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1	A case with virtually identical facts is currently pending in the United States			
2	District Court for the Central District of California. Like this case, the lawsuit in the			
3	Central District challenges a state-law ban on gun shows at the Orange County Fair			
4	& Event Center. First Amended Complaint, B&L Prods. v. Newsom, No. 22cv-			
5	1518 (C.D. Cal. Nov. 14, 2022) (ECF No. 19). It also challenges the statewide ban			
6	on gun shows on all state-owned property. <i>Id</i> .			
7	Currently pending, in that case, is the Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary			
8	Injunction. At the request of the defendants, the Honorable John W. Holcomb			
9	recently ordered the parties to submit supplemental briefing on the plaintiffs'			
10	Second Amendment claim by January 27, 2023. Order for Supplemental Briefing			
11	Regarding Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Injunction 2-3, B&L Prods., No. 22			
12	cv-1518 (C.D. Cal. Jan. 6, 2023) (ECF No. 25). The purpose of the court-ordered			
13	briefing is to afford the parties an opportunity to present and analyze the historical			
14	record necessary under the analytical framework for Second Amendment claims laid			
15	out in New York State Rifle & Pistol Ass'n v. Bruen, 142 S. Ct. 2111 (2022). Id. A			
16	true and correct copy of the Central District's order is attached as Exhibit 1.			
17				
18				
19				
20	Counsel for I tailing Ball I rounchon	es, Inc.,		
21	Bupice, Christopher Trick, Robert Sou	S,		
22	Bookers, EEC, Emin Tung Range, in	c.,		
23	Theorporated, and South Bay Roa and	Gun		
24		ED		
25	Dated: January 17, 2023 LAW OFFICES OF DONALD KILMI APC	ĽK,		
26	26 /s/ Donald Kilmer Donald Kilmer			
27	Email: don@dklawoffice.com Counsel for Plaintiff Second Amendment Foundation			
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ATTESTATION OF E-FILED SIGNATURES I, Anna M. Barvir, am the ECF User whose ID and password are being used to file this PLAINTIFFS' NOTICE OF ORDER FOR SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEFING IN SIMILAR CASE. In compliance with Southern District of California Electronic Case Filing Administrative Policies and Procedures Section 2(f)(4), I attest that all signatories have concurred in this filing. Dated: January 17, 2023 /s/ Anna M. Barvir Anna M. Barvir

EXHIBIT 1

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA CIVIL MINUTES— GENERAL

Case No.	8:22-cv-01518	-JWH-JDE	Date	January 6, 2023	
Title B&L Productions, Inc., et al. v. Gavin Newsom, et al.					
Present: The Honorable JOHN W. HOL			COMB, UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE		
Clarissa Lara			Not Reported		
Deputy Clerk			Court Reporter		
Attorney(s) Present for Plaintiff(s):			Attorney(s) Present for Defendant(s):		

Proceedings: ORDER FOR SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEFING REGARDING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION [ECF No. 21] (IN CHAMBERS)

Presently before this Court is the motion of Plaintiffs B&L Productions, Inc., d/b/a Crossroads of the West; Gerald Clark; Eric Johnson; Chad Littrell; Jan Steven Merson; California Rifle & Pistol Association, Incorporated; Asian Pacific American Gun Owners Association; Second Amendment Law Center, Inc.; and Second Amendment Foundation for a preliminary injunction against Defendants Gavin Newsom, Rob Bonta, Karen Ross, Todd Spitzer, and 32nd District Agricultural Association. In view of the Supreme Court's decision in New York State Rifle & Pistol Ass'n, Inc. v. Bruen, 142 S. Ct. 2111 (2022), this Court requires supplemental briefing regarding Plaintiffs' seventh claim for relief, for violations of the Second Amendment.²

In the Motion and the Opposition, both sides largely rely upon *Teixeira v*. *Cnty. of Alameda*, 873 F.3d 670 (9th Cir. 2017) (en banc), and other pre-*Bruen* Ninth Circuit cases that discuss the Second Amendment's protection of the right

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See Pls.' Mot. for Prelim. Injunction (the "Motion") [ECF No. 21].

