### HONOLULU POLICE DEPARTMENT

#### CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

### STATE OF HAWAII

### Amendment and compilation of Chapter 15 of the Rules of the Chief of Police, Honolulu Police Department

October \_\_, 2022

### SUMMARY

- 1. §§15-1 to 15-11 are repealed.
- 2. §§15-12 to 15-28 are adopted.
- 3. Chapter 15 is compiled.

#### HONOLULU POLICE DEPARTMENT

#### CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

#### STATE OF HAWAII

#### Amendment and compilation of Chapter 15 of the Rules of the Chief of Police, Honolulu Police Department

#### October \_\_, 2022

1. Chapter 15, Rules of the Honolulu Police Department, entitled "Firearms Permits and Licenses", is amended and compiled to read as follows:

### "CHAPTER 15. FIREARMS PERMITS AND LICENSES

§15-1	Repealed
§15-2	Repealed
§15-3	Repealed
§15-4	Repealed
§15-5	Repealed
§15-6	Repealed
§15-7	Repealed
§15-8	Repealed
§15-8	Repealed
§15-9	Repealed
§5-10	Repealed
§15-11	Repealed

[Note: There are two sections labeled "15-8", and one section labeled "5-10." These appear to be typographical errors; all of these sections are repealed.]

### Subchapter 1 Registration and Permitting

§15-12	Definitions
§15-13	Normal business hours
§15-14	Permit to Acquire Firearms
§15-15	Procedures for acquiring and registering firearms
§15-16	Registering firearms brought in from out of state
§15-17	Procedure for applying for a Permit Allowing Minors to Carry Firearms

### Subchapter 2 Applications for License to Carry Concealed or Unconcealed Firearm

§15-18	Purpose and intent
§15-19	Detectives, private detectives, investigators, guards, detective agencies, and guard agencies
§15-20	Qualifications, training, and testing to use firearm in a safe manner
§15-21	Application procedures for License to Carry Firearm, concealed or unconcealed
§15-22	Initial review of application by Firearms Unit; background checks
§15-23	Standards for issuance of License to Carry Concealed Firearm
§15-24	Standards for issuance of License to Carry Unconcealed Firearm
§15-25	Chief's decision on Application for License to Carry Firearm, concealed or unconcealed
§15-26	License card; expiration; renewal; lost or stolen cards
§15-27	Revocation
§15-28	Appeal procedures

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[15-1. <u>Mandatory registration of firearms</u>. Pursuant to Section 134-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, every person arriving in the State who brings a firearm of any description, whether usable or unusable, serviceable or unserviceable, modern or antique, or ammunition of any type and description, shall within 48 hours after arrival register said firearm with the Chief of Police, listing the registrant's place of business, residence, or sojourn. This registration shall be conducted at the Firearms Unit of the Records Division of the Honolulu Police Department, located at the Pawaa Annex at 1455 South Beretania Street, during normal business hours, Mondays through Fridays, excluding legal holidays. [Eff. 11/19/82; R. ]

[ <del>15-2.</del>		rms. Forms applicable to the registration, transfer, sale, and	
	carrying of firearms are:		
	HPD-131	<ul> <li>Application for Permit to Acquire Firearms and Permit to Acquire</li> </ul>	e
		Firearms	
	HPD-131A	Application for Permit Allowing Minors to Carry Firearms and	
		Permit Allowing Minors to Carry Firearms	
	HPD-131B	Firearm Application Questionnaire	
	HPD-131C	Firearm Application - Mental Health Questionnaire	
	HPD-132	Firearms and Ammunition Registration	
	HPD-150	Application for License to Carry Firearm	
	HPD-90	Firearm Photograph and Fingerprint Record	
	HPD-89	Waiver Authorizing Access to Records	
	HPD-84	Firearms Information Form - Out-of-State Acquisition	
	HPD-85	Criteria for License to Carry Firearm	
	HPD-86	License to Carry Firearm	
	HPD-34	Fingerprint Card] [Eff. 11/19/82; R.	]

[15-3. <u>Permit to Acquire Firearms</u>. a. Pursuant to Section 134-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, no person shall acquire a firearm, other than a rifle or shotgun having a barrel length of eighteen inches or over, whether serviceable or unserviceable, usable or unusable, modern or antique, registered under prior law or by a prior owner or unregistered, either by purchase, gift, inheritance, bequest, or in any other manner, whether procured in the State or imported by mail, express, freight, or otherwise, until he has first obtained a Permit to Acquire Firearms from the Chief of Police.

b. Any pistol or revolver, which is registered under, and in respect of which the owner has fully complied with, Section 134-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, may be loaned to another even though he be a minor, upon a target range or similar facility, for a period not longer than to allow the other person to then and there use it for target shooting, without a permit. The registered owner shall accompany such person during the time of use of the firearm.

c. The Chief of Police may issue permits in the City and County of Honolulu to:

1) Citizens of the United States, eighteen years or older.

2) Duly accredited official representatives of foreign nations.

3) Aliens eighteen years or older for the use of rifles or shotguns. Such

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permits shall not exceed sixty days duration, after the alien has first procured a hunting license under Sections -1 to 191-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes.] [Eff. 11/19/82; R.

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[15-4. Procedures for acquiring and registering firearms.

Any person attempting to acquire a firearm shall adhere to the following procedure:

- Appear at the Firearms Unit of the Honolulu Police Department during normal business hours with proper identification. Complete an Application for Permit to Acquire Firearms, HPD-131, and other related forms as required by Section 134-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
- b. 1) After a 10-day waiting period, obtain the Permit to Acquire Firearms, HPD-131, and present it to a licensed firearms dealer or any person who has a firearm for sale, transfer or other manner of acquisition.
  - 2) Any Permit to Acquire Firearms, HPD-131, which is not used for the acquisition of a firearm within 10 days after issuance shall be void. Such Permit to Acquire Firearms, HPD-131, shall be returned to the Firearms Unit for proper recordation and disposition.
- c. Complete the Permit to Acquire Firearms, HPD-131, with the seller or transferor and take possession of the firearm.
- d. Present the completed Permit to Acquire Firearms and the firearm to the personnel of the Firearms Unit of the Honolulu Police Department during normal business hours, or mail the completed Permit to Acquire Firearms, HPD-131, via registered mail to the Firearms Unit, Honolulu Police Department, 1455 South Beretania Street, Honolulu, Hawaii 96814. The applicant shall cause the Permit to Acquire Firearms and the firearm to be delivered to the Honolulu Police Department within 48 hours from the time of acquisition.
- e. Upon receipt of the firearm and the Permit to Acquire Firearms at the Firearms Unit, the serial number of the firearm shall be verified with that recorded on the Permit to Acquire Firearms. The firearm shall also be checked against the stolen firearms file and the firearms registration file. The applicant's background shall be checked for his fulfillment of the requirements of Section 134-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
- f. The applicant's information from the Permit to Acquire Firearms shall be recorded by the firearms clerk on quadruplicate copies of the Firearms and Ammunition Registration form, HPD-132.

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g.	The applicant shall be required to affix his signature in the space provided at
	the bottom right front portion of the HPD-132 form. The Firearms and
	Ammunition Registration form, HPD-132, does not authorize the carrying of
	the firearm, either concealed or unconcealed, on the person.] [Eff. 11/19/82;
	R.

[15-5. <u>Registering firearms brought in from out-of-state</u>. Any person bringing into the City and County of Honolulu a firearm as defined in Rule 15-1 shall be required to register such firearm in accordance with the provisions of Rule 15-4(e) through (g). a. The applicant shall fill out the Firearms Information Form - Out-of-State

- Acquisition, HPD-84, in place of the Application for Permit to Acquire Firearms, HPD-131.
- b. Complete Firearm Application Questionnaire, HPD-131B.
- c. Be fingerprinted for identification.
- d. Be photographed by Firearms Unit personnel.] [Eff. 11/19/82;
   R. ]

[15-6. Procedure for applying for License to Carry Firearm.

- a. Any security firm which requests License to Carry Firearm, HPD-86, for its on-duty personnel shall submit a written request with justification to the Chief of Police. Such justification shall include:
  - 1) Nature of the security work to be undertaken.
  - 2) Necessity for each employee to carry a firearm.
  - 3) Date, time and location where employees shall carry the firearms.
  - 4) Address of the principal place of business of the security firm where the firearms will be stored.
  - 5) Name, address, date of birth, physical description, social security number, and previous employment of each employee for whom License to Carry Firearm, HPD-86 is requested.
  - 6) Notarized statement by each employee for whom a License to Carry Firearm, HPD-86, is requested, that he has never been arrested or convicted of any felony firearms violation, crime of violence, or the

illegal use, possession or sale or drugs, or confined, treated, diagnosed or adjudged to have any mental illness.

b. Upon receipt of the above information at the office of the Chief of Police, a check by the Records Division and other allied agencies shall be conducted of each applicant.

The Chief of Police may limit the number of employees who shall be licensed to carry a firearm for each security agency making application for such permits. Such determination shall be based on strict necessity as determined by the Chief of Police.] [Eff. 11/19/82; R.

### [15-7. Procedure for applying for a Permit Allowing Minors to Carry Firearms.

a. Any minor requesting a Permit Allowing Minors to Carry Firearms, HPD-131A, for the sole purpose of hunting as required by Section 134-5(b), Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall:

- Apply for a Permit Allowing Minors to Carry Firearms, HPD-131A, at the Honolulu Police Department Records Division, 1455 South Beretania Street, Honolulu, Hawaii;
- 2) Be accompanied by a parent or legal guardian;
- 3) Present a valid hunting license, as provided in Section 191-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, at the time of application; and
- <u>4)</u> Provide the personal information requested on the application form, HPD-131A.

b. Upon receipt of the above information, the firearms clerk shall conduct a background check of the individual in the Records Division files.

c. Upon completion of the background checks and a determination that the criteria set forth in Chapter 134, Hawaii Revised Statutes, have been satisfied, the clerk shall:

- 1) Take two (2) photographs of the applicant and attach the photos to the permit in the designated positions;
- 2) Affix the right thumbprint of the applicant on the permit in the designated position;
- 3) Insure that the entire form is completed in duplicate;
- 4) Fill in the expiration date at the bottom of the permit;
- 5) Emboss the permit over the photograph with the Honolulu Police Department's seal;
- 6) Obtain a signature from a Records Division administration supervisor, who signs in lieu of the Chief of Police; and

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7) Issue the original permit to the applicant and advise the individual that he is to return the permit to the Honolulu Police Department within one (l) week after the permit expires. The second copy of the permit is retained by the Firearms Unit as a control copy.] [Eff. 11/19/82; R. ]

[15-8. <u>Requirements for obtaining License to Carry Firearm.</u>

- a. [Every applicant for a License to Carry Firearm, HPD-86, shall fill out Criteria for License to Carry Firearm, HPD-85, and Application for License to Carry Firearm, HPD-150, and shall be required to satisfy the following training requirements:]
  - 1) Attend a four-hour lecture session and undergo a firearm qualification test to be provided by the Training Division of the Honolulu Police Department.
  - 2) Attain a written score of at least 70% on a multiple choice examination on firearm safety, firearm regulations and proper use of a firearm, which shall be administered by the Training Division.
  - Attain a minimum score with the firearm of 210 out of a possible 300 points. The firearm qualification course shall consist of the following:
     a) Ten (10) rounds at 15 yards, rapid fire, 15 seconds.
    - b) Ten (10) rounds at 15 yards, timed fire, 25 seconds.
    - c) Ten (10) rounds at 25 yards, slow fire, 5 minutes.

Scoring shall be on the Official Pistol Target--NRA, with point values as indicated on the target.

- 4) Any applicant who fails the written examination or the firearm qualification test or both shall be subject to the following:
  - (A) The applicant shall be retested on that phase in which the minimum qualifications were not satisfied. However, retesting shall not be done within 15 days of the most recent test.
  - (B) Subsequent failures shall also be subject to the 15-day waiting period.
  - (C) If the applicant fails to pass within 60 days after the initial test the applicant shall be required to submit a new Application for License to Carry Firearm, HPD-150, and shall be required to take the written examination and firearm qualification test, notwithstanding the fact that the applicant may have previously passed either one.] [Eff. 11/19/82; R.
- [15-8.. <u>Photograph, filing fee</u>. Each applicant who meets the requirements established in these rules and is authorized by the Chief of Police to be issued a License to Carry Firearm, HPD-86, shall submit:
  - a. Two (2) 2" x 2" black and white photos taken within 30 days of the issuance of said permit.
  - b. \$10.00 non-refundable fee.] [Eff. 11/19/82; R.

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[15-9. <u>Expiration, revocation or suspension of License to Carry Firearm.</u>

- a. The License to Carry Firearm, HPD-86, shall expire one year from the date of issuance.
- b. The following will immediately result in revocation of the License to Carry Firearm, HPD-86:
  - 1) Termination of the licensee's employment with the requesting agency.
  - 2) Conviction of the licensee for any criminal violation.
  - 3) Death or permanent disability of the licensee.
  - 4) Licensee has been suspected or convicted of the illegal use or abuse of drugs or alcohol.
  - 5) Violation of these rules or any other federal, state or county statute or ordinance having to do with the use of firearms.
  - 6) Where the Chief of Police in his discretion determines that the licensee is presently unfit to carry a firearm.
- c. The revocation of the License to Carry Firearm, HPD-86, shall be for the remaining term of the present license or until reinstated by the Chief of Police.
- A hearing as required by Rule 7 of these rules shall be provided to the licensee within 15 days of the suspension of the license by the Chief of Police.] [Eff. 11/19/82; R.

[5-10. Renewal of License to Carry Firearm.

- a. A License to Carry Firearm, HPD-86, shall be renewed yearly. The employing security agency shall be responsible for fulfilling the require-ments established under Rule 15-6 of these rules.
- b. The licensee, if different from the employing security agency applicant in 15-10 above, shall be subject to all other requirements under Rules 15-7 through 15-11 of these rules.] [Eff. 11/19/82; R. ]

[15-11. Individuals applying for License to Carry Firearm. Any individual who is not employed by a security firm and who applies for a License to Carry Firearm, HPD-86, shall be subject to all the requirements established under Rules 15-6 through 15-10 of these rules.] [Eff. 11/19/82; R. ]

### Subchapter 1 Registration and Permitting

**<u>§15-12</u>** Definitions. Unless the context indicates otherwise, as used in this chapter:

"Acquire" has the same meaning as in Section 134-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

"Antique pistol or revolver" has the same meaning as in Section 134-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

<u>"Concealed" means entirely hidden from view of the public and not discernible by</u> ordinary observation, even if covered by clothing, such that a reasonable person without law enforcement training would be unable to detect the presence of a firearm.

"Concealed License" means a License to Carry Concealed Firearm.

"Detective," "private detective", or "investigator" has the same meaning as in Section 463-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

"<u>"Detective Agency</u>" has the same meaning as in Section 463-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes. "Firearm" has the same meaning as in Section 134-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

"Guard" has the same meaning as in Section 463-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

"Guard Agency" has the same meaning as in Section 463-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

"License to Carry Firearm" and "License" mean both Concealed Licenses and Unconcealed Licenses.

<u>"Pistol" or "revolver" has the same meaning as in Section 134-1, Hawaii Revised</u> <u>Statutes.</u>

"Unconcealed" means not concealed.

<u>"Unconcealed License" means a License to Carry Unconcealed Firearm.</u>[Eff andcomp] (Auth: HRS § 134-9; RCH § 6-1604(d)) (Imp: HRS §§ 134-2,134-9)

§15-13 Normal business hours. The Firearms Unit of the Records and Identification Division, Honolulu Police Department, 801 South Beretania Street, Honolulu, Hawaii, 96813, shall maintain operating hours on Wednesdays, excluding holidays, of 7:45 a.m. to 6:30 p.m., on the condition that firearm applicants in line by 6:30 p.m. will be processed and not turned away. The Firearms Unit shall maintain operating hours on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays, excluding holidays, of 7:45 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. These operating hours are included within the meaning of "normal business hours" as used throughout this chapter. [Eff and comp ] (Auth: HRS § 134-9; RCH § 6-1604(d)) (Imp: HRS §§ 134-2, 134-3, 134-9)

**§15-14 Permit to Acquire Firearms.** (a) Pursuant to Section 134-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, no person shall acquire a firearm, whether serviceable or unserviceable, usable or unusable, modern or antique, registered under prior law or by a prior owner or unregistered, either by purchase, gift, inheritance, bequest, or in any other manner, whether procured in the State or imported by mail, express, freight, or otherwise, until the person has first obtained a Permit to Acquire Firearms from the Chief of Police.

(b) Any pistol or revolver, which is registered under, and in respect of which the owner has fully complied with, Section 134-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, may be loaned to

another even though the other person is a minor, upon a target range or similar facility, for a period not longer than to allow the other person to then and there use it for target shooting, without a Permit. The registered owner shall accompany such person during the time of use of the firearm.

- (c) The Chief of Police may issue Permits in the City and County of Honolulu to:
- (1) Persons twenty-one years or older.
- (2) Duly accredited official representatives of foreign nations.
- (3) Aliens twenty-one years or older for the use of rifles or shotguns. Such
   Permits shall not exceed ninety days duration, after the alien has first procured a hunting license pursuant to Section 183D-22, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
   [Eff and comp ] (Auth: RCH § 6-1604(d)) (Imp: HRS §§ 134-2, 134-3, 134-5)

<u>§15-15 Procedures for acquiring and registering firearms.</u> (a) Any person attempting to acquire a firearm of any description, whether usable or unusable, serviceable or unserviceable, modern or antique, shall appear at the Firearms Unit during normal business hours and submit:

- (1) Valid government-issued photo identification.
- (2) All completed forms as prescribed by the Honolulu Police Department and the Department of the Attorney General pursuant to Sections 134-2 and 134-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
- (3) For Permits to Acquire a pistol or revolver, proof of training as required by Section 134-2(g), Hawaii Revised Statutes.

(b) The Firearms Unit shall conduct a background check of the applicant, in accordance with Sections 134-2 and 134-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to ensure the applicant is lawfully permitted to possess or acquire a firearm.

(c) No Permit to Acquire Firearms shall be issued to an applicant earlier than fourteen calendar days after the date of the application; provided that a Permit shall be issued or the application denied before the twentieth day from the date of application.

(d) <u>Permits to Acquire any pistol or revolver shall require a separate application and</u> <u>Permit for each transaction. The permitting and registration process for pistols or revolvers is as</u> <u>follows:</u>

- (1) <u>Purchase from a licensed dealer:</u>
  - (A) After purchasing the pistol or revolver from the dealer but before taking possession of the pistol or revolver, the applicant shall apply for a Permit with the Firearms Unit and shall provide the serial number, make, model, caliber, and barrel length of the pistol or revolver being acquired, as well as the seller's business name, address, and phone number.
  - (B) Within ten days after issuance, the applicant shall present the Permit to the dealer and take possession of the pistol or revolver.
  - (C) Any Permit that is not used for the acquisition of a pistol or revolver within ten days after issuance shall be void. Such Permits shall be returned to the Firearms Unit for proper recordation and disposition.
  - (D) The dealer shall cause the Permit to be delivered to the Firearms Unit within 48 hours of the applicant taking possession of the firearm.

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- (E) Within five days of the applicant taking possession of the pistol or revolver, the applicant shall complete the registration on-line or in person with the Firearms Unit.
- (2) <u>Purchase or transfer from a private party:</u>
  - (A) The applicant shall apply for a Permit with the Firearms Unit and shall provide the serial number, make, model, caliber, and barrel length of the pistol or revolver being acquired, as well as the individual seller's name, address, and phone number.
  - (B) Within ten days after issuance, the applicant shall present the Permit to the seller or transferor and take possession of the pistol or revolver.
  - (C) Any Permit that is not used for the acquisition of a pistol or revolver within ten days after issuance shall be void. Such Permits shall be returned to the Firearms Unit for proper recordation and disposition.
  - (D) The seller or transferor shall cause the Permit to be delivered to the Firearms Unit within 48 hours of the applicant taking possession of the firearm.
  - (E) Within five days of the buyer taking possession of the firearm, the applicant shall complete the registration in person with the Firearms Unit and present the firearm to the Firearms Unit for inspection.

(e) Permits to Acquire any rifle or shotgun shall entitle the applicant to purchase rifles or shotguns for a period of one year from the date of issue without a separate application and Permit for each acquisition, subject to Sections 134-2(e), 134-7, and 134-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes. The applicant shall surrender the Permit to the Firearms Unit no later than 30 days after expiration. The permitting and registration process for rifles and shotguns is otherwise the same as that for pistols and revolvers, as set forth in subsection (d)(1) and (d)(2).

(f) The applicant's information from the Permit shall be recorded by the firearms clerk on the Firearms Registration form.

(g) The applicant shall be required to sign the Firearms Registration form either electronically or in ink.

(h) The Firearms Registration form does not authorize the carrying of the firearm, either concealed or unconcealed, on the person. [Eff and comp ] (Auth: RCH § 6-1604(d)) (Imp: HRS §§ 134-2, 134-3, 134-9, 134-13)

<u>§15-16 Registering firearms brought in from out of state.</u> Pursuant to Section 134-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, every person arriving in the State who brings a firearm of any description, whether usable or unusable, serviceable or unserviceable, modern or antique, shall register the firearm with the Firearms Unit as follows:

- (1) Within five days after arrival of the person or of the firearm, whichever arrives later, the person shall complete the registration in person with the Firearms Unit and present the firearm to the Honolulu Police Department for inspection.
- (2) The person shall submit all completed forms as prescribed by the Honolulu Police Department and the Department of the Attorney General pursuant to Section 134-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and shall be fingerprinted and photographed by Firearms Unit personnel. The person shall list the person's place of business, residence, or sojourn.

