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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

CALIFORNIA RIFLE & PISTOL ASSOCIATION, INCORPORATED; THE SECOND AMENDMENT FOUNDATION; GUN OWNERS OF AMERICA, INC.; GUN OWNERS FOUNDATION; GUN OWNERS OF CALIFORNIA, INC.; ERICK VELASQUEZ, an individual; CHARLES MESSEL, an individual; BRIAN WEIMER, an individual; CLARENCE RIGALI, an individual; KEITH REEVES, an individual; CYNTHIA GABALDON, an individual; and STEPHEN HOOVER, an individual,

Plaintiffs,

v.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY SHERIFF’S DEPARTMENT; SHERIFF ROBERT LUNA, in his official capacity; LA VERNE POLICE DEPARTMENT; LA VERNE CHIEF OF POLICE COLLEEN FLORES, in her official capacity; ROBERT BONTA, in his official capacity as Attorney General of the State of California, and DOES 1-10,

Defendants.

Case No. 2:23-cv-10169-SPG (ADSx)

**ORDER ENTERING PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION**

1 On August 20, 2024, this Court issued an Order on Plaintiffs’ Motion for Preliminary  
2 Injunction (ECF No. 52 (“PI Order”)), which granted in part and denied in part Plaintiffs’  
3 Motion for a Preliminary Injunction. The Court further ordered that “[w]ithin thirty (30)  
4 calendar days of th[e] Order,” Plaintiffs must confer with Defendant Robert Bonta  
5 (“Defendant Bonta”) and Defendant Los Angeles County Sheriff’s Department and  
6 Defendant Sheriff Luna (together, “Los Angeles Defendants”) to submit a proposed order  
7 entering the preliminary injunction consistent with [the PI Order].” (PI Order at 44). On  
8 September 19, 2024, the Plaintiffs, Los Angeles Defendants, and Defendant Bonta filed a  
9 Joint Statement regarding the Proposed Preliminary Injunction Order (ECF No. 56  
10 (“Notice”)), notifying the Court that, while Plaintiffs and the Los Angeles Defendants  
11 “reached an agreement” related to the “language in the proposed order relevant to them,”  
12 Plaintiffs and Defendant Bonta “continue to work toward an agreement on a few remaining  
13 terms” in the proposed order. Notice at 2. The Parties requested an extension until  
14 September 23, 2024, to have more time “to work toward to an agreement” and submit a  
15 proposed order to the Court. (*Id.* at 2). On September 23, 2024, the Plaintiffs submitted a  
16 Proposed Order as directed in the Court’s PI Order. (ECF No. 57).

17 The Court, having reviewed the Proposed Order, accordingly ORDERS, as to  
18 Defendant Bonta:

- 19 1. Residents of states and US territories besides California, who are:
  - 20 a. members of the California Rifle & Pistol Association, Incorporated,  
21 Gun Owners of America, Inc., Gun Owners of California, Inc., or The  
22 Second Amendment Foundation, and;
  - 23 b. who are not otherwise prohibited from possessing firearms under  
24 federal or California law,  
25 upon proof of such membership, are entitled under this Order to apply for a  
26 California concealed handgun license as provided for under Penal Code  
27 sections 26150 through 26235, except that such applicants shall not be eligible  
28 for the licenses described in sections 26150(b)(2), 26155(b)(2), and 26170.

1 These qualifying nonresident prospective applicants are referred to as  
2 “Nonresident Applicants” throughout the remainder of this Order.

- 3 2. California Penal Code sections 26150(a)(3) and 26155(a)(3) will not apply to  
4 Nonresident Applicants. Rather, Nonresident Applicants must apply with the  
5 sheriff (per Penal Code section 26150) or chief of police (per Penal Code  
6 section 26155) (collectively “Local Issuing Authority(ies)”) of a California  
7 jurisdiction in which they intend to spend time within the subsequent twelve  
8 (12) months and attest to that intention under oath in the application.
- 9 3. Nonresident Applicants may present a valid driver’s license or valid  
10 identification card issued by the Nonresident Applicant’s state of residence,  
11 in lieu of a valid California driver’s license or identification card, in  
12 connection with California Penal Code sections 26150(a)(2) or 26155(a)(2).  
13 Where a Nonresident Applicant’s driver’s license or identification card does  
14 not set forth the applicant’s current address, the applicant can, consistent with  
15 the policy for state resident applicants, submit other reliable documentation,  
16 including current utility bills, a current out-of-state concealed carry weapon  
17 (“CCW”) license with a correct address, or other reasonable indicia of  
18 ongoing residency matching the address provided on the application.
- 19 4. All California statutes and provisions of law set forth in Penal Code section  
20 26202(a) shall be construed to include comparable statutes and provisions of  
21 law of the Nonresident Applicant’s home state.
- 22 5. To satisfy California Penal Code sections 26150(a)(4) or 26155(a)(4),  
23 Nonresident Applicants must complete a training course that meets the criteria  
24 set forth in section 26165(a)(1)-(3) and (5)-(6), and section (b), as it pertains  
25 to the Local Issuing Authority where the Nonresident Applicant applies. If  
26 the Local Issuing Authority where the Nonresident Applicant applies has not  
27 approved of any online training courses, a Nonresident Applicant may  
28 complete an online training course approved by any other Local Issuing

1 Authority instead. For the live-fire shooting exercises required by section  
2 26165(a)(6), Nonresident Applicants shall complete live-fire shooting  
3 exercises for each handgun they intend to carry in California. A Nonresident  
4 Applicant shall inform the Local Issuing Authority where the applicant  
5 applies of the live-fire course the applicant intends to complete, and the Local  
6 Issuing Authority shall either approve such course or suggest an alternative  
7 acceptable course within 75 miles of the applicant's residence.

