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5 6	Attorneys for Defendants, SUMMER STEPHAN, sued in her official capacity as District Attorney of San Diego County; and LONNIE ELDRIDGE, sued in his official capacity as County Counsel of San Diego County	
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8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
10		
11	B&L PRODUCTIONS, INC., d/b/a	No. 3:21-cv-01718-AJB-KSC
12	CROSSROADS OF THE WEST, et al.,	MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND
13	Plaintiffs,)	AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANTS SUMMER STEPHAN
14	V. CAVINI NEWSOM in his official conscity	AND LONNIE ELDRIDGE'S MOTION TO DISMISS PLAINTIFFS'
15	GAVIN NEWSOM, in his official capacity) as Governor of the State of California and	COMPLAINT (AND EACH CAUSE OF ACTION THEREIN THAT IS STATED AGAINST THESE DEFENDANTS) FOR
16	in his personal capacity, et al., Defendants.	FAILURE TO STATE A CLAIM [Fed.R.Civ.P., Rule 12(b)(6)]
17	Detendants.	
18		[DEFENDANTS SUMMER STEPHAN AND LONNIE ELDRIDGE'S NOTICE
19	{	OF JOINDER AND JOINDER IN STATE DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO
20		DISMISS PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT IS FILED CONCURRENTLY
21	{	HEREWITH (CivLR 7.1(j))]
22		Date: April 7, 2022
23	{	Time: 2:00 p.m. Courtroom: 4A
24	}	Judge: Hon. Anthony J. Battaglia Magistrate Judge: Hon. Karen S. Crawford
25	}	Action Filed: October 4, 2021 Trial Date: Not Set
26	}	
27		[Demand for Jury Trial]
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I. INTRODUCTION.

The County Defendants¹ join fully in the State Defendants'² Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' Complaint filed in this action. [See County Defendants' Notice of Joinder, filed concurrently herewith; see also State Defendants' Motion to Dismiss the Complaint, at ECF Nos. 17 through 17-2.] In addition to the grounds for dismissal advanced by the State Defendants' motion (which County Defendants join and incorporate by reference herein), Plaintiffs' Complaint fails to state a claim against defendant County Counsel Eldridge, because—contrary to Plaintiffs' allegations—State law neither authorizes nor imposes a duty on County Counsel Eldridge to enforce the challenged state statute, California Food and Agricultural Code § 4158 (enacted in 2019 as California Assembly Bill 893), by prosecuting violations of the law. Thus, for the reasons provided in the State Defendants' motion, and for the additional reasons set forth below, Plaintiffs' Complaint against the County Defendants should be dismissed. [Fed.R.Civ.P., Rule 12(b)(6) ("Rule 12(b)(6)").]

II. BACKGROUND.

County Defendants join, and incorporate by reference herein, the Background section from the State Defendants' Motion to Dismiss. [State Defs. Motion, ECF 17-1, at pp. 11-15.]³

¹ The term "County Defendants" refers collectively to defendants, SUMMER STEPHAN, sued in her official capacity as District Attorney of San Diego County ("District Attorney Stephan"), and LONNIE ELDRIDGE, sued in his official capacity as County Counsel of San Diego County ("County Counsel Eldridge").

² The term "State Defendants" refers collectively to defendants GAVIN NEWSOM, sued in his official capacity as Governor of the State of California and in his personal capacity; ROBERT BONTA, sued in his official capacity as Attorney General of the State of California and in his personal capacity; KAREN ROSS, sued in her official capacity as Secretary of the California Department of Food & Agriculture and in her personal capacity; and 22nd DISTRICT AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION.

³ Citations to specific pages of pleadings that have been electronically filed in this action are to the ECF page numbers stamped atop each page.

III. LEGAL STANDARD.

County Defendants join, and incorporate by reference herein, the Legal Standard section from the State Defendants' Motion to Dismiss. [State Defs. Motion, ECF 17-1, at pp. 15-16.]

IV. ARGUMENT.

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Plaintiffs allege in their Complaint that California Food and Agricultural Code § 4158 (enacted in 2019 as California Assembly Bill 893) ("FAC § 4158" or "AB 893"), violates their free speech and free assembly/association rights under the First Amendment to the United States Constitution, and their right to Equal Protection under the Fourteenth Amendment. [Complaint, First through Sixth Causes of Action, ECF No. 1, at ¶¶ 155-220.] Plaintiffs thus bring their claims against the defendants under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 ("§ 1983").4 With respect to the County Defendants, Plaintiffs' allegations and claims are limited to the contention that the County Defendants are purportedly "local actors responsible for ensuring that AB 893 is enforced and thus have the authority to prosecute violations of AB 893." [Complaint, ECF No. 1, at ¶¶ 160, 173, and 186.] Specifically, Plaintiffs allege that California Government Code § 26521 requires defendant District Attorney Stephan to prosecute violations of FAC § 4158, and that this statutory mandate to prosecute extends to defendant County Counsel Eldridge, 5 because California Government Code § 26529 purportedly requires the County Counsel to "discharge all duties vested in the district attorney." [Complaint, ECF No. 1, at ¶¶ 25-26.] Plaintiffs sue the County Defendants in their official capacity only, and limit their request for relief against the County Defendants to declaratory and injunctive relief. [Id.]

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⁴ While Plaintiffs include state-law tort causes of action in their Complaint, those claims are not asserted against either of the County Defendants. Accordingly, this motion only addresses the 1983 claims. [*See* Complaint, Seventh through Ninth Causes of Action, ECF No. 1, at ¶¶ 221-248.]

⁵ See Notice of Substitution of Party in Official Capacity, ECF No. 10 (substituting County Counsel Eldridge as a defendant in place of former County Counsel Thomas Montgomery).