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- (3) Firearms Unit staff shall conduct a background check of the applicant in accordance with Sections 134-3 and 134-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to ensure the applicant is lawfully permitted to possess a firearm.
- (4)If the applicant is disqualified from possessing a firearm, the applicant shall<br/>surrender all firearms in accordance with Section 134-7.3, Hawaii RevisedStatutes.[Eff and comp(Imp: HRS §§ 134-2, 134-3, 134-7, 134-7.3)

### §15-17 Procedure for applying for a Permit Allowing Minors to Carry Firearms.

(a) Any minor requesting a Permit Allowing Minors to Carry Firearms for the sole purpose of hunting as required by Section 134-5(b), Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall:

- (1) Apply for a Permit Allowing Minors to Carry Firearms at the Honolulu Police Department Records and Identification Division, 801 South Beretania Street, Honolulu, Hawaii;
- (2) Be accompanied by a parent or legal guardian;
- (3) Present a valid hunting license, as provided in Section 183D-22, Hawaii Revised Statutes, at the time of application; and
- (4) Provide the personal information requested on the application form.
- (b) Upon receipt of the above information, the firearms clerk shall conduct a background check of the individual in the Records and Identification Division files.
- (c) Upon completion of the background checks and a determination that the criteria
- set forth in Chapter 134, Hawaii Revised Statutes, have been satisfied, the clerk shall:
  - (1) Take two (2) photographs of the applicant and attach the photos to the Permit in the designated positions;
  - (2) Affix the right thumbprint of the applicant on the permit in the designated position;
  - (3) Ensure that the entire form is completed in duplicate;
  - (4) Fill in the expiration date at the bottom of the Permit;
  - (5) Emboss the Permit over the photograph with the Honolulu Police Department's seal;
  - (6) Obtain a signature from a Records and Identification Division administration supervisor, who signs in lieu of the Chief of Police; and
  - (7) Issue the original Permit to the applicant and advise the individual that the applicant is to return the Permit to the Honolulu Police Department within one (l) week after the Permit expires. The second copy of the Permit is retained by the Firearms Unit as a control copy. [Eff and comp ] (Auth: RCH § 6-1604(d)) (Imp: HRS §§ 134-2, 134-3, 134-5)

### <u>Subchapter 2</u> <u>Applications for License to Carry Firearm, Concealed or Unconcealed</u>

**§15-18 Purpose and intent.** Pursuant to Section 134-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the following administrative rules are intended to govern the processing of applications for Licenses to Carry Firearm, concealed or unconcealed, by the Honolulu Police Department and shall be

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complied with by Honolulu Police Department personnel, including the Chief of Police.[Eff andcomp] (Auth: HRS § 134-9; RCH § 6-1604(d)) (Imp: HRS § 134-9)

### §15-19 Detectives, private detectives, investigators, guards, detective agencies, and

**guard agencies.** (a) Any Detective Agency or Guard Agency with an active license issued pursuant to Chapter 463, Hawaii Revised Statutes, which requests a License to Carry Firearm for any of its on-duty personnel, or any Detective, Private Detective, Investigator, or Guard with an active license issued pursuant to Chapter 463, Hawaii Revised Statutes, who requests a License to Carry Firearm for on-duty use, shall submit a written request with justification to the Chief of Police. Such justification shall include:

- (1) <u>Nature of the security work to be undertaken.</u>
- (2) <u>Necessity for each applicant to carry a firearm.</u>
- (3) Date, time and location where applicants shall carry the firearms.
- (4) <u>Address of the principal place of business of the Detective Agency or Guard Agency, or principal place of business of the Detective, Private Detective, Investigator, or Guard, where the firearms will be stored.</u>
- (5) <u>Name, address, date of birth, physical description, social security number, and</u> previous employment of each applicant for whom a License to Carry Firearm is requested.
- (6) <u>Proof of licensure as a Detective Agency or Guard Agency, or proof of licensure</u> as a Detective, Private Detective, Investigator, or Guard, if requesting the License for oneself.
- (b) Each individual applicant to be licensed shall submit the following:
  - (1) Honolulu Police Department Application for Permit to Acquire Firearms.
  - (2) The completed Honolulu Police Department, City and County of Honolulu, Application for License to Carry a Firearm, including any and all forms designated by the Honolulu Police Department to implement Sections 134-7 and 134-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and these rules. Employees are not required to have a preexisting Permit to Acquire Firearms before applying for a License under this section.
  - (3) <u>A valid license pursuant to Section 463-6 or 463-7, Hawaii Revised</u> <u>Statutes.</u>
  - (4) The completed and signed medical information waiver, including any forms required by the applicant's health care provider for release of medical information.
  - (5) The completed and signed State of Hawaii, Adult Mental Health Division Authorization for Use or Disclosure of Protected Health Information form.
  - (6) Notarized statement by each employee for whom a License to Carry Firearm is requested, that the applicant has never been arrested or convicted of any felony firearms violation, crime of violence, or the illegal use, possession or sale or drugs, or confined due to mental illness.
  - (7) Valid government-issued photo identification.
  - (8) Documentation that the applicant has completed the Training Division's firearm certification program for Detectives, Private Detectives, Investigators, and Guards, including the following:

- (A) <u>A minimum four-hour lecture session and firearm qualification</u> test, to be provided by the Training Division of the Honolulu Police Department.
- (B) The applicant shall attain a written score of at least 70% on a multiple choice examination on firearm safety, firearm regulations and proper use of a firearm, which shall be administered by the Training Division.
- (C) The applicant shall attain a minimum score with the firearm of 210 out of a possible 300 points. The firearm qualification course shall consist of the following, using a National Rifle Association certified target:
  - (i) <u>Ten (10) rounds at 15 yards, rapid fire, 15 seconds.</u>
  - (ii) <u>Ten (10) rounds at 15 yards, timed fire, 25 seconds.</u>
  - (iii) <u>Ten (10) rounds at 25 yards, slow fire, 5 minutes.</u>
- (D) An applicant who fails the written examination or the firearm qualification course test may re-take the examination or qualification course, or both if the applicant failed both, twice within 90 days of failing, provided that retesting shall not be done within fifteen days of the most recent test. An applicant who, after failing either examination or test twice, then fails to pass the examination or test on a third attempt within 90 days, shall be ineligible to reapply for a License for six months.
- (7) One United States passport-sized, front-facing photo of the applicant.
- (8) <u>A non-refundable fee of \$10.00, or, if higher, the maximum amount</u> permitted by State law for the License and any background check or other processing fees.
- (9) Any other forms prescribed by the Department of the Attorney General or the Honolulu Police Department required to complete the background check and mental health screening required by law.
- (10) If the applicant has lived outside of Hawaii for more than 60 days within the last five years, documentation as follows:
  - (A) Mental health records from the health department of every state, province, or equivalent governmental unit where the applicant lived for more than 60 days within the previous five years, to be sent directly to the Honolulu Police Department from the governmental entity. Applicants who, within the previous five years, were stationed outside the United States due to federal government service shall have mental health records sent to the Honolulu Police Department from the relevant federal governmental entity, but need not obtain records from the foreign government; or
  - (B) <u>Certification from a physician, psychologist, or psychiatrist, licensed to practice in Hawaii and completed no earlier than 90 days before submission of the application, attesting to the applicant's mental fitness to carry a firearm, provided that the</u>

physician, psychologist, or psychiatrist shall personally evaluate the applicant for no less than 45 minutes before so attesting.

(b) Upon receipt of the above information at the office of the Chief of Police, a check by the Records and Identification Division and other allied agencies shall be conducted of each applicant.

(c) The Chief of Police may limit the number of employees who shall be licensed to carry a firearm for each Detective Agency or Guard Agency applying for such licenses. Such determination shall be based on strict necessity as determined by the Chief of Police.

