR JUDGMENT	
15	VENTURA COUNTY SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT,	ON THE PLEADINGS OR, IN THE ALTERNATIVE, FOR SUMMARY	
16	Defendant.	JUDGMENT	
17	2 020	[Filed concurrently with motion for judgment on the pleadings and proposed	
18		order]	
19		Date: March 11, 2014 Time: 10:00 a.m.	
20		Ctrm: 580 Roybal	
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23		I.	
24		R JUDICIAL NOTICE	
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27	summary judgment, hereby requests the Court to judicially notice the following		
28	items:		

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- Website docket entry 12, filed May 31, 2013, "Case Management Order"; 1.
- Website docket entry 15, filed on June 5, 2013, "Plaintiff's Notice of 2. Lodging Original Declaration and Declaration of Sigitas Raulinaitis";
- Website docket entry 16, filed on June 14, 2013, "Defendant's Responsive Brief; Memorandum of Points and Authorities; Declaration of Daniel Gonzales and Exhibits in Support Thereof' [Exhibits A and B on Court's public website – remaining Exhibits C through J filed under seal as corroborated by website docket entry 21, as allowed by order of Court, website docket entry 19];
- Website docket entry 28, filed on December 31, 2013, "Order by Magistrate Judge Margaret A. Nagle Denying Motion for Summary Judgment."

II.

ENABLING AUTHORITY

The Court may judicially notice a fact which is not subject to reasonable dispute because it can accurately and readily be determined from sources whose accuracy cannot reasonably be questioned. Fed. R. Evid. 201(b)(2). This power extends to the ability of federal courts hearing motions to take judicial notice even of state court dockets or pleadings which have been located on the Internet. Porter v. Ollison, 620 F.3d 952, 954 (9th Cir. 2010); Smith v. Duncan, 297 F.3d 809, 815 (9th Cir. 2002); Dawson v. Mahoney, 451 F.3d 550, 551, n.1 (9th Cir. 2006); White v. Martel, 601 F.3d 882, 885 (9th Cir. 2010); United States ex rel. Robinson, etc., v. Borneo, 971 F.2d 244, 248 (9th Cir. 1992) ["we may take notice of proceedings in other courts, both within and without the federal judicial system, if those proceedings have a direct relation to matters at issue"].

In Trigueros v. Adams, 658 F.3d 983 (9th Cir. 2011), the court stated: Nonetheless, we may take judicial notice on appeal. Fed.R.Evid. 201(f) ("Judicial notice may be taken at any stage of the proceeding."); see also United States v. Camp,

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723 F.2d 741, 744 n. ** (9th Cir.1984). We retain discretion to take judicial notice of documents "not subject to reasonable dispute." Fed.R.Evid. 201(b). In particular, we "may take notice of proceedings in other courts, both within and without the federal judicial system, if those proceedings have a direct relation to matters at issue." United States ex rel. Robinson Rancheria Citizens Council v. Borneo, Inc., 971 F.2d 244, 248 (9th Cir.1992); see also Smith v. Duncan, 297 F.3d 809, 815 (9th Cir.2002) (taking judicial notice of "relevant state court documents, because those documents have a direct relationship to [petitioner's habeas] appeal"), abrogation on other grounds recognized by Moreno v. Harrison, 245 Fed. Appx. 606 (9th Cir. 2007).

Here, Trigueros submitted documents on appeal from the proceedings before the California courts that are "directly related" to the timeliness of his state habeas petitions.... Accordingly, we take judicial notice of these documents in determining whether Trigueros's federal habeas petition was statutorily tolled.

658 F.3d at 987.

III.

ARGUMENT FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE

The parties' factual submissions relating to the plaintiff's summary judgment motion were thorough and extensive. Stipulated facts were approved by the Court. Plaintiff submitted a detailed declaration. Defendant submitted a detailed declaration of the investigating detective, Deputy Danny Gonzales, as well as ten exhibits corroborating all aspects of the investigation into plaintiff's residency.

In addition, the legal issues and arguments were thoroughly briefed.	Based
upon the extensive submissions of the parties, which were exhaustive, this	Cour
prepared a 25-page decision regarding the dispositive issues in this litigation.	In it
comprehensive opinion denying plaintiff's summary judgment motion, this	Cour
considered all aspects of the issues, statutes, appellate authorities, factual submi	ssion
by the parties, and stipulated facts.	

From this compendium, it is apparent that plaintiff cannot prevail in this lawsuit. The accompanying memorandum of points and authorities in support of the motion for judgment on the pleadings or, in the alternative, for summary judgment utilized these facts, arguments, authorities, and especially the order denying the plaintiff's motion for summary judgment, to illustrate the plaintiff's inability to prevail in this litigation.

It is therefore respectfully requested that the Court judicially notice the pleadings on file in this action in order to grant defendant, Ventura County Sheriff's Office, judgment on the pleadings or, in the alternative, summary judgment and dismiss the action against it with prejudice.

DATED: January 30, 2014 WISOTSKY, PROCTER & SHYER

By:

for Defendant,

COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE