1 2 3 4 5 6 7	C.D. Michel – SBN 144258 Jason A. Davis – SBN 224250 Anna M. Barvir – SBN 268728 Konstadinos T. Moros – SBN 306610 MICHEL & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 180 E. Ocean Blvd, Suite 200 Long Beach, CA 90802 Telephone: (562) 216-4444 Facsimile: (562) 216-4445 Email: CMichel@michellawyers.com Attorneys for Petitioner - Plaintiff	Electronically FILED by Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles 7/16/2024 5:57 PM David W. Slayton, Executive Officer/Clerk of Court, By A. Lopez, Deputy Clerk
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
9 10	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	
10	FRANKLIN ARMORY, INC., et al.,	Case No.: 20STCP01747
12	Petitioners-Plaintiffs,	[Assigned for all purposes to the Honorable Daniel S. Murphy; Department 32]
13	v.	PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTIONS TO
14	CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,	DEFENDANTS' PROPOSED JUDGMENT
15	et al.,	
16	Respondents-Defendants.	Action Filed: May 27, 2020
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	PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTIONS TO DEFENDANTS' PROPOSED JUDGMENT	

In accordance with Rule 3.1590  $(j)^1$  of the California Rules of Court, Petitioners-Plaintiffs Franklin Armory, Inc. and the California Rifle & Pistol Association, Inc. hereby submit their objections to Defendants' Proposed Judgment.

### **Objection No.1**

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Plaintiffs object to an order, adjudication, or decree "that plaintiff take nothing as against defendants" ([Proposed] Judgment, p. 2, lines 2-3) to the extent that adoption of Defendants' Proposed Judgment as drafted would foreclose Plaintiffs' ability to request or recover attorneys' fees, even though they contend that they are entitled to an attorneys' fees under the catalyst theory. (See Tipton-

Whittingham v. City of Los Angeles (2004) 34 Cal. 4th 604, 608 ["California law continues to recognize the catalyst theory and does not require "a judicially recognized change in the legal relationship between the parties" as a prerequisite for obtaining attorney fees under Code of Civil Procedure section

1021.5."]). No fee motion has yet been before the Court and the Court has issued no order that Plaintiffs shall take "nothing" as against Defendants.

Plaintiffs thus respectfully request that the Court strike the proposed language "that plaintiff take nothing as against defendants." They further request that any adopted judgment include the following or similar language making clear that Plaintiffs are not barred from seeking attorneys' fees:

Nothwithstanding entry of this Judgment of Dismissal, this court's jurisdiction to determine whether Plaintiffs are entitled to recover attorneys' fees and in what amount shall be retained. Entitlement to and the appropriate amount of attorneys' fees will be determined on noticed motion to be submitted to the Court in accordance with the California Rules of Court.

# **Objection No. 2**

Plaintiffs further object to an order, adjudication, or decree that Defendants recover costs in any amount. ([Proposed] Judgment, p. 2, lines 3-4.) The Court's order granting Defendants' motion for summary judgment does not grant costs to Defendants and Defendants have provided no documentation

<sup>1</sup> Subsection (j) reads "Any party may, within 10 days after service of the proposed judgment, serve and file objections thereto." Plaintiff was served with the State's proposed judgment on July 11, 2024, and thus had until Monday, July 22 to submit objections. Nonetheless, this Court entered

judgement on July 12, 2024, which Plaintiff received in the mail on July 16. Plaintiff now submits these objections for the sake of the record on appeal.

detailing the amount of costs they would be entitled to. In order to obtain a costs award, the prevailing 1 2 party must serve and file a memorandum of costs. (Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.1700, subd. (a).) 3 Moreover, the "costs bill" generally must be filed together with a proposed judgment of dismissal or after securing entry of judgment pursuant to the California Rules of Court. (Boonyarit v. Payless 4 5 Shoesource, Inc. (2006) 145 Cal.App.4th 1188, 1192-1193, quoting Sanabria v. Embrey (2001) 92 6 Cal.App.4th 422, 426, fn. 2 ["[Bjecause there must be a dismissal or judgment entered as a predicate to a 7 costs award, '[a]pparently, the memorandum of costs must be filed together with a proposed judgment of dismissal'..."].) Defendants' failure to do that here makes any award of costs untimely and improper. 8

What's more, Defendants have cited no statutory right to recover costs. It is Plaintiffs' position
that Defendants are not entitled to any such recovery in this action, in part, because they are not the
"prevailing party" for purposes of claiming prejudgment costs. As alluded to in the first objection,
Plaintiffs have at least partially prevailed in this case, given this lawsuit forced Defendants to modify the
Dealers Record of Sale Entry System as Plaintiffs demanded. The issue of Defendants' entitlement to
costs and in what amount should thus be decided only after Defendants have duly filed and noticed a
memorandum of costs, providing Plaintiffs the opportunity to strike and tax at least those costs related to
their claims that were mooted by Defendants' actions in response to this lawsuit.

Plaintiffs hereby request the Court strike the following language from Defendants' Proposed Judgment: "Defendants shall recover from plaintiff costs of suit, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure sections 1032 and 1033.5."

#### Objection No. 3

Finally, Plaintiffs object that the proposed judgment does not clearly dispose of the entire case. It references only this Court's summary judgment ruling which dealt with only the remaining causes of action after several others were dismissed through previous motions. "Ordinarily, there can be only one final judgment in an action and that judgment must dispose of all the causes of action pending between the parties." (*H.D. Arnaiz, Ltd. v. Cnty. of San Joaquin* (2002) 96 Cal. App. 4th 1357, 1366.) Any judgment this Court adopts should clearly dispose of the entire case so that the case is not remanded on technical grounds for a more complete judgment.

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# PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTIONS TO DEFENDANTS' PROPOSED JUDGMENT

### 1 Conclusion

For the foregoing reasons, Plaintiffs object to Defendants' Proposed Judgment of Dismissal and respectfully ask this Court to strike the objectionable material and insert language preserving Plaintiffs' right to seek attorneys' fees under the catalyst theory. Alternatively, pursuant to rule 3.1590, subdivision (k), of the California Rules of Court, Plaintiffs request a hearing regarding Defendants' Proposed Judgment and Plaintiffs' objections thereto.

Date: July 16, 2024

#### MICHEL & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

<u>s/ Anna M. Barvir</u> Anna M. Barvir Attorneys for Petitioner-Plaintiff

1	PROOF OF SERVICE		
2	STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES		
3 4	I, Laura Palmerin, am employed in the City of Long Beach, Los Angeles County, California. I am over the age eighteen (18) years and am not a party to the within action. My business address is 180 East Ocean Boulevard, Suite 200, Long Beach, California 90802.		
5 6	On July 16, 2024, I served the foregoing document(s) described as		
7	PLAINTIFF'S OBJECTIONS TO DEFENDANTS' PROPOSED JUDGMENT		
8 9 10	on the interested parties in this action by placing [ ] the original [X] a true and correct copy thereof by the following means, addressed as follows:		
<ol> <li>9</li> <li>10</li> <li>11</li> <li>12</li> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> </ol>	[X] a true and correct copy		
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PROOF OF SERVICE