(d) Pursuant to section 16-97-17, Hawaii Administrative Rules, no individual may carry a firearm while on-duty and engaged in the business of being a Detective, Private Detective, Investigator, or Guard, except with a License granted pursuant to this section. Any individual without a License issued pursuant to this section who carries a firearm while on-duty and engaged in the business of being a Detective, Private Detective, Investigator, or Guard shall be referred to the appropriate authorities for prosecution pursuant to Section 463-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

(e) An authorized representative of the Detective Agency or Guard Agency shall certify that the agency and all employees shall comply with all the requirements of Chapters 134 and 463, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and these rules. If an agency's employee fails to comply with the requirements of Chapters 134 or 463, Hawaii Revised Statutes, or these rules, the Chief may, pursuant to section 16-97-17, Hawaii Administrative Rules, revoke the Licenses for other agency employees that were issued pursuant to this section; provided that such a revocation shall not require a one-year waiting period, as set forth in section 15-27, before an otherwise compliant employee may apply for a new License with a different agency or on the employee's own behalf. For a reasonable period of time not to exceed one year following the revocation of a License of any agency employee to carry while on duty, the Chief may also deny new applications submitted by the agency's employees seeking to carry while on duty. The Chief shall make such decisions objectively, based upon the severity of the offense and the offender's history of compliance or noncompliance with the requirements of Chapters 134 or 463, Hawaii Revised Statutes, or these rules.

(f) Licenses issued pursuant to this section may be Unconcealed, Concealed, or both. The Chief shall evaluate the applicant's needs and, in the Chief's discretion, determine what type of License will best promote public safety. [Eff and comp ] (Auth: HRS § 134-9; RCH § 6-1604(d)) (Imp: HRS §§ 134-9, 463-1 et seq.)

### §15-20 Qualifications, training, and testing to use firearm in a safe manner.

(a) Pursuant to Section 134-9(b)(1), Hawaii Revised Statutes, an applicant for a License to Carry Firearm shall "[b]e qualified to use the firearm in a safe manner" before receiving a License.

(b) No person shall be issued a License unless the person, at any time prior to the issuance of the License, has completed a firearms training or safety course that satisfies the requirements of Section 134-2(g)(4), Hawaii Revised Statutes.

(c) Except for Private Detectives, Detectives, Investigators, and Guards as set forth in section 15-19, no earlier than 90 days prior to submitting an application for a License to the Honolulu Police Department, every applicant for a Concealed License shall successfully complete a firearm certification program.

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- (1) The firearm certification program shall contain at least the following:
  - (A) <u>A minimum four-hour lecture session on firearm safety, firearm</u> regulations, proper use of firearms, the law in Hawaii on self-defense and use of force, firearm use in low-light situations, firearm retention, and proper holsters for carrying concealed and unconcealed firearms, including an interactive question and answer session on all topics.
  - (B) A written multiple-choice examination on the topics listed in subparagraph (A). The examination used by the instructor shall be an examination that has been developed by or approved by the Training Division. In reviewing potential examinations created by a third party, the Training Division shall apply clear and objective criteria to determine whether the examination will fairly and adequately test the applicant's knowledge of the topics listed in subparagraph (A). The Training Division's approval of a third party's examination shall be valid for two years. To pass an approved examination, the applicant shall attain a score of at least 70% on the examination.
  - (C) <u>A shooting proficiency test.</u> To pass, the applicant shall attain a minimum score of 75 points, out of a possible total of 125 points on the following 25-round course, using a National Rifle Association certified target:
    - (i) Three-yard line: 2 rounds in 6 seconds from a concealed holster; three times (6 rounds / 4 second draw 2 second split).
    - (ii) Five-yard line: 2 rounds in 6 seconds from a concealed holster; two times (4 rounds / 4 second draw – 2 second split).
    - (iii) Seven-yard line: 5 rounds in 13 seconds from a concealed holster; one time (5 rounds / 4 second draw – 2.25 second split).
    - (iv) Ten-yard line: 5 rounds in 15 seconds from a concealed holster; one time (5 rounds / 4 sec. draw - 2.75 second split).
    - (v) Fifteen-yard line: 5 rounds in 20 seconds from a concealed holster; one time (5 rounds / 4 second draw – 4 second split).
  - (D) An applicant who fails the written examination or the shooting proficiency test may re-take the examination or test, or both if the applicant failed both, once within 90 days of failing, provided that the applicant shall wait a minimum of 30 days before re-taking the examination or test. An applicant who, after failing the examination or test once, then fails to pass the examination or test on a second attempt within 90 days, shall be ineligible to reapply for a License for six months; such an applicant shall be reported to the Firearms Unit by the instructor in writing within ten days of the applicant's second failure or the expiration of the 90-day period.
- (2) The firearm certification program shall be led by an instructor certified by the State of Hawaii or the Honolulu Police Department. Absent a certification process approved by the State of Hawaii, the Training Division shall develop clear and objective criteria for certification of instructors, with certifications to be valid for two years. Such clear and objective criteria shall require the instructor to provide evidence of the following:

- (A) Valid, in-person certifications by nationally recognized firearms manufacturers or organizations, demonstrating the instructor's qualifications to use a firearm proficiently and safely and to educate others regarding the same.
- (B) The instructor's qualifications to teach others regarding the law in Hawaii on self-defense and use of force, provided that the instructor may satisfy this requirement by certifying that the instructor will rely upon an active attorney in good standing with the Hawaii State Bar Association to conduct this portion of the firearm certification program.
- (C) The instructor's ability to provide reliable certifications regarding applicants' qualifications to the Firearms Unit. An applicant to be an instructor shall be disqualified if the applicant was previously convicted of any criminal offense involving dishonesty or fraud, or if the applicant was previously found liable in any civil court for any act involving dishonesty or fraud.

(d) Except for Private Detectives, Detectives, Investigators, and Guards licensed pursuant to section 15-19, every applicant for an Unconcealed License shall likewise comply with this section, except that the shooting proficiency test set forth in subsections (i) to (v) shall use an unconcealed holster. [Eff and comp ] (Auth: HRS § 134-9; RCH § 6-1604(d)) (Imp: HRS § 134-9)

### <u>§15-21</u> Application procedures for License to Carry Firearm, concealed or

**unconcealed.** (a) Every applicant shall have a mailing address in Hawaii other than a Post Office box and be 21 years of age or older, and shall submit:

- (1) The completed Honolulu Police Department Application for License to Carry Concealed Firearm or License to Carry Unconcealed Firearm, including any and all forms designated by the Honolulu Police Department to implement Sections 134-7 and 134-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and these rules.
- (2) A copy of the signed State of Hawaii Firearms Registration, registered in the applicant's name, for the handgun to be carried by the applicant if the applicant receives a License.
- (3) The completed and signed medical information waiver, including any forms required by the applicant's health care provider for release of medical information.
- (4) The completed and signed State of Hawaii, Adult Mental Health Division Authorization for Use or Disclosure of Protected Health Information form.
- (5) The completed and signed State of Hawaii Permit to Acquire Firearms Application Questionnaire.
- (6) Valid government-issued photo identification.
- (7) Documentation that the applicant has completed a firearms training or safety course that satisfies the requirements of section 134-2(g)(4), as set forth in section 15-20(b).
- (8) A notarized affidavit from the instructor of the firearm certification program set forth in section 15-20(c), attesting to the following:
  - (A) The applicant's legal name;

- (B) The instructor's name and contact information;
- (C) The applicant's score on the written examination;
- (D) The applicant's score on the shooting proficiency test;
- (E) The date and time the applicant completed the program;
- (F) The location of the program;
- (G) The firearm used by the applicant to complete the program; and
- (H) The holster used by the applicant, which shall be Type 2 or above.
- (9) One United States passport-sized, front-facing photo of the applicant;
- (10) If the applicant has lived outside of Hawaii for more than 60 days within the last five years, documentation as set forth in subsection (b).
- (11) A non-refundable fee of \$10.00, or, if higher, the maximum amount permitted by State law for the License and any background check or other processing fees.
- (12) Any other forms prescribed by the Department of the Attorney General or the Honolulu Police Department required to complete the background check and mental health screening required by law.

