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	United States District Court Western District of Washingto	n No. 2:	17-cv-00561-RA	I
	Dui Mai, Plaintiff,			
	vs.		on for Relief from to Amend Comp	Judgment and for llaint
	United States, et al., Defendant.	Note o	on Motion Calenda	ar: 3/16/18
1				
2	<u>I. Motion</u>			
3	Mr. Mai moves this Court for relief from judgment under FRCP 60(b)(6) and for leave to			
4	file an amended complaint per FRCP 15(a)(2). Per LCR 15, the proposed amended complaint is			
5	attached to this motion as an exhibit.			
6				
7	II. FACTS			
8	On April 11, 2017, Mr. Mai filed the present lawsuit against the United States and			
9	various federal government officers and entities, challenging the constitutionality of 18 USC §			
10	922(g)(4) as applied to him because the application of that statute to him results in a lifetime ban			
11	on firearm possession for an otherwise healthy individual.			
	Motion for Relief from Judgment/Le	eave to Amend	W	917 S 10th St Tacoma, WA 98405 253-905-8415 liy@kertchenlaw.com ww.kertchenlaw.com <b>RAJ -</b> Page 1 of 4

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1 On February 8, 2018, the Court granted the government's motions in full, dismissing Mr. 2 Mai's case. However, the Court's order was based, at least in part, on an insufficiently pleaded 3 complaint. Order at 9:6. Specifically, the Court stated that the plaintiff failed to allege facts 4 sufficient to support the contention that he no longer suffers from the condition that lead to his 5 involuntary treatment. Id. at 9:23-24. The Court also mentioned that the plaintiff failed to allege facts showing how the state court's grant of his firearms petition distinguishes him from the 6 7 mentally ill. Id. at 10:6-7. The Court then stated that Washington state's restoration statute does 8 not require a finding that the petitioner no longer suffers from the condition related to the 9 commitment. *Id.* at 7-10.<sup>1</sup> Finally, in footnote 3 on page 12, the Court again notes that plaintiff 10 did not introduce sufficient evidence to show that someone in his condition does not bear an additional risk of gun violence or suicide. Id. at 10 n.3. 11

# 16 17

### III. ARGUMENT

FRCP 60(b)(6) allows the Court to relieve a party from judgment for "any other reason that justifies relief." Mr. Mai asks the Court to relieve him from the judgment in order to allow him to file an amended complaint under FRCP 15(a)(2), as argued below.

FRCP 15(a)(2) states that a party may amend its pleadings only with the court's leave,
but the court "should freely give leave when justice so requires." The underlying purpose of
FRCP 15(a) is "to facilitate decisions on the merits, rather than on technicalities or pleadings."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Contrary to this assertion, the restoration statute states that a court must find that the "symptoms related to the commitment are not reasonably likely to recur." RCW 9.41.047(3)(a)(iv).

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*James v. Piller*, 269 F.3d 1124, 1126 (9th Cir. 2001). A court may deny leave to amend if it fines
the existence of "bad faith or dilatory motive on the part of the movant, repeated failure to cure
deficiencies by amendments previously allowed, undue prejudice to the opposing party by virtue
allowance of the amendment, or futility of amendment." *Zucco Partners, LLC v. Digimarc Corp.*, 552 F.3d 981, 1007 (9th Cir. 2009).

Here, there is no bad faith, repeated failures to cure, or undue prejudice to the opposing party. The Court was not entirely clear in its order whether futility would apply here, since the Court continued its discussion into the merits of the complaint itself. The proposed amendment incorporates facts and evidence that are directly relevant to the Court's concerns in its order dismissing the case, such as mental health evaluations and the actual findings of the King County Superior Court. The evaluations, coming from three separate doctors/licensed psychologists, all unanimously agree that Mr. Mai poses no threat of harm to himself or others and that he presents with no observable psychopathology.

### IV. CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, the Court should grant the motion for relief from judgment and for leave to amend the complaint.

Respectfully submitted,

Vitaliy Kertchen WSBA#45183 Attorney for Mr. Mai Date: 3/1/18

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I hereby certify that on 3/1/18, I electronically filed the foregoing with the clerk of the court using the CM/ECF System, which in turn automatically generated a Notice of Electronic Filing (NEF) to all parties in the case who are registered users of the CM/ECF system. The NEF for the foregoing specifically identifies recipients of electronic notice. I hereby certify that I have mailed by United States Postal Service the document to the following non-CM/ECF participants: None.

Respectfully submitted,

Vitaliy Kertchen

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