- 8 6. California Penal Code sections 26150(a)(5), 26155(a)(5), and 26162 will not  
9 apply to Nonresident Applicants. Rather, Nonresident Applicants must  
10 identify on the application by make, model, and serial number the handguns  
11 capable of being concealed upon the person that they intend to carry in  
12 California, and such handguns must be listed on the license to be validly  
13 carried in California. Identification of a handgun that cannot lawfully be  
14 carried in California shall be cause for denial of a license as to that handgun.  
15 Nonresident Applicants may seek to amend the list of firearms identified on  
16 their licenses in the same manner as California residents.
- 17 7. A Nonresident Applicant may choose to complete the interview required by  
18 California Penal Code section 26202(b)(1) virtually in lieu of in person, so  
19 long as the applicant appears by video and audio.
- 20 8. In addition to the means set forth in California Code of Regulations, title 11,  
21 section 4420, Nonresident Applicants may submit their fingerprints on an FBI  
22 form FD-258 fingerprint card to satisfy the requirements of California Penal  
23 Code section 26185.
- 24 9. Upon approval of a Nonresident Applicant's application, the concealed  
25 handgun license shall be mailed to the address provided on the application.
- 26 10. If a Local Issuing Authority has opted to require a psychological examination  
27 before issuing a concealed handgun license, the Local Issuing Authority shall  
28 either conduct such examination virtually for a Nonresident Applicant, so long

1 as the applicant appears by video and audio, or approve an examination  
2 provider located within 75 miles of the applicant’s residence.

3 11. Other than as expressly stated in this Order, the statutory criteria and processes  
4 for applying for a California concealed handgun license shall apply to  
5 Nonresident Applicants in the same manner as state resident applicants.

6 12. It shall be the responsibility of Nonresident Applicants, if approved and issued  
7 a permit, to confirm that any handgun they carry in California, in its current  
8 configuration, is legal to possess in the state. It shall also be the responsibility  
9 of Nonresident Applicants to be aware of locations where it is not legal to  
10 carry a firearm in California. Nothing in this Order is intended to make the  
11 issuance of a concealed handgun license a defense to a violation of California  
12 gun laws unrelated to the issues discussed in this Order.

13 13. This Order shall become effective 90 days after its execution. If no separate  
14 application form or process has been instituted at that time, Nonresident  
15 Applicants may use the standard Concealed Handgun License application  
16 form (BOF-4012) or online application portals utilized by the Local Issuing  
17 Authority (such as Permittium) and substitute the Nonresident Applicant’s  
18 information in lieu of California specific information in providing information  
19 on the application. For example, for the portion of the form that asks for a  
20 “CA Driver License No.,” Nonresident Applicants would instead provide the  
21 driver’s license number or identification number issued to them by their state  
22 of residence.

23 14. The California Department of Justice shall distribute a copy of this Order, or  
24 otherwise provide notice of its terms, to all Local Issuing Authorities that  
25 currently issue or shall issue in the future concealed handgun licenses in  
26 California and to all District Attorney offices.

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1 This Court, having reviewed the Proposed Order, further ORDERS, as to the Los  
2 Angeles County Defendants:

- 3 1. Within 30 days of the date of this Order, Defendant Los Angeles County  
4 Sheriff's Department ("LASD") will contact Plaintiff Brian Weimer  
5 ("Plaintiff Weimer") to set up an initial interview and instruct him to conduct  
6 his livescan. As Plaintiff Charles Messel has been issued his concealed  
7 handgun license by LASD, injunctive relief as to him is no longer necessary.
- 8 2. Within 30 days of the completion of Plaintiff Weimer's interview and receipt  
9 of his livescan by LASD, whichever is later, LASD will review Plaintiff  
10 Weimer's file and, if approved to proceed to firearms training, instruct  
11 Plaintiff Weimer to schedule his firearms training.
  - 12 a. The Court recognizes that there can be delays unattributable to LASD  
13 with processing of a proper livescan, such as poor print quality, charges  
14 on a record in or out of State, or delays with the U.S. Department of  
15 Justice. If any incidents delaying review of Plaintiff Weimer's livescan  
16 arise, counsel for LASD will promptly notify counsel for Plaintiff  
17 Weimer and the parties will work cooperatively to resolve the issue,  
18 including stipulating to amend this Order as needed.
- 19 3. Within 30 days of LASD's receipt of proof from Plaintiff Weimer that he  
20 successfully completed his firearms training, LASD will reach a final decision  
21 on and either approve or deny Plaintiff Weimer's application.
- 22 4. Within 30 days of LASD's reaching a final decision on Plaintiff Weimer's  
23 application, if Plaintiff Weimer is approved, his license will be issued.
- 24 5. The deadlines of this Order may be modified by stipulation of the parties for  
25 good cause, including any delay that is caused by Plaintiff Weimer not timely  
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1 completing the actions required of him to obtain his license, such as  
2 completing the livescan and the training course.

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4 **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

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6 DATED: January 22, 2025

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8 HON. SHERILYN PEACE GARNETT  
9 UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE  
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