(b) Every applicant who lived outside of Hawaii for more than 60 days within the last five years shall provide mental health information as follows:

- (1) Mental health records from the health department of every state, province, or equivalent governmental unit where the applicant lived for more than 60 days within the previous five years, to be sent directly to the Honolulu Police Department from the governmental entity. Applicants who, within the previous five years, were stationed outside the United States due to federal government service shall have mental health records sent to the Honolulu Police Department from the relevant federal governmental entity, but need not obtain records from the foreign government; or
- (2) Certification from a physician, psychologist, or psychiatrist, licensed to practice in Hawaii and completed no earlier than 90 days before submission of the application, attesting to the applicant's mental fitness to carry a firearm, provided that the physician, psychologist, or psychiatrist shall personally evaluate the applicant for no less than 45 minutes before so attesting.

(c) Every applicant shall certify that, when the firearm is carried on the applicant's person, the firearm shall be carried using a Type 2 or higher holster.

(d) This section shall not apply to Private Detectives, Detectives, Investigators, and Guards, who shall follow the procedures set forth in section 15-19. [Eff and comp

] (Auth: HRS § 134-9; RCH § 6-1604(d)) (Imp: HRS § 134-9)

<u>§15-22 Initial review of application by Firearms Unit; background checks.</u> (a) An application is not deemed received by the Honolulu Police Department until the complete application, including all required forms and information, is received by the Honolulu Police Department. The Firearms Unit shall not take further action on an incomplete application except as set forth in subsection (b). Incomplete applications shall be deemed to have been denied on the 90th day following submission by the applicant, measured from the date of the latest submission by the applicant.</u>

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(b) <u>Firearms Unit personnel shall review the application for completeness. If an</u> <u>application is incomplete, Firearms Unit personnel shall advise the applicant as to what</u> <u>information or items are missing, as follows:</u>

- (1) If the applicant is present, Firearms Unit personnel shall advise the applicant verbally. If the applicant provides the missing information and the application is deemed complete, Firearms Unit personnel shall proceed with processing the application. If the applicant does not provide the missing information upon being advised verbally by Firearms Unit personnel, Firearms Unit personnel shall document the verbal guidance given.
- (2) If the applicant is not present, Firearms Unit personnel shall advise the applicant in writing.

(c) If the Firearms Unit deems the application to be complete, the Honolulu Police

Department shall conduct the following background checks on the applicant:

- (1) Local police involvements (current and archive records management systems).
- (2) <u>State of Hawaii Electronic Bench Warrant (EBW) search.</u>
- (3) CJIS Hawaii query for Hawaii arrest history and disposition information.
- (4) National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) which includes:
  - (A) <u>National Crime Information Center (NCIC) warrants.</u>
    - (B) Interstate Identification Index (III) a national index of criminal histories.
    - (C) NICS index index of persons not eligible to receive firearms in the U.S.
    - (D) Immigration and Customs Enforcement databases regarding whether the applicant is a citizen, a national, or a lawful permanent resident of the United States.
    - (E) A query of the State of Hawaii Adult Mental Health Divisions files for State of Hawaii mental health records.
    - (F) A query of Hawaii's medical marijuana cardholder database to discern whether the applicant holds a medical marijuana permit (see U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives, "Open letter to all federal firearms licensees," Sept. 21, 2011).
    - (G) JIMS, eCourt Kokua, Ho'ohiki, or other comparable Hawaii Judiciary databases, for State court orders and records.
  - (H) <u>Any other databases required by law.</u>
- (5) Review of mental health records from other jurisdictions, or attestation from physician, psychologist, or psychiatrist, pursuant to section 15-21(b).

(d) More than one person may receive a License to carry a single firearm – such as

when spouses share a firearm – provided that each person shall have a License for each firearm to be carried.

(e) Unless the application materials demonstrate, clearly and on their face, that an applicant cannot meet the eligibility criteria set forth in these regulations, each applicant shall be entitled to an interview with Firearms Unit personnel to present any additional information. Upon request by the applicant, Firearms Unit personnel shall conduct the interview by telephone or by videoconference, as chosen by the applicant; alternatively, Firearms Unit personnel may conduct the interview in person upon the request of the applicant and at the discretion of Firearms Unit personnel. [Eff and comp ] (Auth: HRS § 134-9; RCH § 6-1604(d)) (Imp: HRS § 134-9)

§15-23 Standards for issuance of License to Carry Concealed Firearm. The Chief shall be guided by the following standards in determining whether to grant or deny an application for a License:

- (1) Pursuant to Section 134-9(b), Hawaii Revised Statutes, an applicant for a License shall "[a]ppear to be a suitable person to be so licensed." Being "a suitable person" means that the applicant does not exhibit specific and articulable indicia that would objectively indicate to a reasonable observer that the applicant poses a heightened risk to public safety. The Chief may apply the following objective factors when determining whether an applicant displays specific and articulable indicia that the applicant poses a heightened risk to public safety such that the applicant is not "a suitable person to be so licensed":
  - (A) Whether the applicant has been involved in any incidents of alleged domestic violence within the ten years preceding the application;
  - (B) Whether the applicant has been involved in any incidents of careless handling, storage, or carrying of a firearm within the ten years preceding the application;
  - (C) Whether the applicant has been involved in incidents of alcohol or drug abuse, including but not limited to operating a vehicle under the influence of an intoxicant, within the ten years preceding the application; or
  - (D) Whether the applicant has been involved in other violent conduct within the ten years preceding the application.
- Pursuant to Sections 134-7 and 134-9(b), Hawaii Revised Statutes, an applicant (2) for a License shall "[n]ot have been adjudged insane or not appear to be mentally deranged." Being a person who does "not appear to be mentally deranged" means that the applicant does not exhibit specific and articulable indicia that would objectively indicate to a reasonable observer that the applicant is not capable of being a suitable, responsible, and law-abiding user of firearms. Such specific and articulable indicia may include suicidal ideations, homicidal ideations, or potential dangerousness, including a violent animus towards one or more groups based on race, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, gender identity, gender expression, sexual orientation, age, disability, religion, or other characteristic, such that a reasonable person would conclude that the applicant harbored an intention to use a firearm in public to attack others rather than for self-defense. The Chief may consider the information provided as part of the application, as well as any other information available to the Honolulu Police Department or the general public, in determining whether an applicant displays such specific and articulable indicia. [Eff and comp ] (Auth: HRS § 134-9; RCH § 6-1604(d)) (Imp: HRS § 134-9)

<u>§15-24</u> Standards for issuance of License to Carry Unconcealed Firearm. The Chief shall determine whether, in addition to the requirements for a Concealed License, an applicant for an Unconcealed License has, in the Chief's discretion, satisfied the requirements set forth in Section 134-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes. For applications that satisfy the objective criteria, the Chief shall be guided by the following standards:

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- (1) Pursuant to HRS § 134-9(a), the applicant must "sufficiently indicate[]" that the applicant has an "urgency" or "need" to carry a firearm and is "engaged in the protection of life and property."
  - (A) The "urgency" or "need" is "sufficiently indicated" only if an applicant has a need to carry a firearm for protection that substantially exceeds the need possessed by ordinary law-abiding citizens.
  - (B) Being "engaged in the protection of life and property" does not require an applicant to be employed in a job that entails the protection of life or property, such as a Guard, but it does require the applicant to be taking part, generally, in the protection of life, property, or both.
  - (C) The life or property being protected is not limited to the applicant's life or property but can extend to that of others.
- (2) The Chief may consider the following non-exhaustive list of factors when determining whether an applicant has an "urgency" or "need" to carry a firearm and is "engaged in the protection of life and property":
  - (A) Whether the applicant has been subjected to a credible threat of harm to life, property, or both.
  - (B) Whether there has been corroboration of the threat, from police, government, or other records; from prior history with the same person or at the same location; or from witnesses, documents, or other first-hand sources.
  - (C) Whether the applicant has been the victim of crime, such as domestic abuse, in which the applicant was specifically targeted, as opposed to the applicant being the victim of random crime.
  - (D) Whether temporary restraining orders, protective orders, or other court orders or proceedings demonstrate a risk of harm to life or property.
  - (E) Whether the applicant's profession supports the need for a firearm due to the heightened risk of attack or violence that the applicant faces.
  - (F) Whether the applicant lives or works in a rural area far from police protection, as opposed to living or working in an urban area with a significant police presence.
  - (G) Whether the applicant is employed in a job that requires protection of the life or property of others.
  - (H) Whether a spouse, close family member, or other dependent of the applicant faces a heightened risk of bodily harm and the applicant is engaged in the protection of that person.
  - (I) Whether the applicant has an "urgency" or "need" to carry a firearm unconcealed rather than concealed, taking into account considerations such as whether an Unconcealed License will enable the applicant to protect life or property more effectively than a Concealed License, and whether the intended use of the Unconcealed License is likely to cause terror and panic among the general public.
  - (J) Other factors not mentioned above but reasonable and appropriate to the decision whether to grant or deny an application for an Unconcealed License.

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- (3) The applicant must be "of good moral character." Being "of good moral character" means that the applicant does not exhibit specific and articulable indicia that the applicant poses a heightened risk to public safety.
- (4) The Chief may consider the following non-exhaustive list of factors when determining whether an applicant displays specific and articulable indicia that the applicant poses a heightened risk to public safety such that the applicant is not "of good moral character":
  - (A) Whether the applicant has been involved in any incidents of alleged domestic violence within the ten years preceding the application.
  - (B) Whether the applicant has been involved in any incidents of careless handling, storage, or carrying of a firearm within the ten years preceding the application.
  - (C) Whether the applicant has been involved in incidents of alcohol or drug abuse, including but not limited to operating a vehicle under the influence of an intoxicant, within the ten years preceding the application.
  - (D) Whether the applicant has been involved in other violent conduct within the ten years preceding the application.
  - (E) Other factors not mentioned above but reasonable and appropriate to the decision whether to grant or deny an application for an Unconcealed License. [Eff and comp ] (Auth: HRS § 134-9; RCH § 6-1604(d)) (Imp: HRS § 134-9)

<u>§15-25 Chief's Decision on Application for License to Carry Firearm, concealed or</u> <u>unconcealed.</u> (a) The Firearms Unit shall forward the applicant's background check results, <u>application, all attachments, and a cover memo noting all findings to the Chief for the Chief's</u> <u>review and decision.</u>

(b) For applications for Concealed Licenses, the Chief shall evaluate whether the applicant meets the objective criteria as required under Hawaii law and as set forth herein. The Chief shall consider prohibitions found in Sections 134-7 and 134-9(b), Hawaii Revised Statutes, including age, criminal history, and mental health, and the standards set forth in these rules. If the applicant does not satisfy these criteria, the application shall be denied on that basis.

(c) For applications for Unconcealed Licenses, the Chief shall evaluate whether the applicant meets the objective criteria as required under Hawaii law and as set forth herein, and whether the applicant has met the criteria for an Unconcealed License as set forth in Section 134-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and section 15-24.

(d) The Chief and Honolulu Police Department personnel shall consider each application based on the facts and circumstances of each applicant. The Chief and Honolulu Police Department personnel shall not act arbitrarily or capriciously and shall not reject applications based merely on preconceived notions or beliefs. All decisions to grant or deny applications shall be based on an objective application of the defined criteria set forth herein.

(e) If, at any time during the Chief's processing of an application, the Chief feels that the applicant may be able to meet the eligibility criteria but further information or clarification is needed before the Chief is able to make a final decision, Firearms Unit personnel shall invite the applicant, in writing, to submit additional information. (f) Upon the Chief reaching a decision, the applicant shall be sent a written decision by certified mail.

- (1) If an application for a Concealed License is granted, the Chief shall not impose any special conditions and shall issue the license card in a timely manner. The licensee shall appear at the Firearms Unit in person to be photographed, after which the License shall be issued.
- (2) If an application for an Unconcealed License is granted, an approval letter shall be sent to the licensee via certified mail. The approval letter shall indicate whether any special conditions are attached to an Unconcealed License and shall explain the reasons for any such conditions. The Chief may grant an Unconcealed License without special conditions, and shall not impose unreasonable restrictions. The licensee shall have the approval letter in the licensee's possession when carrying the firearm in public, and shall produce the approval letter upon request by a law enforcement officer, provided that the Honolulu Police Department may develop an electronic system to check special conditions that would make the carrying of the approval letter unnecessary. The Chief may:
  - (A) Limit the hours during which the firearm may be carried unconcealed;
  - (B) Limit the locations where the firearm may be carried unconcealed;
  - (C) Limit the purpose for which the firearm may be carried unconcealed;
  - (D) Limit the number of rounds of ammunition that may be carried; or
  - (E) Impose any other reasonable conditions.

The licensee shall appear at the Firearms Unit in person to be photographed, after which the License shall be issued.

(g) If an application for a License is denied, the denial letter shall set forth the facts of the application and explain the reasons for the denial based on Sections 134-7 or 134-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the standards and factors described in these rules, or any other source of applicable law. [Eff and comp ] (Auth: HRS § 134-9; RCH § 6-1604(d)) (Imp: HRS §§ 134-7, 134-9)

<u>§15-26 License card; expiration; renewal; lost or stolen cards.</u> (a) If the application for License to Carry Firearm is granted, Honolulu Police Department personnel shall issue the licensee a card that includes the licensee's name, photograph, make and caliber of the firearm, firearm serial number, and expiration date.</u>

(b) The card shall also contain a warning that the licensee is responsible for understanding and complying with the laws of the State of Hawaii and the laws regarding the use of deadly force in self-defense.

(c) The licensee shall have the card in the licensee's possession when carrying the firearm in public, and shall produce the card upon request by a law enforcement officer.

(d) When carrying the firearm in public, the licensee shall permit law enforcement officers to inspect the licensee's firearm and holster to ensure compliance with Chapter 134, Hawaii Revised Statutes, these rules, and any other applicable law.

(e) <u>Unless renewed, every License shall expire, and shall become invalid, one year</u> from the date of issue.

(f) To renew a License, a licensee shall complete all requirements for the License and shall submit the materials no earlier than 90 days, and no later than 30 days, prior to the

expiration of the License. If the licensee continues to meet all requirements, the License shall be renewed for one year after the expiration of the licensee's existing License. After receiving notice that the renewal application has been approved, and no earlier than 30 days before expiration of the existing License, the licensee shall return the existing card to the Firearms Unit and take possession of the new card. The renewed License shall not be issued until after the licensee has returned to the Firearms Unit the existing card for the License being renewed. The new License shall be effective upon issuance.