² First Am. Compl. [ECF No. 19] 59:1-60:10.

to acquire arms.³ Pre-*Bruen*, the Ninth Circuit held that courts must "apply a two-step inquiry to examine [Second Amendment] claim[s]. We first ask 'whether the challenged law burdens conduct protected by the Second Amendment,' and, if so, we then determine the 'appropriate level of scrutiny.'" *Teixeira*, 873 F.3d at 682 (citing *United States v. Chovan*, 735 F.3d 1127 (9th Cir. 2013)). It appears that that line of reasoning was explicitly overruled by *Bruen*, which held:

Despite the popularity of this two-step approach, it is one step too many. Step one of the predominant framework is broadly consistent with *Heller*, which demands a test rooted in the Second Amendment's text, as informed by history. But *Heller* and *McDonald* do not support applying means-end scrutiny in the Second Amendment context. Instead, the government must affirmatively prove that its firearms regulation is part of the historical tradition that delimits the outer bounds of the right to keep and bear arms.

Bruen, 142 S. Ct. at 2127.

Although both Plaintiffs and Defendants discuss the textual and historical analysis performed by the *Teixeira* court, it appears that *Teixeira* is distinguishable on the facts because it involved a single business partnership seeking a permit from Alameda County to open a gun store in an unincorporated portion of the county. Teixeira, 735 F.3d at 673-74. In Teixeira, there were 10 other licensed gun shops in the county, including one that was "600 feet away from the proposed site of Teixeira's planned store." *Id.* at 679. In contrast, in this case Plaintiffs seek to enjoin two laws banning the sale of firearms at gun shows held on public property, both across Orange County and state-wide.⁴ Furthermore, in dismissing the plaintiff's complaint on a motion to dismiss, the Ninth Circuit in *Teixeira* explicitly stated that "[w]e need not define the precise scope of any such acquisition right under the Second Amendment to resolve this case." Id. at 678. Accordingly, this Court tentatively concludes that it cannot rely on *Teixeira* for the proposition that banning the sale of firearms at gun shows does not somehow burden the Second Amendment and that it must turn to Bruen's textual and historical analysis of the laws in question.

Motion 22:28-23:9; Defs.' Opp'n to the Motion (the "Opposition") 21:15-24:12.

⁴ Motion 4:19-5:2.

In their Opposition, Defendants request that if this Court does not concur with Defendants' analysis of *Teixeira* and its application post-*Bruen*, then they should be allowed "an opportunity to compile the relevant historical record to supplement the historical evidence examined in *Teixeira*." Defendants' request comports with *Bruen*'s instruction that, in our adversarial system, courts are "entitled to decide a case based on the historical record compiled by the parties." *Bruen*, 142 S. Ct. at 2130 n.6. In view of the novel issues presented by the laws in question, as well as *Bruen*'s instruction that when regulations burden Second Amendment rights "the government must demonstrate that the regulation is consistent with this Nation's historical tradition of firearm regulation," this Court directs the parties to provide supplemental briefing on Plaintiffs' Second Amendment claim. *See id.* at 2126.

For the foregoing reasons, the Court hereby **ORDERS** as follows:

- 1. The parties are **DIRECTED** to file simultaneous supplemental briefs, not to exceed 25 pages,⁶ no later than January 27, 2023, providing an analysis of the issues discussed above.
- 2. The hearing on the Motion is **CONTINUED** to February 10, 2023, at 9:00 a.m. in Courtroom 9D of the Ronald Reagan Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse, 411 W. 4th Street, Santa Ana, California.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

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⁵ Opposition 24 n.12.

The Court sets a capacious page limit, but it also hastens to remind the parties that brevity is a virtue.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

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