County Defendants join, and expressly incorporate herein, the State Defendants' Motion to Dismiss Plaintiffs' First through Sixth Causes of Action brought against all defendants under § 1983, for the alleged violation of Plaintiffs' rights under the First and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution, including the facts, arguments, and evidence contained and cited therein. [See County Defendants' Notice of Joinder in State Defendants' Motion to Dismiss the Complaint, filed concurrently herewith; see also State Defs. Motion, ECF 17-1, at "Argument" §§ V (First Amendment claims) and VI (Fourteenth Amendment claim), at pp. 20-32.]

In addition to the arguments presented in the State Defendants' Motion to Dismiss (which the County Defendants join and incorporate herein), dismissal of Plaintiffs' claims against defendant County Counsel Eldridge is also warranted, because—contrary to Plaintiffs' allegations—the County Counsel is not authorized or charged by California law with enforcing FAC § 4158, or prosecuting violations of that state statute. Plaintiffs'

allegations with respect to County Counsel Eldridge are limited to the following:

Defendant [LONNIE ELDRIDGE] is the County Counsel responsible for enforcing the law within the County of San Diego. In that capacity, he must "discharge all the duties vested in the district attorney." Cal. Gov't Code § 26529. The injunctive and declaratory relief portions of this suit are brought against County Counsel [Eldridge] in his official capacity. [Complaint, ECF No. 1, at ¶ 26];

and

Defendants Newsom, Becerra, Summers [sic], and [Eldridge] are the state and local actors responsible for ensuring that AB 893 is enforced and thus have the authority to prosecute violations of AB 893. [Complaint, ECF No. 1, at ¶¶ 160, 173, 186.]

But contrary to Plaintiffs' allegation, California Government Code § 26529 neither authorizes nor requires County Counsel Eldridge (or any other County Counsel) to enforce FAC § 4158, including by prosecuting violations of that state statute. Violation of FAC § 4158 is a misdemeanor. [FAC § 9.] California's Food and Agricultural Code provides that, "upon request of any enforcing officer or other interested person," the *district attorney* of a county (or a city attorney, if a violation of the Code occurs in a

municipality with its own prosecuting authority for misdemeanor violations) possesses authority to prosecute a violation of the Food and Agricultural Code, including FAC § 4158. [FAC § 8.] No provision of the Food and Agricultural Code vests a County Counsel with any such enforcement or prosecuting authority, and Plaintiffs cite none.

Instead, as noted above, Plaintiffs contend that under California Government Code § 26529, County Counsel Eldridge is tasked with enforcing FAC § 4158, including prosecuting violations of that statute. [Complaint, ECF No. 1, at ¶ 26.] Not so. Government Code § 26529 provides, in relevant part:

(a) In counties that have a county counsel, the county counsel shall discharge all the duties vested in the district attorney by Sections 26520, 26522, 26523, 26524, and 26526. The county counsel shall defend or prosecute all civil actions and proceedings in which the county or any of its officers is concerned or is a party in his or her official capacity. Except where the county provides other counsel, the county counsel shall defend as provided in Part 7 (commencing with Section 995) of Division 3.6 of Title 1 of the Government Code any action or proceeding brought against an officer, employee, or servant of the county. [Cal. Govt. Code § 26529, subd. (a) (emphasis added).]

Neither sections 26520, 26522, 26523, 26524, nor 26526 of the Government Code pertain to the enforcement of the Food and Agricultural Code or the prosecution of misdemeanor crimes. Government Code § 26520 states that the district attorney (and thus the county counsel) may "render legal services to the county without fee and may render legal services to school districts and to other local public entities as requested." Government Code § 26522 concerns the district attorney (or county counsel) assisting public boards of education or school boards with "school bond" voting issues. Government Code § 26523 authorizes a district attorney (or county counsel) to defend or prosecute an action "brought by or against the auditor or treasurer" to test the constitutionality of a legislative act "providing for the payment of any funds held in the

county treasury." Government Code § 26524 provides that the district attorney (or county

counsel) shall represent a superior court or municipal court judge if the judge is sued in

his or her official capacity. And lastly, Government Code § 26526 simply specifies that the county counsel is the "legal advisor of the board of supervisors," and shall attend the board of supervisors meetings when required, and oppose all claims and accounts against the county that the county counsel deems unjust and illegal.

Simply put, the sole basis Plaintiffs' identify for their claim that County Counsel Eldridge is responsible for enforcing and prosecuting violations of FAC § 4158—California Government Code § 26529 (Complaint, ECF No. 1, at ¶ 26)—as a matter of law provides for no such authority or legal duty. Accordingly, in addition to the arguments for dismissing Plaintiffs' First and Fourteenth Amendment claims against the State and County Defendants contained in the State Defendants' Motion to Dismiss (arguments the County Defendants join and incorporate herein), Plaintiffs' Complaint also fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted against County Counsel Eldridge, as—contrary to Plaintiffs' allegations—the County Counsel has neither the authority nor the duty to enforce FAC § 4158, including by prosecuting misdemeanor violations of the statute. Plaintiffs' causes of action against the County Defendants should be dismissed.

V. CONCLUSION.

Based on the arguments and evidence advanced by the State Defendants in their Motion to Dismiss (ECF Nos. 17 through 17-2), which County Defendants have joined and incorporate herein, and in light of the reasons set forth above, the County Defendants respectfully request that the Court grant their motion, and dismiss Plaintiffs' claims against them under Rule 12(b)(6).

24 DATED: January 24, 2022 OFFICE OF COUNTY COUNSEL

By s/Timothy M. White
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