(g) The licensee may submit materials fewer than 30 days before expiration of the licensee's existing License; however, this may result in a gap in licensure, as the licensee's License shall expire one year from the date of issue regardless of the existence of a pending application.

(h) If the licensee's License is renewed, the licensee shall be issued a new card.

(i) Licensees shall report a lost or stolen card to the Honolulu Police Department within 24 hours of the loss or theft. The licensee shall appear in person at the Honolulu Police Department and request issuance of a replacement card. A replacement card shall only be valid for the remaining term of the existing License. The licensee shall be charged a non-refundable fee of \$10.00 or, if higher, the maximum amount permitted by State law to issue a new card.

(j) Licenses are nontransferable, and a licensee shall submit a new application if the licensee wishes to carry a non-licensed firearm.

(k)Except as provided in subsection (f), licensees shall turn in an expired card to the<br/>Firearms Unit within 30 days of expiration. The Firearms Unit shall not process any future<br/>applications for a License if the licensee has not turned in a card that has expired.[Eff and comp] (Auth: HRS § 134-9; RCH § 6-1604(d)) (Imp: HRS<br/>§§ 134-7, 134-9)

§15-27 Revocation. (a) Revocation of License.

- (1) <u>The following will immediately result in revocation of all of a licensee's</u> <u>Concealed Licenses:</u>
  - (A) <u>Conviction of the licensee for any criminal offense.</u>
  - (B) <u>Any event or circumstance that, by law, requires the licensee to surrender</u> <u>any firearms.</u>
  - (C) Where the licensee has been found carrying a firearm without a Type 2 or higher holster.
  - (D) Where a licensee who does not possess an Unconcealed License has been found carrying a firearm that is not concealed.
  - (E) <u>Where the licensee has been found carrying a firearm other than a firearm</u> for which the licensee holds a License.
  - (F) <u>Where the licensee has been found carrying more than one firearm at a</u> time, regardless of whether the licensee holds Licenses for the firearms.
  - (G) Where the licensee has been suspected or convicted of the illegal use or abuse of drugs or alcohol, or where the licensee has been found carrying a firearm in public while under the influence of drugs or alcohol.
  - (H) <u>A physical or psychological impairment that, for the remaining term of the present License, prevents the licensee from safely carrying a firearm in public.</u>

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- (I) Where the licensee has been found carrying a firearm while on-duty and engaged in the business of being a Detective, Private Detective, Investigator, or Guard, without a License issued pursuant to section 15-19.
- (J) Where the License was based upon the licensee's employment, and the licensee has separated from such employment.
- (K) If applicable, where the licensee's license to serve as a Detective, Private Detective, Investigator, or Guard pursuant to Sections 463-5 and 463-7, Hawaii Revised Statutes, has been revoked.
- (L) Where the Chief of Police has specific and articulable information that the licensee no longer meets the objective criteria set forth in Sections 134-7 and 134-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and these rules.
- (2) The following will immediately result in revocation of a License to Carry Unconcealed Firearm:
  - (A) <u>Any circumstance in which a Concealed License would be revoked</u>, except that the licensee may carry a firearm that is not concealed.
  - (B) Where the Chief of Police, in the Chief's discretion, determines that the licensee no longer meets the requirements of Section 134-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, or section 15-24.
- (3) The revocation of the License shall be for the remaining term of the present License or until reinstated by the Chief.
- (4) If a License is revoked, the licensee shall surrender the License to any Honolulu Police Department officer within 24 hours.
- (5) <u>A licensee whose Concealed License is revoked shall be ineligible to apply for</u> <u>another License, concealed or unconcealed, for one year following the date of</u> <u>revocation.</u>
- (6) <u>A licensee whose Unconcealed License is revoked shall be ineligible to apply for</u> another License, concealed or unconcealed, for one year following the date of revocation, if the revocation occurred pursuant to subsection (2)(A) or (2)(C).
- (b) <u>Revocation of Instructor Certification.</u>
- (1) <u>The following will immediately result in revocation of an instructor's certification</u> to teach a firearm certification program:
  - (A) <u>Any event or circumstance that, by law, requires the instructor to</u> <u>surrender any firearms.</u>
  - (B) <u>Any event or circumstance that would make the instructor ineligible to</u> receive certification pursuant to section 15-20(c)(2)(C).
  - (C) If the instructor possesses any Licenses, revocation of any License.
- (2) The revocation of the certification shall be for the remaining term of the present certification or until reinstated by the Chief.
- (3) <u>An instructor whose certification is revoked shall be ineligible to apply for</u> another certification for one year following the date of revocation. [Eff and comp ] (Auth: HRS § 134-9; RCH § 6-1604(d)) (Imp: HRS §§ 134-7, 134-8, 134-9, 134-13)

**§15-28** Appeal procedures. (a) If an applicant for a License or instructor certification objects to a denial or revocation of a License or instructor certification, the applicant may request

a hearing. A Detective Agency or Guard Agency may request a hearing on behalf of its employees.

(b) <u>Hearings shall be held in accordance with Rule 7, provided that the applicant shall</u> request the hearing in writing no later than 45 days after the date of the decision letter. The request shall be deemed untimely, and no action will be taken thereon, unless the request is received by the Honolulu Police Department no later than the close of business on the 45th day after the date of the decision letter. In the event the 45th day falls on a weekend or holiday, the deadline shall be the close of business on the previous business day.

(c) The hearing shall constitute a contested case hearing for purposes of HRS § 91-14 and the applicant or Agency shall be entitled to judicial review under that section."
 [Eff and comp ] (Auth: HRS § 134-9; RCH § 6-1604(d)) (Imp: HRS §§ 91-14, 134-9)

2. Material, except source notes and other notes, to be repealed is bracketed and stricken. New material is underscored, except for the titles of sections 15-1 to 15-11, which are underscored in the original and remain underscored here.

3. Additions to update source notes and other notes to reflect these amendments and compilation are not underscored.

4. These amendments to and compilation of Chapter 15 of the Rules of the Chief of Police shall take effect ten days after filing with the Office of the City Clerk, City and County of Honolulu.

I certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of Chapter 15 of the Rules of the Chief of Police, Sections 15-1 – 15-28, drafted in the Ramseyer format, adopted on \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2022, following a public hearing on October 4, 2022, and filed with the Office of the City Clerk, City and County of Honolulu.

ARTHUR J. LOGAN, Chief of Police Honolulu Police Department

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Deputy Corporation Counsel

### Case 1:19-cv-00157-JMS-RT Document 58-5 Filed 09/06/22 Page 29 of 29 PageID #: 934

Amendments to and compilation of Chapter 15 of the Rules of the Chief of Police, Sections 15-1 – 15-28, relating to procedures for firearms permits and licensing, were adopted on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, 2022, following a public hearing held on October 4, 2022, at the Honolulu Police Department, during which public testimony was taken, after public notice containing all information required by Section 91-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, was published in the <u>Honolulu</u> <u>Star-Advertiser</u> on \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2022.

These rules shall take effect ten days after filing with the Office of the City Clerk, City and County of Honolulu.

ARTHUR J. LOGAN, Chief of Police Honolulu Police Department

APPROVED this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2022

RICK BLANGIARDI Mayor City and County of Honolulu

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Deputy Corporation Counsel

Received this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2022.

City Clerk